

# UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA FACULTY OF COMPUTING

## TEST 2

#### **SEMESTER I 2022/ 2023**

SUBJECT CODE : SECJ1013

SUBJECT NAME : PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUE I

YEAR/COURSE : 1 (SECJH/SECVH/SECBH/SECRH/SECPH)

TIME : 8.00 - 10.30 PM

DATE : 10<sup>th</sup> JANUARY 2023 (TUESDAY)

VENUE : MPK1 – MPK10, CGMTL, IDAL – N28

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO THE STUDENTS:**

- This test has **TWO** questions. You must answer all of the questions.
- All references to any resources are **strictly prohibited**.
- You have **TWO HOURS AND THIRTY MINUTES** to complete the test, including downloading the test materials and submitting your programs.
- Your programs must adhere to the input and output requirements specified in the text and demonstrated in the examples. You must test the programs with (but not limited to) all of the input provided in the examples.
- All the COMMENT STATEMENTS in the submitted program WILL NOT BE EVALUATED.

### **EXAM MATERIALS:**

- You are given a compressed file named **Test2\_Resource.zip** that contains a source code file with errors (**Test2Q1.cpp**) for Question 1 and a template file (**Test2Q2.cpp**) for Question 2.
- Download the file **Test2\_Resource.zip** from UTM's e-learning and decompress it to your computer's local hard drive.
- The provided program files should be used as the base for answering the questions in this test.

## **SUBMISSION PROCEDURE:**

- Only source code files (with the extension.cpp) are required for submission.
- Students are required to name the files as **SectionNo\_StudentNameT2Q1.cpp** and **SectionNo\_StudentNameT2Q2.cpp** (eg: 04\_HalimT2Q1.cpp and 04\_HalimT2Q2.cpp)
- Submit the source code through the UTM e-learning system.

This question booklet consists of <u>12 pages</u> INCLUDING this page.

You are given a C++ program (**Test2Q1.cpp**) with 15 errors (syntax errors and/ or logical errors, if any). The program is a Noughts & Crosses or Xs and Os game designed for two (2) players. It has four (4) user-defined functions as listed below:

<b>Function Name</b>	Description		
OneUntilNine	To validate either the input is valid or invalid.		
Display	To display the game board and shows the number of each box.		
WhoWin	To declare the winner either O player wins or X player wins.		
	Determination through the placement of each O or X in the board. If		
	three (3) boxes (O or X) form a line, then the player (O or X) is declared		
	the winner. The game is Draw if all boxes are filled but no line is formed		
	from three (3) boxes.		
Occupied	To check either a box is filled or not with X or O. If the box is filled,		
	then player needed to choose other boxes.		

Study how all of the above functions were used/ called in the main function of the program. You are required to debug the errors, compile, and run the program. You are **NOT ALLOWED** to **remove** any statements in the program. You are only allowed to **update** the statements provided in the program and add a new statement(s) if absolutely necessary. **Table 1** is the three (3) test cases that you can use to test the program to know if you have completely and correctly solved all the bugs.

```
//Test2Q1.cpp
2
                                  #include <iostream>
3
                                 using namespace std;
4
5
                                  int OneuntilNine();
6
                                 Display(char, char, char,
7
                                 bool WhoWin(char, char, 
8
                                 int Occupied(char, char, char, char, char, char, char, char);
9
10
                                 int main() {
11
                                                int move;
12
                                                 char decision;
13
14
                                                 Do {
                                                                char box1 = ' ', box2 = ' ', box3 = ' ', box4 = ' ', box5 = ' ', box6 = ' ',
15
16
                                                                                                box7 = ' ', box8 = ' ', box9 = ' ';
17
18
                                                                 bool endGame = false;
19
                                                                 bool Xplayer = false;
20
                                                                 bool Oplayer = false;
21
                                                                 int boxTransfer;
22
23
                                                                 while (endGame != false) {
24
                                                                                  // Player X move
25
                                                                                  Display(box1, box2, box3, box4, box5, box6, box8, box8, box9);
26
                                                                                 cout << "Player X choose box (1-9): ";</pre>
27
                                                                                 move = OneUntilNine();
28
29
30
                                                                                   Occupied(move,box1,box2,box3,box4,box5,box6,box7,box8,box9);
 31
                                                                                   if (boxTransfer == 1) box1 = 'X';
```

```
32
              else if (boxTransfer == 2) box2 = 'X';
33
              else if (boxTransfer == 3) box3 = 'X';
34
              else if (boxTransfer == 4) box4 = 'X';
3.5
              else if (boxTransfer == 5) box5 = 'X';
              else if (boxTransfer == 6) box6 = 'X';
36
37
              else if (boxTransfer == 7) box7 = 'X';
              else if (boxTransfer == 8) box8 = 'X';
38
39
              else if (boxTransfer == 9) box9 = 'X';
40
41
              Xplayer = WhoWin(box1,box2,box3,box4,box5,box6,box7,box8,box9);
42
              if (Xplayer = true) {
                cout << "\t **PLAYER X WINS!!**" << endl << endl;</pre>
43
44
                Display(box1,box2,box3,box4,box5,box6,box7,box8,box9);
4.5
                endGame = true;
46
                break;
47
48
49
              if (box1!=' ' && box2!=' ' && box3!=' ' && box4!=' ' && box5!=' '
              && box6!=' ' && box7!=' ' && box8!=' ' && box9!=' ') {
50
51
                cout << "\t **DRAW!!**" << endl << endl;</pre>
52
                 Display (box1, box2, box3, box4, box5, box6, box7, box8, box9);
53
                endGame = true;
54
55
56
              // Player O move
57
              Display(box1,box2,box3,box4,box5,box6,box7,box8,box9);
58
              cout << "Player O choose box (1-9): ";</pre>
59
             move = OneUntilNine();
60
61
              boxTransfer =
              Occupied(move,box1,box2,box3,box4,box5,box6,box7,box8,box9);
62
              if (boxTransfer == 1)
63
                                          box1 = '0';
              else if (boxTransfer == 2) box2 = '0';
64
              else if (boxTransfer == 3) box3 = '0';
65
66
              else if (boxTransfer == 4) box4 = '0';
              else if (boxTransfer == 5) box5 = '0';
67
68
              else if (boxTransfer == 6) box6 = '0';
              else if (boxTransfer == 7) box7 = '0';
69
70
              else if (boxTransfer == 8) box8 = '0';
71
             else if (boxTransfer == 9) box9 = '0';
72
73
             Oplayer = WhoWin(box1,box2,box3,box4,box5,box6,box7,box8,box9);
74
              if (Oplayer = true) {
75
                cout << "\t **PLAYER O WINS!!**" << endl << endl;</pre>
76
                Display (box1, box2, box3, box4, box5, box6, box7, box8, box9);
77
                endGame = true;
78
                break;
79
80
81
             if (box1!=' ' && box2!=' ' && box3!=' ' && box4!=' ' && box5!=' '
              && box6!=' ' && box7!=' ' && box8!=' ' && box9!=' ') {
82
                cout << "\t **DRAW!!**" << endl <<endl;</pre>
83
84
                Display (box1, box2, box3, box4, box5, box6, box7, box8, box9);
85
                endGame = true;
86
                break;
87
              }
88
           }
89
90
           cout << "Do you want to play again?? (Yes for any key and N/n for NO):
           ";
91
92
           cin >> decision;
93
        } while (decision != 'n' || decision != 'N');
94
95
        cout << "\t **BYE**" << endl << endl;</pre>
96
        return 0;
97
98
     int OneUntilNine() {
99
```

```
100
        int input;
101
102
        while (!(cin >> input) || input < 1 || input > 9) {
103
          cin.clear();
          cin.ignore(99,'\n');
104
105
          cout << " *Wrong input. Try again: ";</pre>
106
107
        return;
108
109
110
     void Display(char box1, char box2, char box3, char box4, char box5, char
111
     box6,char box7,char box8,char box9) {
112
        cout << endl << "Noughts & Crosses";</pre>
        cout << "\t Numbers that represent each box" << endl;</pre>
113
114
        cout << " +---+--+" << "\t\t\t +---+--+" << endl;
        cout << " | "<<box1<<" | " << box2 << " | " << box3 << " | " << "\t\t
115
        1 | 2 | 3 |" << endl;
116
        cout << " +---+---+" << "\t\t\t +---+---+" << endl;
117
        cout << " | "<<box4<<" | " << box5 << " | " << box6 << " | " << "\t\t
118
119
        4 | 5 | 6 |" << endl;
                   +---+" << "\t\t\t
120
        cout << "
                                              +---+" << endl;
        cout << " | "<<box7<<" | " << box8 << " | " << box9 << " | " << "\t\t
121
122
        7 | 8 | 9 |" << endl;
123
        cout << " +---+--+" << "\t\t\t +---+--+" << endl << endl;
124
125
126
     int Occupied(char move, char box1, char box2, char box3, char box4, char
127
     box5, char box6, char box7, char box8, char box9) {
128
        bool infinity == true;
129
130
        while (infinity == true) {
131
           if (move == 1 && box1 == ' ')
132
             return 1;
133
           else if (move == 1 && box1 != ' ') {
134
            cout << "Already used. Choose again: ";</pre>
135
             move = OneUntilNine();
136
137
          if (move == 2 && box2 == ' ')
138
             return 2;
139
           else if (move == 2 && box2 != ' ') {
140
             cout << "Already used. Choose again: ";</pre>
141
             move = OneUntilNine();
142
143
          if (move == 3 && box3 == ' ')
144
             return 3;
145
           else if (move == 3 && box3 != ' ') {
146
            cout << "Already used. Choose again: ";</pre>
147
             move = OneUntilNine();
148
149
          if (move == 4 && box4 == ' ')
150
             return 4;
           else if (move == 4 && box4 != ' ') {
151
152
             cout << "Already used. Choose again: ";</pre>
153
             move = OneUntilNine();
154
155
          if (move == 5 && box5 == ' ')
156
             return 5;
157
           else if (move == 5 && box5 != ' ') {
158
             cout << "Already used. Choose again: ";</pre>
159
             move = OneUntilNine();
160
161
           if (move == 6 && box6 == ' ')
162
             return 6;
           else if (move == 6 && box6 != ' ') {
163
             cout << "Already used. Choose again: ";</pre>
164
165
             move = OneUntilNine();
166
           if (move == 7 && box7 == ' ')
167
```

```
168
             return 7;
169
           else if(move == 7 && box7 != ' ') {
           cout >> "Already used. Choose again: ";
170
171
             move = OneUntilNine();
172
173
          if (move == 8 && box8 == ' ')
174
            return 8;
175
           else if (move == 8 && box8 != ' ') {
176
            cout << "Already used. Choose again: ";</pre>
177
             move = OneUntilNine();
178
179
          if (move == 9 && box9 == ' ')
180
             return 9;
181
           else if (move == 9 && box9 != ' ') {
182
            cout << "Already used. Choose again: ";</pre>
183
             move = OneUntilNine();
184
185
        return 'E'; //error!
186
187
188
189
     bool WhoWin(char box1, char box2, char box3, char box4, char box5, char box6, char
190
     box7, char box8, char box9) {
191
        if (box1 != ' ' && box1 == box2 && box1 == box3)
                                                              return true;
192
        else if (box4 != ' ' && box4 == box5 && box4 == box6) return true;
        else if (box7 != ' ' && box7 == box8 && box7 == box9) return true;
193
        else if (box1 != ' ' && box1 == box4 && box1 == box7) return true;
194
        else if (box2 != ' ' && box2 == box5 && box2 == box8) return true;
195
        else if (box3 != ' ' && box3 == box6 && box3 == box9) return true;
196
        else if (box1 != ' ' && box1 == box5 && box1 == box9) return true;
197
       else if (box3 != ' ' && box3 == box5 && box3 == box7) return true;
198
199
        return true;
200
```

**Table 1:** Test cases to run and test the program (user inputs are shown in **bold** text)

```
TEST CASE 1 (X player wins)
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+---+
                      +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 1
Noughts & Crosses Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                      +---+
 | X | | |
                      | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                      +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 2
Noughts & Crosses
                 Numbers that represent each box
                      +---+
 +---+
 | X | O | |
                      | 1 | 2 | 3 |
                      +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
                      +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 3
Noughts & Crosses Numbers that represent each box
```

```
+---+
                           +---+
 | X | O | X |
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
                          +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                           +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 3
Already used. Choose again: 5
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
 | X | O | X |
                           | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
                          +---+
 +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                           +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 4
Noughts & Crosses
                    Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
 | X | O | X |
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | X | O | |
                           | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                           +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 6
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
 | X | O | X |
                           | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
 | X | O | O |
                          | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                          +---+
                           | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                          +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 7
      **PLAYER X WINS!!**
Noughts & Crosses
                    Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
 | X | O | X |
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | X | O | O |
                           | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 | X | | |
                           | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                          +---+
Do you want to play again?? (Yes for any key and N/n for NO): N
      **BYE**
TEST CASE 2 (O player wins)
Noughts & Crosses
                    Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                          +---+
 1 1 1 1
                           | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                           | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                          +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 1
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
 +---+
```

```
| X | |
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
                          +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 1 1 1 1
                          | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                          +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 2
Noughts & Crosses Numbers that represent each box
                         +---+
 | X | O | |
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
Player X choose box (1-9): 3
Noughts & Crosses
                    Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 | X | O | X |
                          +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
                          +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 5
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
 | X | O | X |
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
 | | 0 | |
                          | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                          +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 7
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
                    +---+
 +---+
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 | X | O | X |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | | 0 | |
                          | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
 | X | | |
                          | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                          +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 8
      **PLAYER O WINS!!**
Noughts & Crosses
                    Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
                          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 | X | O | X |
 +---+
                          +---+
 | | 0 | |
                          | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                          | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 | X | O | |
                          +---+
Do you want to play again?? (Yes for any key and N/n for NO): Y
Noughts & Crosses
                    Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                          +---+
 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
```

```
| 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
Player X choose box (1-9):
TEST CASE 3 (Draw)
                Numbers that represent each box
Noughts & Crosses
 +---+
                         +---+
 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                         +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                         +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+---+
                         +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 1
Noughts & Crosses Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                         +---+
 | X | | |
                         | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                         +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                         +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 2
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
 +---+
                         +---+
 | X | O | |
                         | 1 | 2 | 3 |
                         +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
                         | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                         +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 3
Noughts & Crosses Numbers that represent each box
                   +---+
 +---+
 | X | O | X |
                         | 1 | 2 | 3 |
                         +---+
 +---+
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
                         +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                         +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 4
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
 +---+
                         +---+
                         | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 | X | O | X |
 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
                         +---+
 +---+
 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                         +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 7
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
 +---+
                         +---+
 | X | O | X |
                         | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                         +---+
 | 0 | | |
                         | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 +---+
                         +---+
 | X | | |
                         | 7 | 8 | 9 |
Player O choose box (1-9): 5
Noughts & Crosses Numbers that represent each box
```

```
+---+
                           +---+
 | X | O | X |
                           | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                           +---+
 | 0 | 0 | |
                           | 4 | 5 | 6 |
                           +---+
 +---+
 | X | | |
                           | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                            +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 6
Noughts & Crosses Numbers that represent each box
 +---+
                           +---+
 | X | O | X |
                            | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                           | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 | O | O | X |
 +---+
                           +---+
 | X | | |
                           | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                           +---+
Player O choose box (1-9): 9
Noughts & Crosses $\operatorname{\textsc{Numbers}}$ that represent each box
 +---+
                           +---+
 | X | O | X |
                           | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                           +---+
 | O | O | X |
                           | 4 | 5 | 6 |
                           +---+
 +---+
 | X | | O |
                           | 7 | 8 | 9 |
 +---+
                           +---+
Player X choose box (1-9): 8
       **DRAW!!**
                     Numbers that represent each box
Noughts & Crosses
 +---+
                           +---+
 | X | O | X |
                           | 1 | 2 | 3 |
 +---+
                           +---+
                           | 4 | 5 | 6 |
 | O | O | X |
 +---+
                           +---+
 | X | X | O |
                           | 7 | 8 | 9 |
Do you want to play again?? (Yes for any key and N/n for NO): n
      **BYE**
```

Write a complete C++ program that act as a simple Academic Management System. This program should be used by PT1 lecturers. It will prompt the lecturer to enter all student IDs, coursework, and final exam marks. Please write the program using the given template file (**Test2Q2.cpp**). Your program should be able to do the following tasks:

## **Task 1:** Define a function named **getInput**.

(6 marks)

- a) The purpose of this function is to get data from the keyboard for the  $n^{th}$  student.
- b) It accepts an array of student IDs and an array of marks as input parameters.
- c) The user needs to enter the student ID, coursework, and final exam marks into the array received in (b) using the appropriate index.
- d) The function must then update the number of students, every time it is called. *Hint:* Static variable can be used for this purpose.
- e) The function should return the updated number of students calculated in (d).

## **Task 2:** Define a function named calcTotal.

(4 marks)

- a) The purpose of this function is to compute the total mark for the  $n^{th}$  student.
- b) It takes as input parameters an array of marks and an array index to represent the  $n^{\text{th}}$  student.
- c) Calculate the total mark for the  $n^{th}$  student by adding the coursework and final exam marks.
- d) This function should return the calculation result in (c).

#### Task 3: Define a function named deterGrade.

(8 marks)

- a) The purpose of this function is to determine the grade for the  $n^{th}$  student.
- b) It takes as input parameters an array of marks and an array index to represent the  $n^{th}$  student.
- c) Determine the grade for the  $n^{th}$  student using the total mark and the criteria listed in **Table 2**.
- d) This function should return the grade determined in (c).

**Table 2:** Grading criteria

Mark Range	Grade
80 and above	A
60 ≤ Mark < 80	В
45 ≤ Mark < 60	С
$30 \le Mark < 45$	D
Below 30	Е

### Task 4: Define a function named dispLine.

(2.5 marks)

- a) The purpose of this function is to display a line using the 42 characters of '-'.
- b) This is a non-returning function.

c) The function should display the line using a loop.

## **Task 5:** Define a function named **dispOutput**.

**(19 marks)** 

- a) The purpose of this function is to display output as shown in **Figure 1**.
- b) This is a non-returning function.
- c) It accepts as input parameters an array of student IDs, an array of marks, an array of grades, and the number of students.
- d) Determine the highest and lowest marks.
- e) Then, calculate the average of total marks.
- f) This function should display the student ID, coursework, final exam, total marks and grades of all students, the highest and lowest marks determined in (d), and the average total mark calculated in (e). You should invoke the displine function.

  Figure 1 shows an example of program output.

# **Task 6:** Define a main function to perform the following tasks:

(10.5 marks)

- a) Define three arrays:
  - A one-dimensional or two-dimensional array used to store a list of student IDs.
  - A two-dimensional array with three columns for storing a list of student marks. The first column contains the list of coursework marks, the second column contains the list of final exam marks, and the third column contains the total marks.
  - A one-dimensional array for storing a list of student grades.
- b) Use an appropriate **LOOP** to execute the process in this function. The loop will be repeated when the user press '**Y**' or '**y**'.
- c) The function must call the functions defined in Tasks 1 until Task 3 and Task 5 to produce the output shown in **Figure 1**. The values in **bold** in **Figure 1** are the user inputs.

<b>Task 7:</b> You must ensure that	your program meet	t the following criteria:	(15 marks)
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- a) The program is able to run and generate a correct output. (5 marks)
- b) Using an appropriate structure for the program:
  - Applying proper styles, e.g. indentation and comments (2 marks)
  - All required header files are included. (1 mark)
  - All required variables are declared and properly initialized. (5 marks)
  - The function main is properly written. (2 marks)

```
Matrics No.: A22CS4007
Coursework (max. 65): 25.1
Final Exam (max. 35): 3.6
Press 'Y' or 'y' to continue: {\bf Y}
Matrics No.: A22CS0157
Coursework (max. 65): 63.6
Final Exam (max. 35): 25.9
Press 'Y' or 'y' to continue: y
Matrics No.: A22CS0104
Coursework (max. 65): 47.5
Final Exam (max. 35): 15.3
Press 'Y' or 'y' to continue: Y
Matrics No.: A22CS4005
Coursework (max. 65): 39.7
Final Exam (max. 35): 2.4
Press 'Y' or 'y' to continue: {f y}
Matrics No.: A22CS0079
Coursework (max. 65): 43.3
Final Exam (max. 35): 11.6
Press 'Y' or 'y' to continue: Y
Matrics No.: A22CS0084
Coursework (max. 65): 59.1
Final Exam (max. 35): 22.2
Press 'Y' or 'y' to continue: {\boldsymbol y}
Matrics No.: A22CS0137
Coursework (max. 65): 46.3
Final Exam (max. 35): 12.2
Press 'Y' or 'y' to continue: n
Results of SECJ1013 for 7 students
1) A22CS4007 25.1 3.6 28.7 E
2) A22CS0157 63.6 25.9 89.5 A
3) A22CS0104 47.5 15.3 62.8 B
4) A22CS4005 39.7 2.4 42.1 D
5) A22CS0079 43.3 11.6 54.9 C
6) A22CS0084 59.1
                       22.2 81.3 A
7) A22CS0137 46.3 12.2 58.5 C
Highest mark: 89.5 (A22CS0157)
Lowest mark : 28.7 (A22CS4007)
Average mark: 59.6857
```

**Figure 1:** Example output of the program