

CIS5200 Term Project Tutorial



Authors: Nanjesh Mandya Ramesh, Monish Phatarpekar, Goutham Raj Ganesan and

Sowrabh Shanthanand

Instructor: Jongwook Woo

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Lab Tutorial

nmandya@calstatela.edu
mphatar@calstatela.edu
gganesa@calstatela.edu
sshanth@calstatela.edu
05/05/2019

<u>Data Analysis of Census Block Group American Community Survey</u>
<u>Data</u>

Objectives

In this hands-on lab, you will learn how to:

- Uploaded the dataset for US Census Group Survey
- HiveQL queries to perform the analysis
- Visualization in Power BI, Tableau and 3D map

Platform Spec

- Oracle Big Data Compute Edition
- CPU Speed: 2.195 GHz
- # of CPU cores: 4 cores, 1 Socket
- # of nodes: 6 nodes
- Total Memory Size: 32GB

INTRODUCTION

A Census Block Group (CBG) is the most granular level the US Census Bureau reports data on, and covers ~1500 households.

We include all demographic data from the American Community Survey (2016) 5-year estimate on the Census Block Group level.

The data includes

- All census block group boundaries formatted as a GeoJSON file.
- Census attribute tables identified by their Census table ID
- Metadata mapping attribute names to a table ID, census block groups to cities and counties, and census block groups to geographic statistics such as percentage land and water.

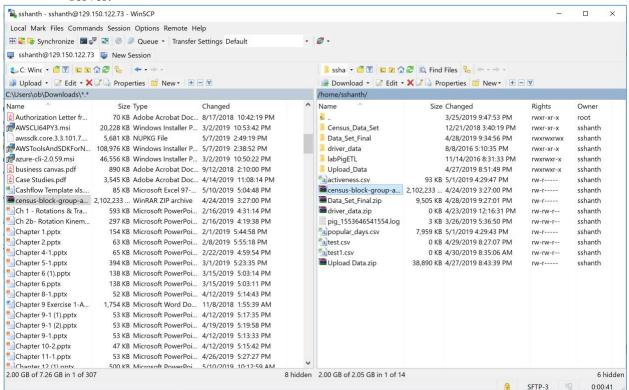
Step 1: Upload Dataset to server

Server IP: 129.150.122.73

• Download the dataset from the url:

https://www.kaggle.com/safegraph/census-block-group-american-community-survey-data

 Use the software WinSCP to upload the dataset safegraph_open_census_data.zip of size 2GB from local system to oracle server.



• Use the command unzip census-block-group-american-community-survey-data.zip to extract the files as a csv format.

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All the data is extract into folder safegraph_open_census_data

Step 2: Uploading data to HDFS

Create folders using **mkdir** command, Change the permission for the file using below command to get full access to the file.

- hdfs dfs -mkdir Census Data
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w.
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Census_Data
- hdfs dfs -mkdir Census Data/Family Income
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Census Data/Family Income
- hdfs dfs -mkdir Census_Data/Geographic_Data
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Census_Data/Geographic_Data
- hdfs dfs -mkdir Census Data/Health Insurance
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Census Data/Health Insurance
- hdfs dfs -mkdir Census_Data/Per_Capita_Income
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Census_Data/Per_Capita_Income
- hdfs dfs -mkdir Census_Data/Poverty_Status
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Census_Data/Poverty_Status
- hdfs dfs -mkdir Census_Data/Sex_Age
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Census_Data/Sex_Age
- hdfs dfs -mkdir Census_Data/Wage_Income
- hdfs dfs -chmod -R o+w Census_Data/Wage_Income

```
🧬 129.150.122.73 - PuTTY
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -ls
                                                0 2019-04-23 20:51 .hiveJars
0 2019-04-17 03:58 .staging
0 2019-04-29 04:56 Census_Data
drwx---w- - sshanth hdfs
drwxr-xrwx - sshanth hdfs
-rw-r--rw- 2 sshanth hdfs
                                            94256 2019-05-01 23:34 activeness.csv
              - sshanth hdfs
- sshanth hdfs
drwxr-xrwx
-rw-r--rw-
              2 sshanth hdfs
                                         8149990 2019-05-01 23:35 popular days.csv
drwxr-xrwx
                                         0 2019-04-23 19:25 tmp
2272077 2019-03-27 00:25 truck_event_text_partition.csv
                2 sshanth hdfs
-rw-r--rw-
-bash-4.1$
```

hdfs dfs -ls

hdfs dfs -ls Census Data

```
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -ls Census_Data
Found 7 items

drwxr-xrwx - sshanth hdfs 0 2019-04-29 04:41 Census_Data/Family_Income

drwxr-xrwx - sshanth hdfs 0 2019-04-28 23:49 Census_Data/Geographic_Data
drwxr-xrwx - sshanth hdfs 0 2019-04-29 04:42 Census_Data/Health_Insurance
drwxr-xrwx - sshanth hdfs 0 2019-04-29 04:43 Census_Data/Per_Capita_Income
drwxr-xrwx - sshanth hdfs 0 2019-04-29 04:43 Census_Data/Per_Capita_Income
drwxr-xrwx - sshanth hdfs 0 2019-04-29 04:44 Census_Data/Sex_Age
drwxr-xrwx - sshanth hdfs 0 2019-04-29 04:45 Census_Data/Sex_Age
- sshanth hdfs 0 2019-04-29 04:45 Census_Data/Wage_Income
```

Use hdfs dfs -put command to upload the data from the Linux server to HDFS

- hdfs dfs -put Family Income,xlsx Census Data/Family Income
- hdfs dfs -put Geographic_Data.xlsx Census_Data/ Geographic_Data
- hdfs dfs -put Health_Insurance.xlsx Census_Data/Health_Insurance
- hdfs dfs -put Per_Capita_Income.xlsx Census_Data/Per_Capita_Income
- hdfs dfs -put Poverty Status.xlsx Census Data/Poverty Status
- hdfs dfs -put Sex Age.xlsx Census Data/Sex Age
- hdfs dfs -put Wage_Income.xlsx Census_Data/Wage_Income

Step 3: Connecting server to HIVE

• Use the command **beeline** to connect with to Hive

!connect jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200spr19-bdcsce-3.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200spr19-bdcsce-4.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181/;serviceDiscoveryMode=zooKeeper;zooKeeperNames pace=hiveserver2?tez.queue.name=interactive bdcsce_admin

```
#29150.12273-PUTTY

-bash-4.1$ beeline

WARNING: Use "yarn jar" to launch YARN applications.

Beeline version 1.2.1000.2.4.2.0-258 by Apache Hive

beeline > !connect jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200spr19-bdcsce-3.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181/;serviceDiscoveryMode=zooKeeper;zooKeeperNamespace=hiveserver2?tez.queue.name=interactive bdcsce_admin

Connecting to jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200spr19-bdcsce-3.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181,cis5200spr19-bdcsce-4.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181/;serviceDiscoveryMode=zooKeeper;zooKeeperNamespace=hiveserver2?tez.queue.name=interactive

Enter password for jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute-608214094.oraclecloud.internal:2181/;serviceDiscoveryMode=zooKeeper;zooKeeperNamespace=hiveserver2?tez.queue.name=interactive: ********

Connected to: Apache Hive (version 1.2.1000.2.4.2.0-258)

Driver: Hive JDBC (version 1.2.1000.2.4.2.0-258)

Transaction isolation: TRANSACTION EEPERTABLE READ

O: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute>

O: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.comput
```

Step 4: Creating Database

• Use **create database** to create a database named group3.

create database group3;

• To view the newly created database use.

Show databases;

Step 5: Creating Tables in Database

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Family_Income (Census_Group BIGINT, Family_Income BIGINT)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/sshanth/Census_Data/Family_Income' TBLPROPERTIES ('skip.header.line.count'='1');

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Health_Insurance (Census_Group BIGINT, Insurance BIGINT)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/sshanth/Census_Data/Health_Insurance' TBLPROPERTIES ('skip.header.line.count'='1');

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Per_Capita_Income (Census_Group BIGINT, Per_Capita_Income BIGINT)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY '.'

STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/sshanth/Census_Data/Per_Capita_Income' TBLPROPERTIES ('skip.header.line.count'='1');

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Poverty_Status (Census_Group BIGINT, Poverty_Status BIGINT)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/sshanth/Census_Data/Poverty_Status' TBLPROPERTIES ('skip.header.line.count'='1');

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Sex_Age (Census_Group BIGINT, Total_Population BIGINT, Male_Population BIGINT, Female_Population BIGINT)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY '.'

STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/sshanth/Census_Data/Sex_Age' TBLPROPERTIES ('skip.header.line.count'='1');

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Wage_Income (Census_Group BIGINT, Total_Income BIGINT, Salaried_Wages BIGINT,Non_Salaried_Wages BIGINT)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/sshanth/Census_Data/Wage_Income' TBLPROPERTIES ('skip.header.line.count'='1');

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Geographic_Data (Census_Group BIGINT, Amount_Land BIGINT, Amount_Water BIGINT, Latitude BIGINT, Longitude BIGINT)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/sshanth/Census_Data/Geographic_Data'
TBLPROPERTIES ('skip.header.line.count'='1');

Step 6: Hive Queries to Analyze Data and the Visualization

The following Hive queries analyses the Census Block Group American Community Survey Data

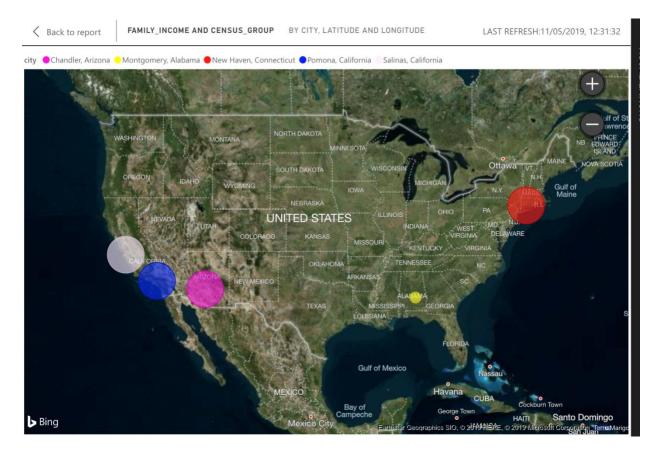
1. Census groups with lowest Family Income

SELECT w.census_group,w.family_income,g.latitude,g.longitude FROM family_income w,geographic_data g where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.family_income != 0 AND w.census_group is not null

ORDER BY w.family_income ASC limit 5;

```
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> SELECT w.census group, w.family income,g.latitude,g.longitude
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> FROM family income w.geographic data g
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> where w.census_group group AND w.family_income != 0
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> AND w.census_group is not null
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> ROBER BY w.family_income ASC limit 5;
INFO : Tez session hasn't been created yet. Opening session
INFO : Dag name: SELECT w.census_group,w.family_income,g...5(Stage-1)
INFO : Bag name: SELECT w.census_group,w.family_income,g...5(Stage-1)
INFO : Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1553492733512_0734)

INFO : Map 1: -/- Map 2: -/- Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 0/1 Map 2: 0/11 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 0/1 Map 2: 0/11/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 0/1 Map 2: 0/11/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
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INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO
```



In the above Map Visualization we have represented the Census Blocks with low family-income. The Census Blocks in Montgomery City, Alabama State (yellow point on the map) has recorded low family-income.

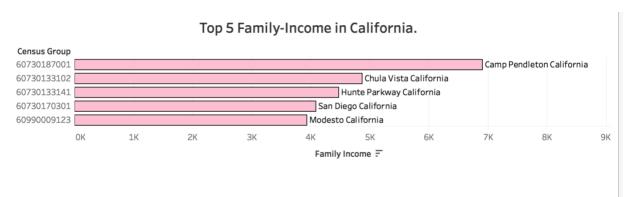
2. Query to find the top 5 Census Blocks with Highest Family Income

SELECT w.census_group,w.family_income,g.latitude,g.longitude
FROM family_income w,geographic_data g
where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.family_income != 0 AND w.census_group is
not null
ORDER BY w.family_income DESC limit 5;

```
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> SELECT w.census_group,w.family_income.g.latitude,g.longitude
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> FROM family_income w.geographic_data g
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> ORDER BY w.family_income DESC limit 5;

INFO : Session is already open
INFO : Dag name: SELECT w.census_group,w.family_income.g...5(Stage-1)
INFO : Dag name: SELECT w.census_group,w.family_income,g...5(Stage-1)
INFO : Tez session was closed. Reopening..
INFO : Session re-established.
INFO : Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1553492733512_0735)

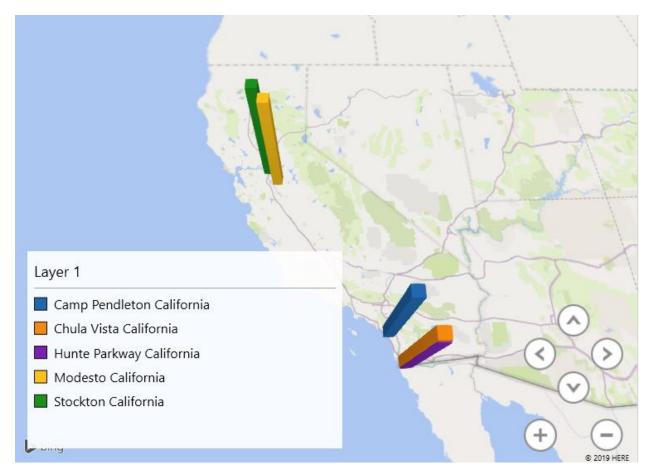
INFO : Map 1: -/- Map 2: -/- Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 0/1 Map 2: 0/11 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 0/1 Map 2: 0/11/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 0/1 Map 2: 0/11/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
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INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 0/11/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
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INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
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INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
IN
```



The above graph shows the Census Blocks in California with highest Family-Income. The census blocks across Camp Pendleton have recorded the family-income of \$6.9k.

3. Query to find the top 5 Census Blocks with Health Insurance

SELECT w.census_group,w.insurance,g.latitude,g.longitude FROM health_insurance w,geographic_data g where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.insurance != 0 AND w.census_group is not null ORDER BY w.insurance DESC limit 5;



In the above 3D-Map representation we have plotted the regions in California with greater Health insurance Coverage. It is observed that Modesto, Stockton, Hunte Park, Chula Vista and Camp Pendleton have people whose health insurance coverage is significantly high.

4. Query to find the bottom 5 Census Blocks with Health Insurance

SELECT w.census_group,w.insurance,g.latitude,g.longitude FROM health_insurance w,geographic_data g where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.insurance != 0 AND w.census_group is not null ORDER BY w.insurance ASC limit 5;

Bottom-5 Regions in the US with Low Health Insurance Coverage (in Thousands)



The above bar graphs represents the regions in which the blocks have lower health insurance coverage. We noticed that the city of Santa Barbara and Turlock had blocks with lower insurance coverage followed by Anniston and Tucson.

5. Query to find the top 5 Census Blocks with Highest Per-Capita-Income

SELECT w.census_group,w.per_capita_income,g.latitude,g.longitude FROM per_capita_income w,geographic_data g where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.per_capita_income != 0 AND w.census_group is not null

ORDER BY w.per_capita_income DESC limit 5;

Los Angeles California
282,430

Atherton California
242,985

La Canada Flintridge California
240,077

San Francisco California
259,794

Western Addition San Francisco California
233,717

Top -5 blocks with Highest Per-Capita Income

This is a tree-map representation wherein the larger the size and darker the color signifies a greater value and vice versa for the smaller value. As per the above visualization the City of Los Angeles has the highest per-capita income of \$282,430 followed by San Francisco \$259,794.

6. Query to find the bottom 5 Census Blocks with Lowest Per-Capita-Income

SELECT w.census_group,w.per_capita_income,g.latitude,g.longitude
FROM per_capita_income w,geographic_data g
where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.per_capita_income != 0 AND w.census_group
is not null

ORDER BY w.per_capita_income ASC limit 5;



In the map representation we can observe the regions with low Per-Capita income. Canon City in Colorado State (red color) has the lowest average earnings per square area followed by Nampa city in Idaho and Tucker city in Arkansas state.

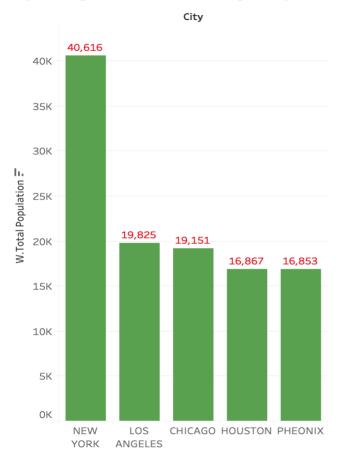
7. Query to find the top 5 Census Blocks with Highest Population

SELECT w.census_group,w.total_population,g.latitude,g.longitude FROM Sex_Age w,geographic_data g

where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.total_population != 0 AND w.census_group is not null

ORDER BY w.total_population DESC limit 5;

Top-5 Regions in US with High-Population



The above bar graph depicts the highly populated census blocks in the United States. And it is observed that the blocks in the City of New York is densely populated with 40,616 people, followed by Los Angeles which has a population of 19,825.

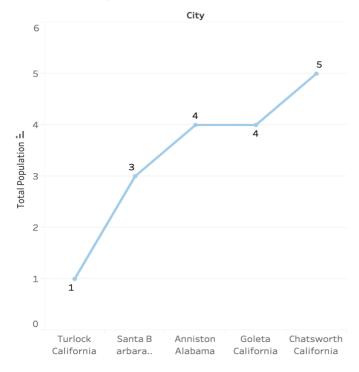
8. Query to find the bottom 5 Census Blocks with Lowest Population

SELECT w.census_group,w.total_population,g.latitude,g.longitude FROM Sex_Age w,geographic_data g

where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.total_population != 0 AND w.census_group is not null

ORDER BY w.total_population ASC limit 5;

Bottom-5 Regions in US with Low-Population



The above line graph represents the low populated census blocks in the United States. And it is observed that the blocks in the City of Turlock has less people per square area which is further followed by Goleta and Chatsworth.

9. Query to find the top 5 Census Blocks with Highest Wage-Income

SELECT w.census_group,w.total_income,g.latitude,g.longitude FROM wage_income w,geographic_data g where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.total_income != 0 AND w.census_group is not null

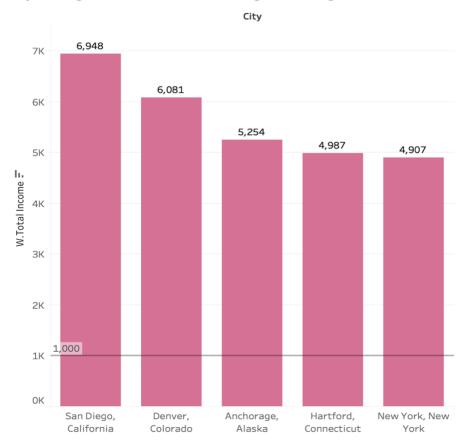
ORDER BY w.total_income DESC limit 5;

```
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> SELECT w.census_group,w.total_income,g.latitude,g.longitude
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> FROM wage_income w.geographic_data g
0: jdbc:hive2://cis5200spr19-bdcsce-2.compute> ORDER BY w.total_income DESC limit 5;

INFO : Session is already open
INFO : Dag name: SELECT w.census_group,w.total_income,g.l...5(Stage-1)
INFO : Dag name: SELECT w.census_group,w.total_income,g.l...5(Stage-1)
INFO : Session re-established.
INFO : Session re-established.
INFO : Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1553492733512_0736)

INFO : Map 1: -/- Map 2: -/- Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 0/1 Map 2: 0/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 0/1 Map 2: 0/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 0/1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
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INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2: 1/1 Reducer 3: 0/1
INFO : Map 1: 1/1 Map 2
```

Top-5 Regions in the US with Highest Wage-Income



The above bar graph represents the Wage-Income corresponding to different regions. It is observed that blocks in San Diego have the highest wage income of \$6948 followed by Denver, Colorado with a wage income of \$6081.

10. Query to find the bottom 5 Census Blocks with Lowest Population

 $SELECT\ w. census_group, w. total_income, g. latitude, g. longitude$

FROM wage_income w,geographic_data g

where w.census_group=g.census_group AND w.total_income != 0 AND w.census_group is not null

ORDER BY w.total_income ASC limit 5;

Bottom-5 Regions in US with Low Wage-Income (in Thousands)

Blackwater, AZ	Muniz, TX 4	Wolf Point, MT 4
Jamestown, TN 4	Yanceyville, NC	

The above tree-map representation depicts the regions with lower wage incomes. It is observed that the cities such as Blackwater(AZ), Muniz(TX), Wolf Point(MT), Jamestown(TN) and Yanceyville(NC) have the lowest wage income.

References

https://github.com/nanjeshgowda/Big-Data-Analysis-on-American-Census-Community-Blocks

https://www.kaggle.com/safegraph/census-block-group-american-community-survey-

data#safegraph open census data.zip