2022 NYCU OS HW2 report

Question Answer I used 10 threads in the multi-thread Q1. (5pts) program, the summation and Briefly describe your design for the add, multiplication implementation are similar multiple function of matrix, the thread to that of single-thread. I made every management. thread in charge of a specific portion rows Also, describe the number of threads in the of the resulting matrix. For example, there Multi-thread program. are 500 rows in our resulting matrix, and we have 10 threads, then every thread will in charge of 50 rows of the calculations of resulting matrix(row0-49 & row50-99...). Q2. (15pts) Single-thread: sh-4.4\$ time ./single_thread < input.txt Try at least 3 kinds of number of threads, and compare the difference in time.(Take screenshots of the time of each case) Also, explain the results. 2-thread: sh-4.4\$ time ./two_thread < input.txt 528950360 6-thread: As you can see, when it is single-thread, the real time is 0.845s, while in 2-thread condition, the real time is 0.451s, and the speed up is about 1.874. When it is 6thread, the real time is 0.329s, which is about 2.568 times faster than the singlethread operation. The result of speed up is because we have multiple CPUs to provide multiple threads

of execution concurrently. However, due to the limitation of CPUs, the speed up is not proportional to the number of threads.

Q3. (10pts)

Show the best speedup between multithread and single-thread. (Take screenshots of the time of single-thread and multithread)

Also, explain why multi-thread is faster.

Single-thread operation:

10-thread operation:

The speed up is 0.845/0.242 = 3.492 Multi-thread is faster because the process utilizes the advantage of multi-processor and splits the process into multiple parts for execution in threads concurrently.