计算机网络实验

实验3:基于UDP服务设计可靠传输协议并编程实现

实验3-1

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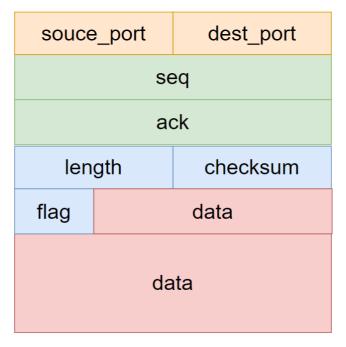
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一、实验要求

- 利用数据报套接字在用户空间实现面向连接的可靠数据传输,功能包括:建立连接、差错检测、确认重传等。流量控制采用停等机制,完成给定测试文件的传输
- 数据报套接字: UDP;
- 建立连接:实现类似TCP的握手、挥手功能;
- 差错检测: 计算校验和;
- 确认重传: rdt2.0、rdt2.1、rdt2.2、rdt3.0等,亦可自行设计协议;
- 单向传输: 发送端、接收端;
- 有必要日志輸出

二、协议设计

(一) 报文结构



1. 对于报文的设计,含有2字节的源端口,2字节的目标端口,4字节的seq,4字节的ack,2字节的长度,2字节的校验和,1字节的标志,若干字节数据。

长度为传输报文时,记录当前报文所传输数据的有效字节数。

2. 对于标志位:

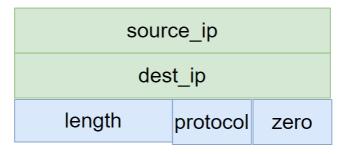


从低到高分别为ACK, SYN, FIN和END。其中END为在传输文件结束后发送报文的标志位。

(二) 校验和计算和验证

(1)伪首部

首先生成伪首部, 伪首部结构如下:



分别为源ip,目标ip,长度,版本号和填充0。

(2)计算校验和

伪首部

报文

```
void setChecksum(msg* message, pseudoHead* ph) {
    //设为0
   message->checksum = 0;
    int sum = 0;
   int len_pseudo = sizeof(pseudoHead);
    int len_msg = sizeof(msg);
    for (int i = 0; i < len_pseudo / 2; i++) {
        sum += ((WORD*)ph)[i];
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < len_msg / 2; i++) {
        sum += ((WORD*)message)[i];
    }
    while (sum >> 16) {
        sum = (sum \& 0xffff) + (sum >> 16);
    }
    message->checksum = ~sum;
};
```

设置校验和的时候,计算伪首部和报文的16位和,取反。

(3)验证校验和

```
bool verfiyChecksum(msg* message, pseudoHead* ph) {
   int sum = 0;
   int len_pseudo = sizeof(pseudoHead);
   int len_msg = sizeof(msg);
   for (int i = 0; i < len_pseudo / 2; i++) {
      sum += ((WORD*)ph)[i];
   }
   for (int i = 0; i < len_msg / 2; i++) {
      sum += ((WORD*)message)[i];
   }
   while (sum >> 16) {
      sum = (sum & 0xffff) + (sum >> 16);
   }
   return sum == 0xffff;
};
```

验证校验和,将生成伪首部,计算伪首部和接收到的报文的16位和,如结果为0xffff,则验证正确。

(三) 三次握手

对于三次握手

(1) 客户端:

- 1. 发送同步报文,标记位为SYN,seq=0,ack=0;
- 2. 开始计时,接收服务器报文,若超时则重传同步报文。
- 3. 判断接收的报文是否为:标志位(SYN, ACK), seq=0, ack=1。若是发送报文:标志位(ACK), seq=1, ack=1。否则返回退出。

(2) 服务器:

- 1. 阻塞,接收客户端报文,如果是SYN,seq=0,ack=0。发送报文:标志位(SYN, ACK), seq=0,ack=1; 否则循环继续等待接收报文。
- 2. 非阻塞, 开始计时, 接收客户端报文, 若超时则重传同步报文。
- 3. 判断接收的报文是否为:标志位(ACK), seq=1, ack=1。若是,建联成功。否则返回退出。

(四) 四次挥手

对于四次挥手

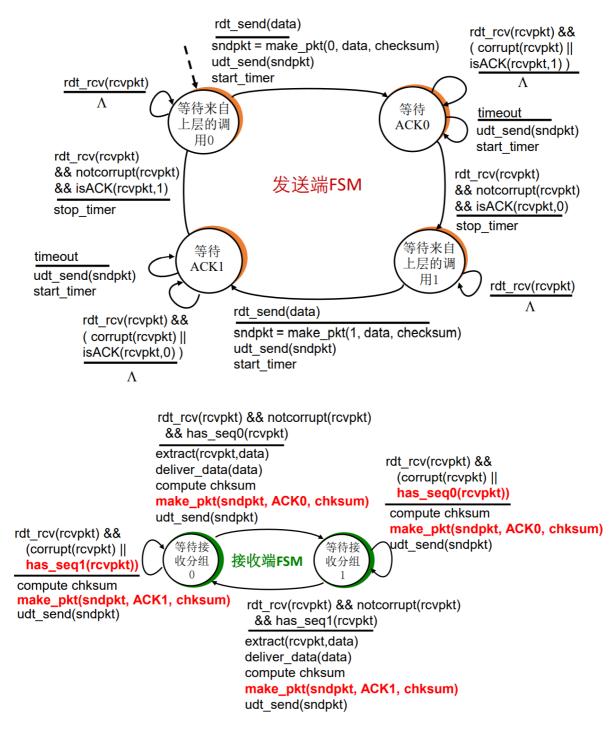
(1) 客户端:

- 1. 发送结束报文,标记位为FIN。
- 2. 开始计时,接收服务器报文,若超时则重传报文。
- 3. 判断接收的报文是否为:标志位(FIN, ACK)。否则继续接收。
- 4. 阻塞,接收报文,判断是否为:标志位(FIN)。若是,发送报文,标志位(FIN, ACK)。否则继续接收。
- 5. 等待2msl,如果收到服务器的FIN报文,重传确定报文。
- 6 返回退出

(2) 服务器:

- 1. 阻塞,接收客户端报文,如果是FIN。发送报文:标志位(FIN,ACK);否则循环继续等待接收报文。
- 2. 无要传输的数据,发送FIN报文。
- 3. 非阻塞,超时重传FIn报文。判断接收的报文是否为(FIN,ACK),如是断开连接。

(五) 可靠数据传输 rdt3.0



单向传输的rdt3.0。维持两个seq号。

由于三次握手的时候使用了0和1.所以将此处的两个seq号设为2和3。

总体来说,客户端在发送完一个seq号的数据后进入该seq号的确定状态。如果超时则重发数据包。或者收到另一个seq的确定后维持状态不变。

而服务器端在收到当前状态的正确seq号的时候会发送该seq号的ack,转换状态。若收到的seq号为另一状态或损坏,则发送其状态的ack。以希望让客户端进入发送下一seq的状态。

三、代码实现

(一) 初始化

以下分别为客户端和服务器的初始化。

```
void init() {
   //Startup
   WSADATA wsadata;
   WORD version;
   version = MAKEWORD(2, 2);
    int result_start;
   result_start = WSAStartup(version, &wsadata);
   if (result_start != 0) {
        cout << "Startup failed" << endl;</pre>
        return;
   }
    //client and server addr
   addr_client.sin_port = htons(port_client);
                                                                 //port
    addr_client.sin_addr.S_un.S_addr = inet_addr(ip_client); //ip addr
    addr_client.sin_family = AF_INET;
    addr_server.sin_port = htons(port_route);
   addr_server.sin_addr.S_un.S_addr = inet_addr(ip_route);
    addr_server.sin_family = AF_INET;
   //creat socket
    sockClient = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0);
   if (sockClient == INVALID_SOCKET) {
        cout << "socket creat failed" << endl;</pre>
        return;
   }
    u\_long imode = 1;
   ioctlsocket(sockClient, FIONBIO, &imode);//非阻塞
   //bind
   int result_bind;
    result_bind = bind(sockClient, (SOCKADDR*)&addr_client,
sizeof(SOCKADDR_IN));
   if (result_bind == SOCKET_ERROR) {
        cout << "bind failed" << endl;</pre>
        return;
    }
    //初始化伪头部
   memset(&ph, 0, sizeof(pseudoHead));
    ph.source_ip = inet_addr(ip_client);
    ph.dest_ip = inet_addr(ip_server);
    cout << "初始化成功,客户端开始建接"<<end1;
```

```
void init() {
    //Startup
    WSADATA wsadata;
    WORD version;
    version = MAKEWORD(2, 2);
    int result_start;
    result_start = WSAStartup(version, &wsadata);
    if (result_start != 0) {
        cout << "Startup failed" << endl;</pre>
        return;
    }
    //client and server addr
    addr_client.sin_port = htons(port_route);
                                                                 //port
    addr_client.sin_addr.S_un.S_addr = inet_addr(ip_route); //ip addr
    addr_client.sin_family = AF_INET;
    addr_server.sin_port = htons(port_server);
    addr_server.sin_addr.S_un.S_addr = inet_addr(ip_server);
    addr_server.sin_family = AF_INET;
    //creat socket
    sockServer = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0);
    if (sockServer == INVALID_SOCKET) {
        cout << "socket creat failed" << endl;</pre>
        return;
    }
    //bind
    int result_bind;
    result_bind = bind(sockServer, (SOCKADDR*)&addr_server,
sizeof(SOCKADDR_IN));
    if (result_bind == SOCKET_ERROR) {
        cout << "bind failed" << endl;</pre>
        return;
    }
    //初始化伪首部
    memset(&ph, 0, sizeof(pseudoHead));
    ph.source_ip = inet_addr(ip_client);
    ph.dest_ip = inet_addr(ip_server);
    cout << "初始化成功,服务器端开始建接" << end1;
}
```

(二) 建立连接

```
bool establishConnect() {
   int len = sizeof(SOCKADDR_IN);
   char recBuffer[sizeof(msg)]; //接收缓冲区
   char sendBuffer[sizeof(msg)]; //发送缓冲区
   memset(recBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
   memset(sendBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
   msg* sed = (msg*)sendBuffer;
   msg* rec = (msg*)recBuffer;
   setSyn(sed);
                     //设置SYN
   sed->seq_num = 0; //设置seq=0
   sed->ack_num = 0; //设置ack=0
   sed->source_port = port_client;
    sed->dest_port = port_server;
   setChecksum(sed, &ph); //设置校验和
   //发送
   sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0, (sockaddr*)&addr_server,
len);
    clock_t start = clock(); //开始计时
   while (recvfrom(sockClient, recBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, &len) <= 0) {</pre>
       if (clock() - start >= MAX_TIME) {
           //超时重传
           sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
           start = clock();
       }
   }
   cout << "客户端:接收到报文(SYN, ACK)" << endl;
   if (isAck(rec) && isSyn(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph)) {
           cout << "客户端:接收报文(SYN, ACK)验证正确" << endl;
           memset(sendBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
           setAck(sed);
                          //设置ack
           sed->seq\_num = 1;
           sed->ack_num = 1;
           sed->source_port = port_client;
           sed->dest_port = port_server;
           setChecksum(sed, &ph);
           sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
       }
    else {
           cout << "客户端:接收报文(SYN, ACK)验证错误" << endl;
```

```
return 0;
}

cout << "客户端: 建立连接成功" << endl;
return true;
};
```

```
bool establishConnect() {
   int len = sizeof(SOCKADDR_IN);
   char recBuffer[sizeof(msg)];
                                  //接收缓冲区
   char sendBuffer[sizeof(msg)]; //发送缓冲区
   msg* sed = (msg*)sendBuffer;
   msg* rec = (msg*)recBuffer;
   memset(recBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
   memset(sendBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
   while (1) {
       //阻塞,接收SYN
       recvfrom(sockServer, recBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0, (sockaddr*)&addr_client,
&len);
       if (isSyn(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph) && rec->seq_num==0) {
           cout << "服务器端: 接收到客户端SYN报文,验证成功" << endl;
           //设置SYN, ACK报文
           setAck(sed);
           setSyn(sed);
           sed->seq\_num = 0;
           sed->ack_num = 1;
           sed->source_port = port_server;
           sed->dest_port = port_client;
           setChecksum(sed, &ph);
           //发送SYN, ACK
           sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
           break;
       }
       else {
           cout << "服务器端: 接收到客户端SYN报文,验证失败" << endl;
           continue;
       }
   }
   //设为非阻塞
   u_long imode = 1;
   ioctlsocket(sockServer, FIONBIO, &imode);//非阻塞
   clock_t start = clock(); //开始计时
```

```
while (recvfrom(sockServer, recBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, &len) <= 0) {</pre>
       // over time
       if (clock() - start >= MAX_TIME) {
            //超时重传
            sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
           cout << "服务器端: 重传报文(SYN, ACK)" << endl;
           start = clock();
       }
    }
   if (isAck(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph)) {
       cout << "服务器端: 接收到客户端报文(SYN, ACK)验证正确" << endl;
   }
   else {
       return false;
   }
   imode = 0;
   ioctlsocket(sockServer, FIONBIO, &imode);//阻塞
    return true;
}
```

(三) 确认重传, rdt3.0

客户端:

打包函数:根据要打包的长度,设置seq,将传输数据打包进报文,返回报文。

```
msg make_pkt( int seq, char * data , unsigned short len ) {
   msg message;
   memset(&message, 0, sizeof(msg));
   message.source_port = port_client;
   message.dest_port = port_server;
   message.length = len;
   message.seq_num = seq;
   memcpy(message.msg, data, len);
                      //伪首部
   pseudoHead ph;
   memset(&ph, 0, sizeof(pseudoHead));
   ph.source_ip = inet_addr(ip_client);
   ph.dest_ip = inet_addr(ip_server);
   setChecksum(&message, &ph); //设置校验和
   return message;
}
```

有限状态机:

• 根据数据的总长度和最大报文数据长度,可以计算需要发送多少包,每个包的数据段长度,将该长度写入报文的length中。

- 在状态机的循环开始处,判断是否已经将所有的包发完并且得到确认。如果是,则发送标志位为 (END)的报文,该报文的数据部分为所要传输的文件的名。并设置超时重传,以保证服务器得到。
- 接收到报文 (END, ACK), 退出。
- 四个状态按照rdt3.0的状态转移。

```
void rdt3_send_FSM(unsigned long length_file ,char * file,char * filename) {
   int packetNUM = int(length_file / Max_Size) + (length_file % Max_Size ? 1 :
0);
    cout << "packetNUM: " << packetNUM << endl;</pre>
   int index = 0;
   int stage = 0;
   int len = sizeof(SOCKADDR_IN);
   int packetDataLen = min(Max_Size, length_file - index * Max_Size);
   char *dataBuffer=new char[Max_Size];
   char *pktBuffer = new char[sizeof(msg)];
    char* recpktBuffer = new char[sizeof(msg)];
   msg sndpkt;
   clock_t start_timer;
   msg* rec = (msg*)recpktBuffer;
    cout << "本次文件数据长度为 " << length_file << "Bytes, 需要传输" <<
packetNUM << "个数据包" << endl;
   while (1) {
        //发送传输结束报文
        if (index == packetNUM) {
            u_long imode = 1;
            ioctlsocket(sockClient, FIONBIO, &imode);//非阻塞
            char* sendBuffer = new char[sizeof(msg)];
            memset(sendBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
           msg *sed = (msg*)sendBuffer;
            setEnd(sed);
            sed->source_port = port_client;
            sed->dest_port = port_server;
            string fn = filename;
            int filename_len = sizeof(fn);
            memcpy(sed->msg, filename, filename_len);
            sed->length = filename_len;
            setChecksum(sed, &ph); //设置校验和
            //发送
            sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
            cout << "客户端: 发送报文(END)" << end1;
           clock_t start_timer = clock(); //开始计时
```

```
while (recvfrom(sockClient, recpktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(\operatorname{sockaddr}^*)_{\operatorname{addr\_server}} = 0 | | !(\operatorname{isEnd}(\operatorname{rec})_{\operatorname{addr\_server}}) 
                // over time
                if (clock() - start_timer >= MAX_TIME) {
                    //超时重传
                    sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
                    cout << "客户端: 发送报文(END),重传" << end1;
                    start_timer = clock();
                }
            }
            if (isEnd(rec)&&isAck(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph) ) {
                cout << "客户端: 接收服务器报文(END, ACK), 文件传输完成" << end1;
                return ;
            }
            else
                continue;
        }
        //传输数据长度
        packetDataLen=min(Max_Size, length_file - index * Max_Size);
        switch (stage) {
            case 0:
                memcpy(dataBuffer, file+index* Max_Size, packetDataLen);
                sndpkt = make_pkt(2, dataBuffer, packetDataLen);
                memcpy(pktBuffer, &sndpkt, sizeof(msg));
                sendto(sockClient, pktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
                start_timer = clock();
                stage = 1;
                cout << "状态0\t发送\tseq:\t2\tindex:\t" << index <<"\tlength:\t"
<< packetDataLen << "\tchecksum:\t"<<sndpkt.checksum << endl;</pre>
                break:
            case 1:
                //超时重传
                if (clock() - start_timer >= MAX_TIME) {
                    sendto(sockClient, pktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
                    cout << "状态1\t发送\tseq:\t2\tindex:\t" << index <<
"\tlength:\t" << packetDataLen << "\tchecksum:\t" << sndpkt.checksum << " (重
传)" << end1;
                    start_timer = clock();
                }
                if (recvfrom(sockClient, recpktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, &len)) {
```

```
if (isAck(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph) && rec->ack_num
== 2) {
                        cout << "状态1\t接收\tack:\t2\tAck:\t" << isAck(rec) <<
"\tlength:\t" << rec->length << "\tchecksum:\t" << rec->checksum << endl;
                        stage = 2;
                        index++;
                        break;
                    }
                }
                break;
            case 2:
                memcpy(dataBuffer, file + index * Max_Size, packetDataLen);
                sndpkt = make_pkt(3, dataBuffer, packetDataLen);
                memcpy(pktBuffer, &sndpkt, sizeof(msg));
                sendto(sockClient, pktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
                cout << "状态2\t发送\tseq:\t3\tindex:\t" << index << "
\tlength:\t" << packetDataLen << " \tchecksum:\t" << sndpkt.checksum << endl;</pre>
                start_timer = clock();
                stage = 3;
                break;
            case 3:
                //超时重传
                if (clock() - start_timer >= MAX_TIME) {
                    sendto(sockClient, pktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
                    cout << "状态3\t发送\tseq:\t3\tindex:\t" << index <<
"\tlength:\t" << packetDataLen << " \tchecksum:\t" << sndpkt.checksum << " (重
传)" << end1;
                    start_timer = clock();
                }
                if (recvfrom(sockClient, recpktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, &len)) {
                   if (isAck(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph) && rec->ack_num
== 3) {
                        cout << "状态3\t接收\tack:\t3\tAck:\t" << isAck(rec) <<
"\tlength:\t" << rec->length << "\tchecksum:\t" << rec->checksum << endl;
                        stage = 0;
                        index++;
                        break;
                    }
                }
                break;
        }
   }
}
```

打包函数:,设置ack,返回报文。

```
msg message;
memset(&message, 0, sizeof(msg));
message.source_port = port_client;
message.dest_port = port_server;
setAck(&message);
message.ack_num = ack;
pseudoHead ph; //伪首部
memset(&ph, 0, sizeof(pseudoHead));
ph.source_ip = inet_addr(ip_client);
ph.dest_ip = inet_addr(ip_server);
setChecksum(&message, &ph); //设置校验和
return message;
}
```

有限状态机:

- 两个状态,在rdt3.0的基础之上,每个状态增加判断接受的包是否为(END)。在该报文中得到所 传输文件的文件名。
- 发送确定报文 (END, ACK)。

```
DWORD rdt3_receive_FSM(char* file,char *filename) {
   int index = 0;
   int stage = 0;
   int len = sizeof(SOCKADDR_IN);
    char* pktBuffer = new char[sizeof(msg)];
    char* recpktBuffer = new char[sizeof(msg)];
    char* sendBuffer = new char[sizeof(msg)];
   DWORD rec_data_len = 0;
   msg* rec = (msg*)recpktBuffer;
   //传输请求
   u_long imode = 0;
    if(ioctlsocket(sockServer, FIONBIO, &imode)==SOCKET_ERROR)
    cout << "error" << endl;</pre>
   bool start_tran = 0;
   while (1) {
        memset(recpktBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
        switch (stage) {
```

```
case 0:
            if (recvfrom(sockServer, recpktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(\operatorname{sockaddr}^*) \& \operatorname{addr\_client}, \& \operatorname{len}) > 0 \& \operatorname{rec->length!=0}) 
            }
            else {
                break;
            }
            if (isEnd(rec)&& start_tran) {
                memcpy(filename, rec->msg, rec->length);
                cout << "传输完毕" << endl;
                memset(sendBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
                msg sed = make_pkt(0);
                setEnd(&sed);
                sed.checksum = 0;
                setChecksum(&sed, &ph);
                memcpy(sendBuffer, &sed, sizeof(msg));
                sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
                cout << "服务器: 发送报文(END, ACK)" << endl;
                return rec_data_len;
            }
            if (rec->seq_num == 3 || !(verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph))) {
                msg sedpkt = make_pkt(3);
                memcpy(sendBuffer, &sedpkt, sizeof(msg));
                sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
                cout << "状态0\t接收\tseq:\t3\t" << end1;
                cout << "状态0\t发送\tack:\t3\ACK:\t" << isAck(&sedpkt) <<
"\tlength:\t" << sedpkt.length << "\tchecksum:\t" << sedpkt.checksum << endl;
                stage = 0;
                cout << "在状态0时收到seq1" << end1;
                break;
            }
            //正确接收
            if (rec->seq_num == 2 && (verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph))) {
                msg sedpkt = make_pkt(2);
                memcpy(sendBuffer, &sedpkt, sizeof(msg));
                sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
                cout << "状态0\t接收\tseq:\t2\tindex:\t" << index << "\tlength:\t"
<< rec->length << "\tchecksum:\t" << rec->checksum << endl;</pre>
                cout << "状态0\t发送\tack:\t2\ACK:\t" << isAck(&sedpkt) <<
"\tlength:\t" << sedpkt.length << "\tchecksum:\t" << sedpkt.checksum << endl;
```

```
memcpy(file + rec_data_len, rec->msg, rec->length);
                rec_data_len += rec->length;
               stage = 1;
               start_tran = 1;
               index++;
               break;
            }
           break;
       case 1:
            recvfrom(sockServer, recpktBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, &len);
           if (isEnd(rec)&& start_tran) {
               memcpy(filename, rec->msg, rec->length);
               cout << "传输完毕" << endl;
               memset(sendBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
               msg sed = make_pkt(0);
               setEnd(&sed);
               sed.checksum = 0;
               setChecksum(&sed, &ph);
               memcpy(sendBuffer, &sed, sizeof(msg));
               sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
               return rec_data_len;
            }
           if (rec->seq_num == 2 || !(verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph))) {
               msg sedpkt = make_pkt(2);
               memcpy(sendBuffer, &sedpkt, sizeof(msg));
               sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
               cout << "状态1\t接收\tseq:\t2\t" << endl;
               cout << "状态1\t发送\tack:\t2\ACK:\t" << isAck(&sedpkt) <<
"\tlength:\t" << sedpkt.length << "\tchecksum:\t" << sedpkt.checksum << endl;
               stage = 1;
               break;
           }
           if (rec->seq_num == 3 && (verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph))) {
               msg sedpkt = make_pkt(3);
               memcpy(sendBuffer, &sedpkt, sizeof(msg));
               sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
```

(四) 四次挥手

```
bool closeConnect() {
   int len = sizeof(SOCKADDR_IN);
   char recBuffer[sizeof(msg)]; //接收缓冲区
   char sendBuffer[sizeof(msg)]; //发送缓冲区
   memset(recBuffer, 0, sizeof(msq));
   memset(sendBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
   msg* sed = (msg*)sendBuffer;
   msg* rec = (msg*)recBuffer;
   //(1)客户端发送FIN报文
   setFin(sed);
                 //设置Fin
   sed->seq_num = 0; //设置seq=0
   sed->ack_num = 0; //设置ack=0
   sed->source_port = port_client;
   sed->dest_port = port_server;
   setChecksum(sed, &ph); //设置校验和
   //发送
   sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0, (sockaddr*)&addr_server,
   cout << "客户端: 发送报文(FIN)" << endl;
   clock_t start = clock(); //开始计时
   //(2)接收确定服务器端的FIN, ACK报文
   while (recvfrom(sockClient, recBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, &len) <= 0) {</pre>
       if (clock() - start >= MAX_TIME) {
           //超时重传
```

```
sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
             cout << "客户端: 发送报文(FIN), 重传" << endl;
             start = clock();
        }
    }
    if (isAck(rec) && isFin(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph)) {
         cout << "客户端: 接收报文(FIN, ACK)验证正确" << endl;
    }
    else {
        return false;
    u_1ong imode = 0;
    ioctlsocket(sockClient, FIONBIO, &imode);//阻塞
    //(3)接收确定服务器端的FIN报文
    while (1) {
         recvfrom(sockClient, recBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0, (sockaddr*)&addr_server,
&len);
         if (isFin(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph)) {
             cout << "客户端: 接收到服务器报文(FIN), 验证正确" << endl;
             break;
         }
    }
    imode = 1;
    ioctlsocket(sockClient, FIONBIO, &imode);//非阻塞
    // (4) 发送FIN, ACK报文
    cleanflag(sed);
    setFin(sed);
    setAck(sed);
    setChecksum(sed, &ph); //设置校验和
    sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0, (sockaddr*)&addr_server,
len);
    cout << "客户端: 发送报文(FIN, ACK)" << endl;
    //等待2MSL
    start = clock(); //开始计时
    while (clock() - start <= 2 * MAX_TIME) {</pre>
         if (recvfrom(sockClient, recBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(\operatorname{sockaddr}^*)_{\operatorname{addr\_server}}^{\operatorname{addr\_server}}, \ _{\operatorname{alen}}) > 0_{\operatorname{addr}}^{\operatorname{addr\_server}}, \ _{\operatorname{alen}}) > 0_{\operatorname{addr}}^{\operatorname{addr\_server}}
             sendto(sockClient, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_server, len);
             cout << "客户端: 发送报文(FIN, ACK),重传" << endl;
         }
    }
    cout << "客户端: 连接关闭" << endl;
```

```
closesocket(sockClient);
return true;
};
```

服务器端:

```
bool closeConnect() {
   int len = sizeof(SOCKADDR_IN);
   char recBuffer[sizeof(msg)];
                                 //接收缓冲区
   char sendBuffer[sizeof(msg)];
                                //发送缓冲区
   memset(recBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
   memset(sendBuffer, 0, sizeof(msg));
   msg* sed = (msg*)sendBuffer;
   msg* rec = (msg*)recBuffer;
   u_long imode = 0;
   ioctlsocket(sockServer, FIONBIO, &imode);//阻塞
   //(1)接收验证客户端的FIN报文。
   while (1) {
       recvfrom(sockServer, recBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0, (sockaddr*)&addr_server,
&len);
       if (isFin(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph)) {
           cout << "服务器: 收到客户端Fin请求,验证正确" << end1;
           break;
       }
   }
   //(2)服务器:设置发送ACK,FIN报文
   setFin(sed);
                     //设置Fin
                     //设置Ack
   setAck(sed);
   sed->seq_num = 0; //设置seq=0
   sed->ack_num = 0; //设置ack=0
   sed->source_port = port_client;
   sed->dest_port = port_server;
   setChecksum(sed, &ph); //设置校验和
   //发送
   sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0, (sockaddr*)&addr_client,
len);
   //剩余数据
   //发送FIN
   cleanflag(sed);
   setFin(sed);
                     //设置Fin
   setChecksum(sed, &ph);
   sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0, (sockaddr*)&addr_client,
len);
```

```
imode = 1;
    ioctlsocket(sockServer, FIONBIO, &imode);//非阻塞
    //接收
    clock_t start = clock(); //开始计时
    while (recvfrom(sockServer, recBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(\operatorname{sockaddr}^*) & \operatorname{addr\_server}, & \operatorname{len}) <= 0 ||!(isAck(rec) & & isFin(rec) & &
verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph)) ) {
        // over time
        if (clock() - start >= MAX_TIME) {
            //超时重传
            sendto(sockServer, sendBuffer, sizeof(msg), 0,
(sockaddr*)&addr_client, len);
            cout << "服务器: 发送报文(FIN), 重传" << endl;
            start = clock();
        }
    }
    if (isAck(rec) && isFin(rec) && verfiyChecksum(rec, &ph)) {
        cout << "服务器: 接收到报文(FIN, ACK),验证正确" << endl;
    }
    else {
       return false;
    }
    cout << "连接关闭" << endl;
    closesocket(sockServer);
    return true;
};
```

(五) 文件读和写

客户端:

• 选择要读文件,文件内容读入缓冲区,获得文件名。

```
cout << "请输入要传输的文件: " << end1;
       int i;
       cin >> i;
       cout << endl;</pre>
       end1;
       if (i == 5) {
           cout << "传输结束 " << endl;
           break;
       }
       switch (i) {
       case 1:
           //filedir = "C:/Users/nan/Desktop/lab3/lab3_1/test file/1.jpg";
           filedir = "test file/1.jpg";
           memcpy(filename, "1.jpg", sizeof("1.jpg"));
           break;
       case 2:
           //filedir = "C:/Users/nan/Desktop/lab3/lab3_1/test file/2.jpg";
           filedir = "test file/2.jpg";
           memcpy(filename, "2.jpg", sizeof("2.jpg"));
           break;
       case 3:
           //filedir = "C:/Users/nan/Desktop/lab3/lab3_1/test file/3.jpg";
           filedir = "test file/3.jpg";
           memcpy(filename, "3.jpg", sizeof("3.jpg"));
           break;
       case 4:
           //filedir = "C:/Users/nan/Desktop/lab3/lab3_1/test
file/helloworld.txt";
           filedir = "test file/helloworld.txt";
           memcpy(filename, "helloworld.txt", sizeof("helloworld.txt"));
           break;
       default:
           //filedir = "C:/Users/nan/Desktop/lab3/lab3_1/test file/1.jpg";
           filedir = "test file/1.jpg";
           memcpy(filename, "1.jpg", sizeof("1.jpg"));
           break;
       }
       ifstream infile(filedir, ifstream::binary);
       if (!infile.is_open()) {
           cout << "无法打开文件" << end1;
           return 0;
       }
       infile.seekg(0, infile.end);
       DWORD fileLen = infile.tellg();
       infile.seekg(0, infile.beg);
       cout<<"传输文件长度: " << fileLen << endl;
       char* fileBuffer = new char[fileLen];
       infile.read(fileBuffer, fileLen);
```

```
infile.close();
cout << "开始传输文件: "<< i << endl;
clock_t start_timer = clock();
rdt3_send_FSM(fileLen, fileBuffer,filename);
clock_t end_timer = clock();
double endtime = (double)(end_timer - start_timer) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
cout << "Total time:" << endtime <<" s" << endl;
cout << "吞吐率: " << fileLen * 8 / endtime / 1024 / 1024 << "Mbps" << endl;
endl;
}</pre>
```

- 获得文件内容和文件名。
- 写入

```
bool tran = 1;
   while (tran) {
      char* fileBuffer = new char[90000000];
      DWORD fileLength = 0;
      char* filename = new char[100];
      memset(filename, 0, 100);
      fileLength = rdt3_receive_FSM(fileBuffer, filename);
      end1;
      cout << endl;</pre>
      //string dir = "C:/Users/nan/Desktop/lab3/lab3_1/rec file/";
      string dir = "rec file/";
      string fn = filename;
      string filenm = dir + fn;
      //写入文件
      ofstream outfile(filenm, ios::binary);
      outfile.write(fileBuffer, fileLength);
      outfile.close();
      cout << "是否继续接受传输(Y/N): ";
      char i;
      cin >> i;
      end1;
      cout << endl;</pre>
      switch (i)
      {
      case 'y':
         tran = 1;
          break;
      case 'n':
          tran = 0;
          break;
      default:
          break;
      }
```

四、程序演示

• (1)



路由器:

ip: 127.0.0.1 端口: 4001;

server:

ip: 127.0.0.1 端口: 4000;

• (2)建立连接

• (3) 传输

| III C:\Users\nan\Desktop\2012948-lab3\程序\Server.exe | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | × |
|---|----------|--------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-------|--|---|---|
| 状态0 | 接收 | seq: | 2 | | | | | | um: | 64743 | | | ^ |
| 状态0 | 发送 | ack: | 2ACK: | | | | checksu | | 56767 | | | | |
| 状态1 | 接收 | seq: | 3 | | | | 8192 | | | 64742 | | | |
| 状态1 | 发送 接收 | ack: | 3ACK: | | | | checksu | | | | | | |
| 状态0 | 接收 | seq: | | index: | | length: | | checks | | 64743 | | | |
| 状念0 | 发送 | ack: | 2ACK: | | length: | | | | 56767 | | | | |
| 状态1 | 接收 发送 | seq: | | index: | | | 8192 | | | 64742 | | | |
| 伏态1 | 发送 | ack: | 3ACK: | | | | checksu | | 56766 | | | | |
| 状态0 | 接收 | seq: | | | | | 8192 | | | 64743 | | | |
| 状态0 | 发送 | ack: | 2ACK: | | | | checksu | | | | | | |
| 状态1 状态1 | 接收 | seq: | | index: | | length: | | checks | | 64742 | | | |
| 状态1 | 发送 | ack: | 3ACK: | | length: | | | | 56766 | | | | |
| 状态0 | 接收 | seq: | | index: | | | 8192 | | | 64743 | | | |
| 状态0 | 发送 | ack: | 2ACK: | | | | checksu | | | | | | |
| 状态1 | 发接发接收送收 | seq: | 3 | | | | 8192 | | | 64742 | | | |
| 状态1 状态0 | 发送 接收 | ack: | 3ACK: | | | | checksu | | | | | | |
| 状态0 | 接收 | seq: | | index: | | | 8192 | | | 64743 | | | |
| 状态0 | 发送 接收 | ack: | 2ACK: | | length: | | | | 56767 | | | | |
| 状态1 | 接收 | seq: | 3 | | | | 8192 | | | 64742 | | | |
| 状态1 | 发送 | ack: | 3ACK: | | | | checksu | | | | | | |
| 状态0 | 接收 | seq: | | index: | | | | | | 64743 | | | |
| 状态0 | 发送 接收 | ack: | 2ACK: | | | | checksu | | | | | | |
| 状态1 | 接收 | seq: | | index: | | | 8192 | | | 64742 | | | |
| 状态1 | 发送 | ack: | 3ACK: | | | | | | 56766 | | | | |
| 状态0 | 接收 | seq: | | | | | 1024 | | | 49573 | | | |
| 状态0 | 发送 | ack: | 2ACK: | | length: | 0 | checksu | m: | 56767 | | | | |
| 传输完 | 毕 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| /**** | ***** | **** | ***** | ***** | ***** | *****/ | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 是否继: | 续接受传 | 输(Y/N) | : | | | | | | | | | | ~ |

传输结果:



• (4)断开连接

五、代码库

lab3 1 · nan/computer network