

This is a high-level specification of the *Sailfish* and *Sailfish++* (also called signature-free *Sailfish*) algorithms. At the level of abstraction of this specification, the differences between the two algorithms are not visible.

EXTENDS *Integers, FiniteSets, Sequences*

CONSTANTS

$N$  The set of all nodes  
 ,  $F$  The set of *Byzantine* nodes  
 ,  $R$  The set of rounds  
 ,  $IsQuorum(-)$  Whether a set is a quorum (*i.e.* cardinality  $\geq n-f$ )  
 ,  $IsBlocking(-)$  Whether a set is a blocking set (*i.e.* cardinality  $\geq f+1$ )  
 ,  $Leader(-)$  operator mapping each round to its leader  
 ,  $GST$  the first round in which the system is synchronous

ASSUME  $\exists n \in R : R = 1 \dots n$  rounds start at 1; 0 is used as default placeholder

INSTANCE *BlockDag* Import definitions related to *DAGs* of blocks

Now we specify the algorithm in the *PlusCal* language.

```

--algorithm Sailfish{
  variables
     $vs = \{Genesis\}$ , the vertices of the DAG
     $es = \{\}$ ; the edges of the DAG
  define {
     $dag \triangleq \langle vs, es \rangle$ 
     $NoLeaderVoteQuorum(r, vertices, add) \triangleq$ 
      LET  $NoLeaderVote \triangleq \{v \in vertices : LeaderVertex(r-1) \notin Children(dag, v)\}$ 
      IN  $IsQuorum(\{Node(v) : v \in NoLeaderVote\} \cup add)$ 
  }
  process (  $correctNode \in N \setminus F$  )
    variables
       $round = 0$ , current round; 0 means the node has not started execution
       $log = \langle \rangle$ ; delivered log
    {
l0: while ( TRUE ) {
      if (  $round = 0$  ) { start the first round  $r = 1$ 
         $round := 1$ ;
         $vs := vs \cup \{\langle self, 1 \rangle\}$ ;
         $es := es \cup \{\langle \langle self, 1 \rangle, Genesis \rangle\}$ 
      }
      else { start a round  $r > 1$ 
        with (  $r \in \{r \in R : r > round\}$  )
        with (  $deliveredVertices \in SUBSET \{v \in vs : Round(v) = r-1\}$  ) {
          we enter a round only if we have a quorum of vertices:

```

```

await  $IsQuorum(\{Node(v) : v \in deliveredVertices\})$ ;
    if this is after  $GST$ , we must have all correct vertices:
await  $r \geq GST \Rightarrow (N \setminus F) \subseteq \{Node(v) : v \in deliveredVertices\}$ ;
    enter round  $r$ :
     $round := r$ ;
    if the  $r - 1$  leader does not reference the  $r - 2$  leader,
    then we must be sure the  $r - 2$  leader cannot commit:
await  $LeaderVertex(r - 1) \in deliveredVertices \Rightarrow$ 
         $\vee LeaderVertex(r - 2) \in Children(dag, LeaderVertex(r - 1))$ 
         $\vee NoLeaderVoteQuorum(r - 1, deliveredVertices, \{\})$ ;
    if we are the leader, then we must include the  $r - 1$  leader or
    have evidence it cannot commit:
if (  $Leader(r) = self$  )
    await  $\vee LeaderVertex(r - 1) \in deliveredVertices$ 
         $\vee NoLeaderVoteQuorum(r, \{v \in vs : Round(v) = r\}, \{self\})$ ;
    create a new vertex:
with (  $newV = \langle self, r \rangle$  ) {
     $vs := vs \cup \{newV\}$ ;
     $es := es \cup \{\langle newV, pv \rangle : pv \in deliveredVertices\}$ ;
    } ;
    commit if there is a quorum of votes for the leader of  $r - 2$ :
if (  $r > 2$  )
    with (  $votesForLeader = \{pv \in deliveredVertices : \langle pv, LeaderVertex(r - 2) \rangle \in es\}$  )
    if (  $IsQuorum(\{Node(pv) : pv \in votesForLeader\})$  )
         $log := Linearize(dag, LeaderVertex(r - 2))$ 
    }
}
}
}
}

```

Next comes our model of *Byzantine* nodes. Because the real protocol disseminates *DAG* vertices using reliable broadcast, *Byzantine* nodes cannot equivocate and cannot deviate much from the protocol (lest their messages be ignored).

```

process (  $byzantineNode \in F$  )
{
l0: while ( TRUE ) {
    with (  $r \in R$  )
    with (  $newV = \langle self, r \rangle$  ) {
        when  $newV \notin vs$ ; no equivocation
        if (  $r = 1$  ) {
             $vs := vs \cup \{newV\}$ ;
             $es := es \cup \{\langle newV, Genesis \rangle\}$ 
        }
        else
        with (  $delivered \in SUBSET \{v \in vs : Round(v) = r - 1\}$  ) {
            await  $IsQuorum(\{Node(v) : v \in delivered\})$ ; ignored otherwise
        }
    }
}

```



$$\begin{aligned}
& \wedge \text{LET } newV \triangleq \langle self, r \rangle \text{IN} \\
& \quad \wedge vs' = (vs \cup \{newV\}) \\
& \quad \wedge es' = (es \cup \{\langle newV, pv \rangle : pv \in deliveredVertices\}) \\
& \wedge \text{IF } r > 2 \\
& \quad \text{THEN } \wedge \text{LET } votesForLeader \triangleq \{pv \in deliveredVertices : \langle pv, log \rangle \in votesForLeader\} \\
& \quad \quad \text{IF } IsQuorum(\{Node(pv) : pv \in votesForLeader\}) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \text{THEN } \wedge log' = [log \text{ EXCEPT } !self] = Linearize(log) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \text{ELSE } \wedge \text{TRUE} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \quad \wedge log' = log \\
& \quad \text{ELSE } \wedge \text{TRUE} \\
& \quad \quad \wedge log' = log \\
byzantineNode(self) & \triangleq \wedge \exists r \in R : \\
& \quad \text{LET } newV \triangleq \langle self, r \rangle \text{IN} \\
& \quad \quad \wedge newV \notin vs \\
& \quad \quad \wedge \text{IF } r = 1 \\
& \quad \quad \quad \text{THEN } \wedge vs' = (vs \cup \{newV\}) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \quad \wedge es' = (es \cup \{\langle newV, Genesis \rangle\}) \\
& \quad \quad \text{ELSE } \wedge \exists delivered \in \text{SUBSET } \{v \in vs : Round(v) = r - 1\} : \\
& \quad \quad \quad \quad \wedge IsQuorum(\{Node(v) : v \in delivered\}) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \quad \wedge vs' = (vs \cup \{newV\}) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \quad \wedge es' = (es \cup \{\langle newV, pv \rangle : pv \in delivered\}) \\
& \quad \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } \langle round, log \rangle \\
Next & \triangleq (\exists self \in N \setminus F : correctNode(self)) \\
& \quad \vee (\exists self \in F : byzantineNode(self)) \\
Spec & \triangleq Init \wedge \Box [Next]_{vars} \\
& \text{END TRANSLATION}
\end{aligned}$$

Basic type invariant:

$$\begin{aligned}
TypeOK & \triangleq \\
& \wedge \forall v \in vs \setminus \{\langle \rangle\} : \\
& \quad \wedge Node(v) \in N \wedge Round(v) \in Nat \setminus \{0\} \\
& \quad \wedge \forall c \in Children(dag, v) : Round(c) = Round(v) - 1 \\
& \wedge \forall e \in es : \\
& \quad \wedge e = \langle e[1], e[2] \rangle \\
& \quad \wedge \{e[1], e[2]\} \subseteq vs \\
& \wedge \forall n \in N \setminus F : round[n] \in Nat
\end{aligned}$$

Next we define the safety and liveness properties

$$Agreement \triangleq \forall n1, n2 \in N \setminus F : Compatible(log[n1], log[n2])$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Liveness & \triangleq \forall r \in R : r \geq GST \wedge Leader(r) \notin F \Rightarrow \\
& \quad \forall n \in N \setminus F : round[n] \geq r + 2 \Rightarrow
\end{aligned}$$

$$\exists i \in \text{DOMAIN } \log[n] : \log[n][i] = \text{LeaderVertex}(r)$$

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