LOOPING:

"Repeat" Looping Statement:

```
In [1]:
res =1
i=1
repeat
    print(res)
    i=i+1
                      #increment operator
    res=res+1
if(i>5)
                      #condition
    break
}
}
[1] 1
[1] 2
[1] 3
[1] 4
[1] 5
```

Switch Statement:

```
In [2]:
switch(1,"add","sub","mul")
switch(2,"add","sub","mul")
switch(3,"add","sub","mul")

'add'
'sub'
'mul'

In [3]:
case=as.integer(readline("Enter your Case:"))
switch(case, "add", "sub", "mul")

Enter your Case:1
'add'

In [4]:
switch("color", name="xyz", age=18, dept="AIML", color="white")
switch("dept", name="xyz", age=18, dept="AIML", color="white")
'white'
```

Function:

'AIML'

- * A function is a set of Statements organised together to perform a specfic task.
- st The value that are declared within a function,when the function is called as an Arguments.
- * Function Parameters are the names listed in the Function definition.
- * Buildin Function (and) User Defined Function

Function Syntax:

```
fun_name=function(parameter1,...)
{
    statement
}
```

```
fun_name(argument1,....)
```

```
In [5]:
```

```
a=function(name)
   {
    print(name)
}
a("xyz")
```

[1] "xyz"

Types of Argument:

```
*Required argument
*Default Argument
*Keyword Argument
```

Required Argument:

```
In [6]:
```

```
a=function(name,dept)
    {
    print(paste("name",name))
    print(paste("dept", dept))
}
a(dept="AIML",name="NANTHIESH")

[1] "name NANTHIESH"
```

[1] "name NANTHIESH'
[1] "dept AIML"

Default Argument:

```
In [7]:
```

```
a=function(name,dept="MBA",age=18)
{
    print(paste("Name:",name))
    print(paste("Dept:", dept))
    print(paste("Age:", age))
}
a("Nantheish","AIML", "18")

[1] "Name: Nantheish"
[1] "Dept: AIML"
[1] "Age: 18"

In [8]:

a=function(name,dept="MBA",age=18) # default values mentioned here will get printed if no value is given
    {
        print(paste("Name:",name))
        print(paste("Dept:", dept))
        print(paste("Age:", age))
}
a("Nantheish")

[1] "Name: Nantheish"
```

Keyword Argument:

```
In [9]:
```

[1] "Dept: MBA" [1] "Age: 18"

```
a=function(name,age)
    {
        print(paste("Name:",name))
        print(paste("Age:", age))
}
a(name="nanthiesh",age=18)
```

```
[1] "Name: nanthiesh"
[1] "Age: 18"
```

SIMPLE CALCULATOR USING SWITCH CASE:

```
In [10]:
add=function(x,y){
    return(x+y)
substract=function(x,y){
    return(x-y)
multiply=function(x,y){
    return(x*y)
divide=function(x,y){
    return(x/y)
#taking input from the user:
print("Select your Operation:")
print("1.Addition")
print("2. Subtraciton")
print("3. Multiplication")
print("4. Division")
choice=as.integer(readline("Enter your choice[1,2,3,4]"))
num1=as.integer(readline("Enter your first number:"))
num2=as.integer(readline("Enter your second number:"))
operator=switch(choice,"+","-","*", "/")
result=switch(choice, add(num1,num2), substract(num1,num2), multiply(num1,num2), division(num1,num2))
print(paste(num1, operator, num2 ,"=", result ))
[1] "Select your Operation:"
[1] "1.Addition"
[1] "2. Subtraciton"
[1] "3. Multiplication"
[1] "4. Division"
Enter your choice[1,2,3,4]1
Enter your first number:12
Enter your second number:3
[1] "12 + 3 = 15"
Distribution:
Normal Distribution:
       * To print random numbers we can use normal distribution and uniform distribution.
       * It makes the given number's Mean as 0 and Standard Deviation as 1
```

```
In [11]:
```

```
rnorm(3)
```

-0.805753657068895 1.34477646956052 -0.35599665148199

```
In [13]:
```

```
rnorm(2, mean=5,sd=5)
```

4.45021843070102 -2.29223283984963

Uniform Distribution:

Type *Markdown* and LaTeX: α^2

```
In [14]:
```

```
runif(5)
```

In [15]:
runif(5,min=10, max=100)
59.7657469240949 89.4578255712986 30.2212617942132 57.6453824737109 18.8192942854948
In [17]:
<pre>set.seed(101) # seed is used for not changing the randomly generated values runif(5,min=10, max=100)</pre>
43.4978538705036 13.9442333881743 73.8715616450645 69.1921356879175 32.4870150908828
In []:
In []:
III [].