

## 2. 3 離散フーリエ変換

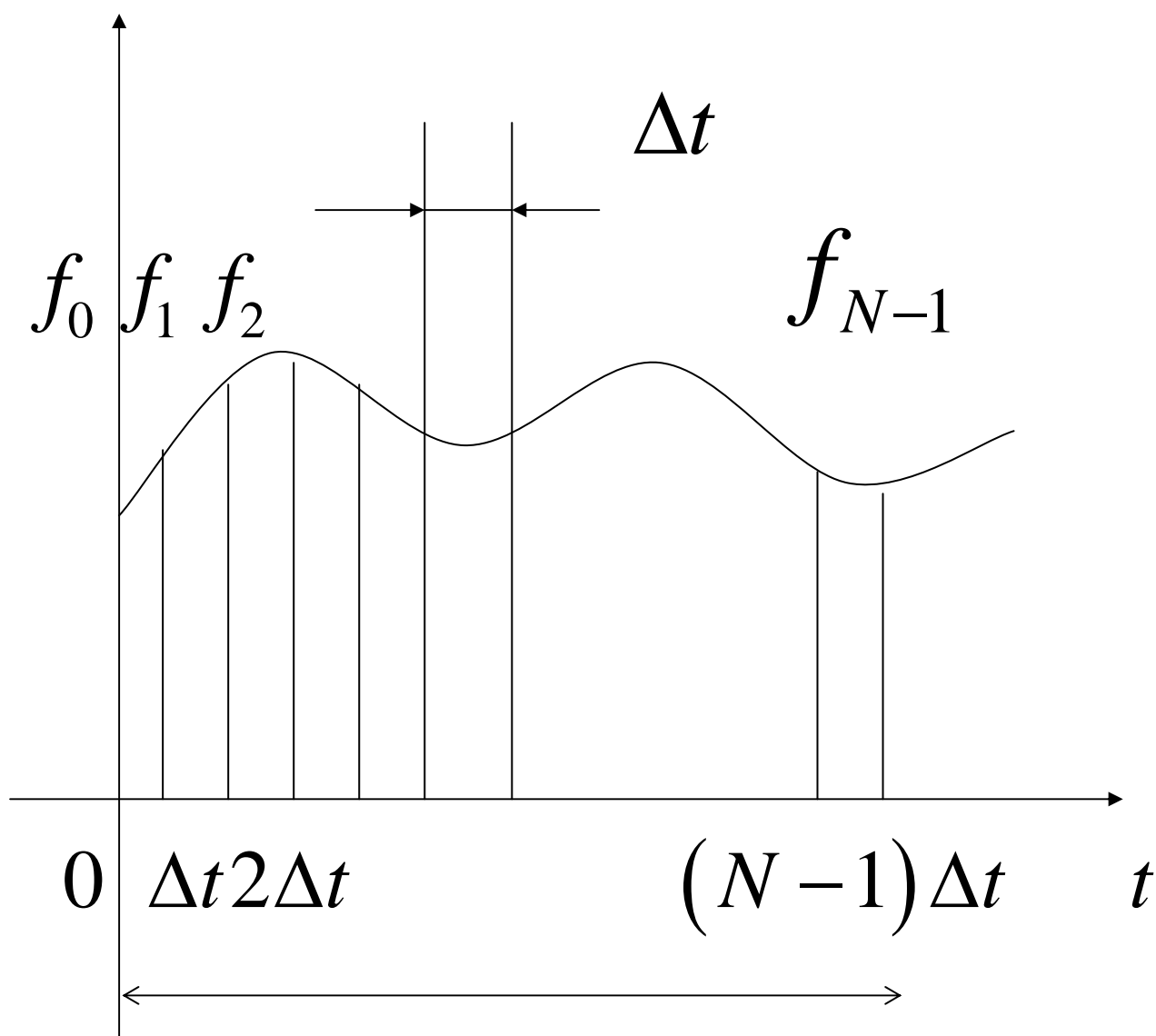
(D i s c r e t e F o u r i e r  
T r a n s f o r m, D F T)

$$f(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k e^{j\omega_0 kt}$$

$$c_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) e^{-j\omega_0 kt} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f(t) e^{-j\omega_0 kt} dt$$

$$\omega_0 = 2\pi/T$$



$$N\Delta t = T$$

$$\{f_0, f_1, f_2 \cdots f_{N-1}\}$$

$$\Delta\omega = 2\pi/N$$

$$\Delta\omega = 2\pi / \left( \frac{T}{\Delta t} \right) = \frac{2\pi}{T} \cdot \Delta t$$

$$e_k = \left( 1, e^{jk\Delta\omega}, e^{jk \cdot 2\Delta\omega}, e^{jk \cdot 3\Delta\omega} \right. \\ \left. \cdot \cdot \cdot, e^{jk(N-1)\Delta\omega} \right)$$

$$f = (f_0, f_1, \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot, f_{N-1})$$

[定理]

$$\{e_0, e_1, e_2, \dots, e_{N-1}\}$$

は正規直交系である.

[証明]

$$\langle e_m, e_n \rangle$$

$$= \left[ 1, e^{jm\Delta\omega}, e^{jm2\Delta\omega}, \right. \\ \left. \dots, e^{jm(N-1)\Delta\omega} \right]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ e^{jm\Delta\omega} \\ e^{jm \cdot 2\Delta\omega} \\ \vdots \\ e^{jm(N-1)\Delta\omega} \end{bmatrix} \times \frac{1}{N}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left( 1 + e^{jm \Delta \omega} e^{\overline{jn \Delta \omega}} \right. \\
 &+ e^{jm \, 2 \, \Delta \omega} e^{\overline{jn \, 2 \, \Delta \omega}} + \dots \\
 &\left. + e^{jm \, (N-1) \Delta \omega} e^{\overline{jn \, (N-1) \Delta \omega}} \right) \times \frac{1}{N}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \begin{aligned} &\langle f(t), g(t) \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) \overline{g(t)} dt \end{aligned} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} e^{jm \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N}k} e^{-jn \frac{2\pi}{N}k}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} e^{j(m-n) \frac{2\pi}{N}k}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a r^k = \frac{a \left( 1 - r^N \right)}{1 - r}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \frac{1 - e^{j(m-n)\frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot N}}{1 - e^{j(m-n)2\pi/N}} = 0 \quad (m \neq n)$$

$m = n$ の時は

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} e^0 = \frac{1}{N} \cdot N = 1$$

$$\therefore \langle e_m, e_n \rangle = \delta_{mn}$$

$$f = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e_k$$

$$\langle f, e_m \rangle = \left\langle \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e_k, e_m \right\rangle = c_m$$

$$\therefore c_k = \langle f, e_k \rangle = [f_0, f_1, \bullet \bullet, f_{N-1}]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{1} \\ \overline{e^{jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N}}} \\ \overline{e^{jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 2}} \\ \bullet \bullet \bullet \\ \overline{e^{jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot (N-1)}} \end{bmatrix} \times \frac{1}{N}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left( f_0 \cdot 1 + f_1 e^{-jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N}} + f_2 e^{-jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 2} \right. \\ \left. + \dots + f_{N-1} e^{-jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} (N-1)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} f_m e^{-jk \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) \cdot m}$$



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$$f = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e_k \quad ,$$

$$e_k = \left[ 1, e^{jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N}}, e^{jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} 2}, \right. \\ \left. \dots, e^{jk \frac{2\pi}{N} (N-1)} \right]$$

$$c_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} f_m e^{-jk \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) \cdot m}$$

離散フーリエ逆変換 (Inverse  
Discrete Fourier  
Transform IDFT)

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_0 \\ f_1 \\ f_2 \\ \dots \\ f_{N-1} \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ e^{jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 1} \\ e^{jk \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 2} \\ \dots \\ e^{jk \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) (N-1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= c_0 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \dots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ e^{j \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 1} \\ e^{j \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 2} \\ \dots \\ e^{j \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) (N-1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ e^{j \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 1} \\ e^{j \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 2} \\ \vdots \\ e^{j 2 \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) (N-1)} \end{bmatrix} + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& +c_{N-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ e^{j \cdot (N-1) \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 1} \\ e^{j \cdot (N-1) \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot 2} \\ \vdots \\ e^{j \cdot (N-1) \left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right) (N-1)} \end{bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
f_m &= c_0 + c_1 e^{j \cdot 1 \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) m} \\
&\quad + c_2 e^{j 2 \cdot \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) m} + \\
&\quad \dots + c_{N-1} e^{j(N-1) \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) m} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e^{jk \left( \frac{2\pi}{N} \right) m}
\end{aligned}$$

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$$f_m = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e^{jk\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)m}$$