1 10

$$m \begin{cases} \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = k(x_2 - x_1) & (1) \\ M\frac{d^2x_2}{dt^2} = -k(x_2 - x_1) + k(x_3 - x_2) & (2) \\ m\frac{d^2x_3}{dt^2} = -k(x_3 - x_2) & (3) \end{cases}$$

$$m \begin{cases} M \frac{d^2 x_2}{dt^2} = -k(x_2 - x_1) + k(x_3 - x_2) \end{cases}$$
 (2)

$$m\frac{d^2x_3}{dt^2} = -k(x_3 - x_2) (3)$$

 $x_1=A_1e^{i\ \omega\ t}, x_2=A_2e^{i\ \omega\ t}, x_3=A_3e^{i\ \omega\ t}$ とおくと

$$\begin{cases}
-mA_1 \omega^2 = k(A_2 - A_1) \\
-MA_2 \omega^2 = k(A_1 - 2A_2 + A_2) \\
-mA_3 \omega^2 = k(A_2 - A_3)
\end{cases}$$
(5)

(6)

$$\chi_{i} = A_{i} e^{i\omega t}, \quad \chi_{i} = A_{2} e^{i\omega t}, \quad \chi_{j} = A_{3} e^{i\omega t} e^{i\omega t} e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\left| -mA_{i}\omega^{2} = k(A_{1} - A_{1}) - MA_{i}\omega^{2} = k(A_{1} - 2A_{1} + A_{2}) - MA_{3}\omega^{2} = k(A_{2} - A_{3}) - MA_{3}\omega^{2} = k(A_{2} - A_{3})$$

$$\left| \frac{mA_{3}\omega^{2}}{A_{3}} = \frac{mA_{3}}{A_{3}} - \frac{mA_{3}}{$$



