P8106_HW1

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Contents

Loading libraries
Question (a): Lasso Model
Question (b): Elastic Net

Loading libraries

```
library(ISLR)
library(glmnet)
library(caret)
library(tidymodels)
library(corrplot)
library(ggplot2)
library(plotmo)
library(ggrepel)
```

Question (a): Lasso Model

To start, we load the training and testing data and subsequently set a seed for reproducibility.

Next, we initialise 10-fold cross-validation to partition the training data into 10 equal subsets. This allows training the model on 9 folds while validating on the final fold. This ensures we evaluate the performance of the model, while avoiding overfitting.

```
# Load training and testing data

training_data <- read.csv("housing_training.csv")
testing_data <- read.csv("housing_test.csv")

set.seed(29) # Ensure results are reproducible

# Using 10 fold cross-validation

ctrl1 <- trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10)</pre>
```

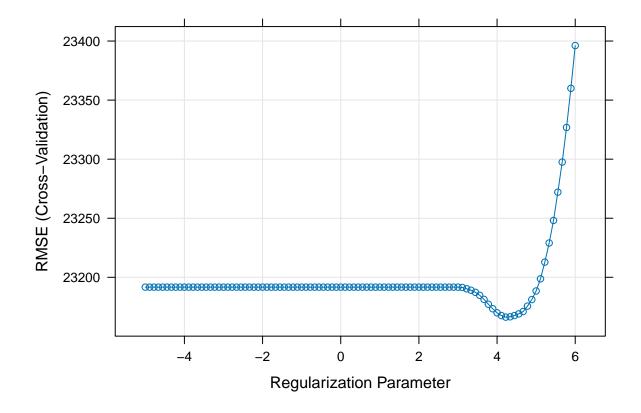
Next, we proceed to fit a lasso regression model using the training data. Sale_Price is the outcome variable, with all other variables as predictors. The lasso model is tuned over a sequence of 100 lambda values ranging from exp(6) to exp(-5).

```
# Fit the Lasso model

lasso.fit <- train(
    Sale_Price ~ .,
    data = training_data,
    method = "glmnet",
    tuneGrid = expand.grid(alpha = 1, lambda = exp(seq(6, -5, length = 100))),
    trControl = ctrl1
)

# Plot

plot(lasso.fit, xTrans = log)</pre>
```



Based on the plot, it appears as though the optimal lambda value is around exp(4), as this is where the RMSE is minimised. Higher lambda values (i.e., greater penalisation) appear to result in poorer model performance, likely due to excessive shrinkage forcing too many coefficients to zero, leading to underfitting.

```
# Find optimal tuning parameter
lasso.fit$bestTune
```

alpha lambda

```
# Extracting coefficients for each predictor, at the optimal lambda
coef(lasso.fit$finalModel, lasso.fit$bestTune$lambda)
```

```
## 40 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
##
                                          s1
## (Intercept)
                               -4.820791e+06
## Gr_Liv_Area
                                6.534680e+01
## First_Flr_SF
                                8.043483e-01
## Second_Flr_SF
## Total_Bsmt_SF
                                3.542591e+01
## Low Qual Fin SF
                               -4.089879e+01
## Wood Deck SF
                                1.161853e+01
## Open_Porch_SF
                                1.539927e+01
## Bsmt_Unf_SF
                               -2.088675e+01
## Mas_Vnr_Area
                                1.091770e+01
## Garage Cars
                                4.078354e+03
## Garage Area
                                8.182394e+00
## Year Built
                                3.232484e+02
## TotRms_AbvGrd
                               -3.607362e+03
## Full_Bath
                               -3.820746e+03
## Overall_QualAverage
                               -4.845814e+03
## Overall_QualBelow_Average
                              -1.244202e+04
## Overall_QualExcellent
                                7.559703e+04
## Overall_QualFair
                               -1.073410e+04
## Overall_QualGood
                                1.211373e+04
## Overall_QualVery_Excellent 1.358907e+05
## Overall_QualVery_Good
                                3.788544e+04
## Kitchen QualFair
                               -2.476713e+04
## Kitchen QualGood
                               -1.713660e+04
## Kitchen_QualTypical
                               -2.525278e+04
## Fireplaces
                                1.051146e+04
## Fireplace_QuFair
                               -7.657866e+03
## Fireplace_QuGood
## Fireplace_QuNo_Fireplace
                                1.385656e+03
## Fireplace_QuPoor
                               -5.632703e+03
## Fireplace_QuTypical
                               -7.010013e+03
## Exter_QualFair
                               -3.316061e+04
## Exter_QualGood
                               -1.492745e+04
## Exter_QualTypical
                               -1.936658e+04
## Lot_Frontage
                                9.952901e+01
## Lot_Area
                                6.042265e-01
## Longitude
                               -3.285809e+04
## Latitude
                                5.492284e+04
## Misc_Val
                                8.240622e-01
## Year Sold
                               -5.568142e+02
```

Note that at the optimal lambda value, most of the predictors remain in the model. However, some are shrunk to zero (i.e., Second_Flr_SF, Fireplace_QuGood) during the variable selection process, and removed from the model. Therefore, this final model includes 37 predictors.

```
# Finding RMSE
lasso_preds <- predict(lasso.fit, newdata = testing_data)</pre>
rmse <- sqrt(mean((lasso_preds - testing_data$Sale_Price)^2))</pre>
print(rmse)
```

[1] 20969.2

For the lasso model, the optimal tuning parameter lambda is 68.18484, representing where RMSE is min-

```
imised. The test error (RMSE) at this lambda is 20969.2.
# Using 1se cross-validation. Code from: https://www.rdocumentation.org/packages/caret/versions/6.0-92/
ctrl_1se <- trainControl(</pre>
 method = "cv",
  selectionFunction = "oneSE"
# Fit the lasso model using 1se
lasso_1se_fit <- train(</pre>
 Sale_Price ~ .,
 data = training_data,
 method = "glmnet",
 tuneGrid = expand.grid(
   alpha = 1,
   lambda = exp(seq(6, -5, length = 100))
 ),
  trControl = ctrl_1se
# Optimal lambda using 1SE
lasso_lambda_1se <- lasso_1se_fit$bestTune$lambda</pre>
print(lasso_lambda_1se)
## [1] 403.4288
# Extracting coefficients for each predictor, at the optimal lambda
coef(lasso_1se_fit$finalModel, s = lasso_lambda_1se)
## 40 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
##
## (Intercept)
                               -3.919159e+06
## Gr_Liv_Area
                                6.099153e+01
## First_Flr_SF
                                9.477449e-01
## Second_Flr_SF
## Total_Bsmt_SF
                                3.627699e+01
## Low_Qual_Fin_SF
                               -3.523480e+01
## Wood_Deck_SF
                               1.000632e+01
## Open_Porch_SF
                               1.203918e+01
```

```
## Bsmt Unf SF
                              -2.059528e+01
## Mas_Vnr_Area
                               1.297320e+01
                               3.491107e+03
## Garage Cars
## Garage_Area
                               9.740129e+00
## Year Built
                               3.150805e+02
## TotRms AbvGrd
                              -2.518326e+03
## Full Bath
                              -1.415647e+03
## Overall_QualAverage
                              -4.006722e+03
## Overall_QualBelow_Average -1.084480e+04
## Overall_QualExcellent
                               8.719850e+04
## Overall_QualFair
                              -8.763236e+03
## Overall_QualGood
                               1.111389e+04
## Overall_QualVery_Excellent 1.559964e+05
## Overall_QualVery_Good
                               3.730815e+04
## Kitchen_QualFair
                              -1.420320e+04
## Kitchen_QualGood
                              -7.639239e+03
## Kitchen_QualTypical
                              -1.644274e+04
## Fireplaces
                               8.190689e+03
## Fireplace_QuFair
                              -3.809974e+03
## Fireplace_QuGood
                               2.196176e+03
## Fireplace_QuNo_Fireplace
## Fireplace_QuPoor
                              -1.484163e+03
## Fireplace_QuTypical
                              -4.125304e+03
## Exter QualFair
                              -1.695505e+04
## Exter_QualGood
## Exter_QualTypical
                              -4.790664e+03
## Lot_Frontage
                               8.663344e+01
## Lot_Area
                               5.915806e-01
## Longitude
                              -2.246220e+04
## Latitude
                               3.767830e+04
## Misc_Val
                               3.093854e-01
## Year_Sold
                              -1.654627e+02
```

Using the 1SE rule, the optimal lambda is 403.4288. During the variable selection process, variables Second_Flr_SF, Fireplace_QuNo_Fireplace, and Exter_QualGood are removed from the model. When the 1SE rule is applied, there are 36 predictors included in the model, which is 1 fewer than the original lasso model.

Question (b): Elastic Net

To fit the elastic net model, I began with a wide lambda range.

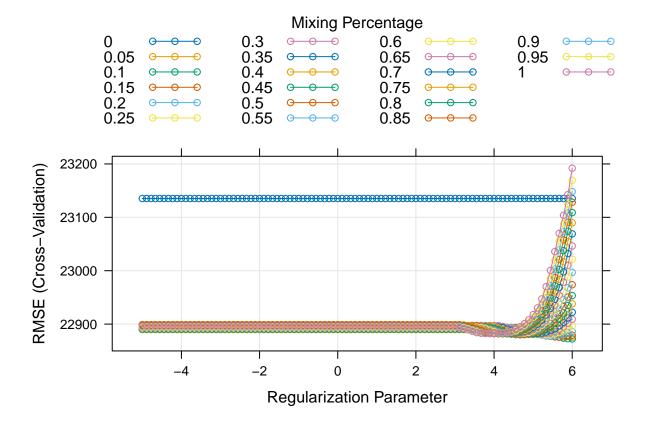
```
lambda = exp(seq(6, -5, length = 100))),
trControl = ctrl1)

print(enet.fit$bestTune)

## alpha lambda
## 300  0.1 403.4288

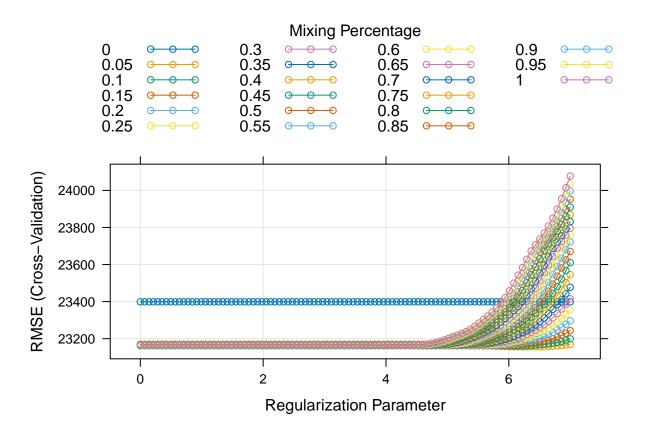
# Cross validation plot

plot(enet.fit, xTrans = log)
```



After reviewing the cross-validation plot, I refined the lambda range.

```
plot(enet.fit, xTrans = log)
```



```
# Optimal lambda
print(enet.fit$bestTune)
```

The cross validation plot shows the RMSE values were fairly stable until \sim exp(6). Therefore, the selected tuning parameters are alpha = 0.05 and lambda = 622.8735.

```
# Predictions using Testing dataset
enet.pred <- predict(enet.fit, newdata = testing_data)
# Test error

test_mse <- mean((enet.pred - testing_data$Sale_Price)^2)
print(test_mse)</pre>
```

[1] 437676525

##

alpha

193 0.05 668.5094

lambda

From this, the test error of the model is 438172327.