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```
import numpy as np
In [2]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pandas as pd
         plt.rcParams.update({'font.size': 14})
         def calc_mse(y, y_pred):
             err = np.mean((y - y_pred)**2)
             return err
         def calc_mae(y, y_pred):
             err = np.mean(np.abs(y - y_pred))
             return err
         X = np.array([[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1], # для умножения на intercept
                       [1, 1, 2, 1, 3, 0, 5, 10, 1, 2]]) # cmax
         X.shape
         # средний балл ЕГЭ (целевая переменная)
         y = [45, 55, 50, 59, 65, 35, 75, 80, 50, 60]
```

1. Подберите скорость обучения (alpha) и количество итераций:

```
res = pd.DataFrame(columns=['alpha', 'iteration', 'error'])
In [3]:
         n = X.shape[1]
         alpha_range = np.arange(1e-3, 1e-1, 1e-3)
         # итератор по альфа
         for alpha in alpha_range:
             w = np.array([1, 0.5])
             err_prev = np.inf
             err = 0
             iteration = 0
             # umepamop
             while np.abs(err_prev - err) >= 1e-4:
                 y_pred_prev = np.dot(w, X)
                 err_prev = calc_mse(y, y_pred_prev)
                 for j in range(w.shape[0]):
                     w[j] = alpha * (1/n * 2 * np.sum(X[j] * (y_pred_prev - y)))
                 y_pred = np.dot(w, X)
                 err = calc_mse(y, y_pred)
                 iteration+=1
                 if err > err prev:
                     break
             res = res.append({'alpha': alpha, 'iteration': iteration, 'error': err_prev}, ig
         #print(res)
```

```
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax1.plot(res['alpha'], res['iteration'], 'g-')
```

```
ax2.plot(res['alpha'], res['error'], 'r--')
ax1.set_xlabel('Alpha')
ax1.set_ylabel('Iteration', color="g")
ax2.set_ylabel('Error', color='r')
plt.show()
```

```
5000
                                                           3000
  4000
                                                           2500
  3000
                                                           2000
teration
                                                           1500
  2000
                                                           1000
  1000
                                                           500
      0
        0.00
                 0.02
                          0.04
                                    0.06
                                             0.08
                                                      0.10
                              Alpha
```

```
In [5]:
         # print the best params
         print(res.loc[(res['alpha']>0.06) & (res['error'] <= res['error'].quantile(0.05)),</pre>
            alpha
                   iteration
                                   error
            0.060
                              45.938232
        59
                       111.0
            0.061
        60
                       109.0 45.938245
                              45.938265
        61 0.062
                       107.0
            0.063
                       106.0 45.938193
        62
            0.064
                       109.0 45.938206
         # the best params
In [6]:
         iterations = 106
         alpha = 0.063
         w = np.array([1, 0.5])
         for i in range(iterations):
             y_pred = np.dot(w, X)
             err = calc_mse(y, y_pred)
             for j in range(w.shape[0]):
                 w[j] = alpha * (1/n * 2 * np.sum(X[j] * (y_pred - y)))
             if i % 50 == 0:
                 print(i, w, err)
        0 [ 7.9426 21.92 ] 3173.15
        50 [45.84949979 4.22174419] 47.18727366698796
        100 [47.18513502 3.91968328] 45.938864866858154
```

2. В этом коде мы избавляемся от итераций по весам, но тут есть ошибка, исправьте ee:

```
axis = 1

In [7]: w = np.array([1, 0.5])

for i in range(1000):
    y_pred = np.dot(w, X)
    err = calc_mse(y, y_pred)
    #for j in range(w.shape[0]):
```

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```
# w[j] -= alpha * (1/n * 2 * np.sum(X[j] * (y_pred - y)))
w -= (alpha * (1/n * 2 * np.sum(X * (y_pred - y), axis=1)))
if i % 100 == 0:
    print(i, w, err)
```

```
0 [ 7.9426 21.92 ] 3173.15

100 [47.18513502 3.91968328] 45.938864866858154

200 [47.23208912 3.91072422] 45.9375000017779

300 [47.2321428 3.9107143] 45.937500000000001

400 [47.23214286 3.91071429] 45.937500000000002

500 [47.23214286 3.91071429] 45.937500000000014

700 [47.23214286 3.91071429] 45.937500000000014

800 [47.23214286 3.91071429] 45.937500000000014

900 [47.23214286 3.91071429] 45.937500000000014
```

3. Вместо того, чтобы задавать количество итераций, задайте условие остановки алгоритма - когда ошибка за итерацию начинает изменяться ниже определенного порога

```
In [8]: # the best params
   iterations = 106
   alpha = 0.063

w = np.array([1, 0.5])

while True:
    y_pred = np.dot(w, X)
        err = calc_mse(y, y_pred)

    for j in range(w.shape[0]):
        w[j] -= alpha * (1/n * 2 * np.sum(X[j] * (y_pred - y)))

        print(i, w, err)

        if(err < 250):
            break

999 [ 7.9426 21.92 ] 3173.15

900 [ 6.0003464 1.661377341 3645 400173160005]</pre>
```

```
999 [6.9932404 1.66137224] 2645.4891731600005
999 [12.80022656 18.98152631] 2209.6335365645687
999 [12.20145
                2.53715629] 1849.215158179052
999 [17.0652949 16.54000856] 1550.8389810855444
999 [16.72896094 3.1898182 ] 1303.5354938940964
999 [20.80852741 14.50882104] 1098.3151452194738
999 [20.66596319 3.66892028] 927.8054612618665
999 [24.09251354 12.81680499] 785.9554054728627
999 [24.09047152 4.01370309] 667.7944240340189
999 [26.97258298 11.40545642] 569.2359780418406
999 [27.07001
                4.25516061 | 486.9172763420074
999 [29.49759812 10.22663188] 418.06847577051485
999 [29.66305616 4.41770673] 360.4058761534484
999 [31.71067036 9.24067623] 312.0446609395532
999 [31.92028036 4.52051263] 271.42756551182566
999 [33.6498051 8.41489375] 237.26653031348488
```

```
In [ ]:
```