

# Hands-on Lab: Build a Streaming ETL Pipeline using Kafka



Estimated time needed: **45** minutes.

## Project scenario

You are a data engineer at a data analytics consulting company. You have been assigned to a project that aims to de-congest the national highways by analyzing the road traffic data from different toll plazas. As a vehicle passes a toll plaza, the vehicle's data like `vehicle_id`, `vehicle_type`, `toll_plaza_id`, and `timestamp` are streamed to Kafka. Your job is to create a data pipe line that collects the streaming data and loads it into a database.

## Objectives

In this assignment, you will create a streaming data pipe by performing these steps:

- Start a MySQL database server
- Create a table to hold the toll data
- Start the Kafka server
- Install the Kafka Python driver
- Install the MySQL Python driver
- Create a topic named toll in Kafka
- Download streaming data generator program
- Customize the generator program to steam to toll topic
- Download and customize streaming data consumer
- Customize the consumer program to write into a MySQL database table
- Verify that streamed data is being collected in the database table

## Note about screenshots

Throughout this lab, you will be prompted to take screenshots and save them on your device. You will need to upload the screenshots for peer review. You can use various free screen grabbing tools or your operating system's shortcut keys (Alt + PrintScreen in Windows, for example) to capture the required screenshots. You can save the screenshots with the `.jpg` or `.png` extension.

## About Skills Network Cloud IDE

Skills Network Cloud IDE (based on Theia and Docker) provides an environment for hands-on labs for course and project-related labs. Theia is an open-source IDE (Integrated Development Environment) that can be run on a desktop or on the cloud. To complete this lab, you will be using the Cloud IDE based on Theia, running in a Docker container.

## Important notice about this lab environment

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persistent. A new environment is created for you every time you connect to this lab. Any data you may have saved in an earlier session will get lost. To avoid losing your data, please plan to complete these labs in a single session.

## Exercise 1: Download and extract Kafka

1. Download Kafka by running the command below.

1. 1

1. `wget https://downloads.apache.org/kafka/3.7.0/kafka_2.12-3.7.0.tgz`

Copied!Executed!

2. Extract Kafka from the zip file by running the command below.

```
1. 1  
1. tar -xzf kafka_2.12-3.7.0.tgz
```

Copied!Executed!

**Note:** This command creates a directory named kafka\_2.12-3.7.0 in the current directory.

## Exercise 2: Configure KRaft and start server

1. Change to the kafka\_2.12-3.7.0 directory.

```
1. 1  
1. cd kafka_2.12-3.7.0
```

Copied!Executed!

2. Generate a cluster UUID that will uniquely identify the Kafka cluster.

```
1. 1  
1. KAFKA_CLUSTER_ID=$(bin/kafka-storage.sh random-uuid)"
```

Copied!Executed!

**Note:** The new cluster id generated will be used by the KRaft controller.

3. KRaft requires the log directories to be configured. Run the following command to configure the log directories passing the cluster id.

```
1. 1  
1. bin/kafka-storage.sh format -t $KAFKA_CLUSTER_ID -c config/kraft/server.properties
```

Copied!Executed!

4. Now that KRaft is configured, you can start the Kafka server by running the following command.

```
1. 1  
1. bin/kafka-server-start.sh config/kraft/server.properties
```

Copied!

**Note:** You can be sure that the Kafka server started there is information generated that the server started successfully along with some additional messages, such as log loaded.

```
[2024-06-12 02:19:51,129] INFO [BrokerServer id=1] Transition from STARTING to STARTED (kafka  
ver)  
[2024-06-12 02:19:51,130] INFO Kafka version: 3.7.0 (org.apache.kafka.common.utils.AppInfoPar  
[2024-06-12 02:19:51,135] INFO Kafka commitId: 2ae524ed625438c5 (org.apache.kafka.common.util  
[2024-06-12 02:19:51,135] INFO Kafka startTimeMs: 1718173191129 (org.apache.kafka.common.util  
[2024-06-12 02:19:51,137] INFO [KafkaRaftServer nodeId=1] Kafka Server started (kafka.server.  
[2024-06-12 02:20:25,678] INFO [ReplicaFetcherManager on broker 1] Removed fetcher for partit  
ch-1, bankbranch-0) (kafka.server.ReplicaFetcherManager)  
[2024-06-12 02:20:25,718] INFO [LogLoader partition=bankbranch-1, dir=/tmp/kraft-combined-log  
er state till offset 0 with message format version 2 (kafka.log.UnifiedLog$)  
[2024-06-12 02:20:25,722] INFO Created log for partition bankbranch-1 in /tmp/kraft-combined-  
with properties {} (kafka.log.LogManager)  
[2024-06-12 02:20:25,725] INFO [Partition bankbranch-1 broker=1] No checkpointed highwatermar  
rtition bankbranch-1 (kafka.cluster.Partition)  
[2024-06-12 02:20:25,727] INFO [Partition bankbranch-1 broker=1] Log loaded for partition ban  
initial high watermark 0 (kafka.cluster.Partition)  
[2024-06-12 02:20:25,745] INFO [LogLoader partition=bankbranch-0, dir=/tmp/kraft-combined-log  
er state till offset 0 with message format version 2 (kafka.log.UnifiedLog$)  
[2024-06-12 02:20:25,746] INFO Created log for partition bankbranch-0 in /tmp/kraft-combined-  
with properties {} (kafka.log.LogManager)
```

## Exercise 3: Start MySQL server and setup the database

[Open MySQL Page in IDE](#)

1. On the launching page, click the **Start** button.

MySQL X

# MySQL

INACTIVE

8.0.22 | 5.0.4 | 2.0.2

Connect to MySQL and phpMyAdmin directly in your Skills Network

**Start** **Stop**

**Summary** **Connection Information** **Details**

Get started with MySQL in a faster, easier way. To launch your

The screenshot displays the MySQL X extension within a browser window. The main content area features the MySQL logo and status information: "INACTIVE", "8.0.22", "5.0.4", and "2.0.2". A prominent blue "Start" button is highlighted with a red border. Below this are three tabs: "Summary" (underlined), "Connection Information", and "Details". A descriptive text at the bottom encourages users to get started with MySQL. The left sidebar contains icons for file operations (New, Open, Save, etc.), search, and other database management functions.



2. Once the MySQL server started, select the **Connection Information** tab. From that, copy the password.



 MySQL X

# MySQL

ACTIVE

8.0.22 | 5.0.4 | 2.0.2

Connect to MySQL and phpMyAdmin directly in your Skills Network.

[Start](#) [Stop](#)

[Summary](#) [Connection Information](#) [Details](#)

Your database and phpMyAdmin server are now ready to use. Please check out the Details section.

You can manage MySQL via:

[phpMyAdmin](#) [!\[\]\(01fb5058363dcb3bfe1ee1159e9c248e\_img.jpg\)](#)

Or to interact with the database in the terminal, select one of the

[MySQL CLI](#)

[New Terminal](#)





The screenshot shows a browser extension interface for managing MySQL connections. On the left, there's a vertical toolbar with icons for file operations, search, connection management, and settings. The main area has a tab titled "MySQL" with a close button. Below the tab, there are three configuration sections:

- MYSQL\_URL:** A text input field containing the URL `https://labs-mysql-melted-huge-1`.
- MySQL CLI Command:** A text input field containing the command `mysql --host=172.21.26.2`.
- MYSQL\_COMMAND:** A text input field containing the command `mysql --host=172.21.26.207`.

**MYSQL\_PASSWORD:**

vd6sFvnG62MCpW4grvhC3Cav

**MYSQL\_TITLE:**

MySQL Database 

**MYSQL\_ID:**

1abs-mysql-melted-huge-solstice



3. Connect to the MySQL server using the command below in the terminal. Make sure you use the password given to you when the MySQL server starts. Please make a note of the password because you will need it later.

1.  
1. mysql --host=mysql --port=3306 --user=root --password=Replace your password

Copied!

4. Create a database named tolldata.

At the **mysql>** prompt, run the command below to create the database.

1. 1

```
1. create database tolldata;
```

Copied!

5. Create a table named `livetolldata` with the schema to store the data generated by the traffic simulator.

Run the following command to create the table:

```
1. 1  
2. 2  
3. 3
```

```
1. use tolldata;  
2.  
3. create table livetolldata(timestamp datetime, vehicle_id int, vehicle_type char(15), toll_plaza_id smallint);
```

Copied!

**Note:** This is the table where you will store all streamed data that comes from Kafka. Each row is a record of when a vehicle has passed through a certain toll plaza along with its type and anonymized id.

6. Disconnect from the MySQL server.

```
1. 1  
1. exit
```

Copied!

## Exercise 4: Install the Python packages

1. Install the Python module `kafka-python`. This Python module will help you to communicate with kafka server. It can used to send and receive messages from Kafka.

1. 1

1. `pip3 install kafka-python`

Copied!

2. Install the Python module `mysql-connector-python` using the `pip` command.

1. 1

1. `pip3 install mysql-connector-python==8.0.31`

Copied!

This Python module will help you to interact with MySQL server.

## Exercise 5: Create data pipeline for toll data

1. Create a Kafka topic named `toll`.

2. Download the `toll_traffic_generator.py` from the url given below using `wget`.

1. 1

1. `wget https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBM-DB0250EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/Final%20Assignment/toll_traffic_generator.py`

Copied! Executed!

3. Open the code using the editor using the “Menu → File →Open” option.

4. Open the `toll_traffic_generator.py` and set the topic to `toll`.

5. Run the `toll_traffic_generator.py`.

1. 1

1. `python3 toll_traffic_generator.py`

Copied! Executed!

6. Download the `streaming-data-reader.py` from the URL below using `wget`.

1. 1

1. `wget https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/vVxmU5uatDowvAIKRZrFjg/streaming-data-reader.py`

Copied! Executed!

7. Open the `streaming-data-reader.py` and modify the following details so that the program can connect to your MySQL server.

TOPIC

DATABASE

USERNAME

PASSWORD

8. Run the `streaming-data-reader.py`.

1. 1

1. python3 streaming-data-reader.py

Copied! Executed!

9. If you completed all the steps correctly, the streaming toll data will get stored in the table `livetolldata`. As a last step in this lab, open mysql CLI and list the top 10 rows in the table `livetolldata`.

## Authors

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