## Properties of Triangle

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## I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1) In a  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\angle A = 90^{\circ}$  and AD is an altitude. Complete the relation

$$\frac{BD}{BA} = \frac{AB}{(...)} \tag{1980}$$

2) ABC is a triangle, P is a point on AB, and Q is point on AC such that  $\angle AQP = \angle ABC$ . Complete the relation

$$\frac{area\ of\triangle APQ}{area\ of\triangle ABC} = \frac{(...)}{AC^2}$$
 (1980)

3) ABC is a triangle with  $\angle B$  greater than  $\angle C$  D and E are the points on BC such that AD is perpendicular to BC and AE is the bisector of angle A .Complete the relation

$$\angle DAE = \frac{1}{2}[() - \angle C] \tag{1980}$$

- 4) the set of all real numbers a such that  $a^{2} + 2a, 2a + 3$  and  $a^{2} + 3a + 8$  are the sides of a triangle is ...... (1985 - 2 Marks)
- 5) In a triangle ABC, if  $\cot A, \cot B, \cot C$  are in A.P. ,then  $a^2,b^2,c^2$ , are in ..... progression (1985 - 2 Marks)
- 6) A polygon of nine sides, each of length 2, is inscribed in a circle. The radius of the circle is ..... (1987 - 2 Marks)
- 7) If the angles of a triangle are  $30^{\circ}$  and  $45^{\circ}$ and the included side is  $(\sqrt{3} + 1)$  cms, then the area of the triangle is ......(1988 - 2 Marks)
- 8) If the triangle ABC,  $\frac{2\cos A}{a} + \frac{2\cos B}{b} +$  $\frac{2\cos C}{c} = \frac{a}{bc} + \frac{b}{ac}, \text{ then the value of the angle}$ A is ...... degrees. (1993 - 2 Marks)
- 9) In the triangle ABC, AD is the altitude from A. Given b > c,  $\angle C = 23^{\circ}$  and  $AD = \frac{abc}{b^2 - c^2}$

then  $\angle B = \dots$ (1994 - 2 Marks)

- 10) A circle is inscribed in a equilateral triangle of a side a. The area of any square inscribed in this circle is ..... (1994 - 2 Marks)
- 11) In a triangle *ABC*, a:b:c=4:5:6. The ratio of the radius of the circumstances to that of the incircle is ...... (1996 - 1 Marks)

## II. MCQ WITH ONE CORRECT ANSWER

- 1) If the bisector of the angle P of a triangle PQR meets QR in S, then
  - (a) QS = SR
  - (b) QS:SR=PR:PQ
  - (c) QS:SR=PQ:PR
- (d) None of these (1979)
- 2) From the top of a light-house 60 meter high with its base at the sea level the angle of depression of a boat is 15°. The distance of the boat from the foot of the light house.

  - (a)  $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1}\right)$  60 metres (b)  $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1}\right)$  60 metres (c)  $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1}\right)^2$  60 metres (d) none of these
  - (d) none of these (1983 - 2 Marks)
- 3) In the triangle ABC, angle A is the greater than angle B. If the measures of the angles A and B satisfies the equation  $3 \sin x - 4 \sin^3 x - k =$ 0, 0 < k < 1, then the measure of the angle C is

  - (a)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ (b)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (c)  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ (d)  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ (1990 - 2 Marks)
- 4) If the lengths of the sides of triangles are 3,5,7 then the largest angles of the triangle is

  - (a)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (b)  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ (c)  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ (d)  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ (1994)