Assignment 4

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/sachinomdubey/Matrix-theory/ Assignment4/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/sachinomdubey/Matrix-theory/ Assignment4

If any two row or column of determinant is same, then the value of determinant is zero:

$$\Delta = (ab + bc + ac) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & 1 \\ 1 & ca & 1 \\ 1 & ab & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
 (0.2.6)

$$\therefore \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & a(b+c) \\ 1 & ca & b(c+a) \\ 1 & ab & c(a+b) \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
 (0.2.7)

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & a(b+c) \\ 1 & ca & b(c+a) \\ 1 & ab & c(a+b) \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
 (0.2.7)

Hence proved.

0.1 Problem

(Section 3.10) 12. Show that:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & a(b+c) \\ 1 & ca & b(c+a) \\ 1 & ab & c(a+b) \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
 (0.1.1)

0.2 Solution

Given determinant:

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & a(b+c) \\ 1 & ca & b(c+a) \\ 1 & ab & c(a+b) \end{vmatrix}$$
 (0.2.1)

Applying transformation:

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & a(b+c) \\ 1 & ca & b(c+a) \\ 1 & ab & c(a+b) \end{vmatrix}$$
 (0.2.2)

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & ab + ac \\ 1 & ca & bc + ab \\ 1 & ab & ac + bc \end{vmatrix}$$
 (0.2.3)

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & a(b+c) \\ 1 & ca & b(c+a) \\ 1 & ab & c(a+b) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & ab+ac \\ 1 & ca & bc+ab \\ 1 & ab & ac+bc \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{C_3 \leftarrow C_3 + C_2}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & ab+ac+bc \\ 1 & ca & bc+ab+ca \\ 1 & ab & ac+bc+ab \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(0.2.2)$$

Taking (ab+bc+ac) common from C3:

$$\Delta = (ab + bc + ac) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & bc & 1 \\ 1 & ca & 1 \\ 1 & ab & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (0.2.5)