	<pre>import gensim import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report #load the 'OHLC' data</pre>
[7]:	<pre>csv_file_path = "C:/Users/narayan/Downloads/Reliance.csv" df = pd.read_csv(csv_file_path) #display the first few row print("OHLC Data (First 5 rows):") print(df.head())</pre>
	<pre>print("\nColumn Names:", df.columns) OHLC Data (First 5 rows):</pre>
[]:	3 2015-03-20 09:18:00+05:30 425.90 425.95 425.85 425.85 659 4 2015-03-20 09:19:00+05:30 426.25 426.40 425.15 425.15 1548 Column Names: Index(['date', 'open', 'high', 'low', 'close', 'volume'], dtype='object') #load the vector embeddings using gensim kv_file_path = "C:/Users/narayan/Downloads/Reliance_embeddings.kv"
16]:	<pre>kv_model = gensim.models.KeyedVectors.load(kv_file_path, mmap='r') #display embedding vectors for the first few keys print(f"\nNumber of Keys in Embeddings Model: {len(kv_model.key_to_index)}") print(f"Sample Keys: {list(kv_model.key_to_index.keys())[:5]}")</pre>
17]:	<pre>Number of Keys in Embeddings Model: 29979 Sample Keys: ['reliance_1', 'reliance_2', 'reliance_4', 'reliance_5'] #cheking key for specific vector print("\nVector for 'reliance_1':") print(kv_model['reliance_1'])</pre>
[18]:	<pre>print("\nVector for 'reliance_1':")</pre>
[21]:	
	<pre>#cheking the structure of the ohlc data with new columns print("\nOHLC Data with Returns and Signals (First 5 rows):") print(ohlc_data.head()) OHLC Data with Returns and Signals (First 5 rows):</pre>
	0 2015-03-20 09:15:00+05:30 425.00 426.25 425.00 425.00 1186 1 2015-03-20 09:16:00+05:30 424.50 425.00 424.20 425.00 768 2 2015-03-20 09:17:00+05:30 425.00 425.00 425.15 425 3 2015-03-20 09:18:00+05:30 425.90 425.95 425.85 425.85 659 4 2015-03-20 09:19:00+05:30 426.25 426.40 425.15 425.15 1548 Return Signal 0 0.000000 0 1 0.000353 1 2 0.001646 1 3 -0.001644 0 4 -0.002587 0
24]:	<pre>#split the data into training and test sets (80% training, 20% test) X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(embeddings, ohlc_data['Signal'].dropna(), test_size=0.2, random_state=42) #Use a simple classifier (Random Forest) to predict price movements clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42) clf.fit(X_train, y_train)</pre>
25]:	<pre>RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42) #predict on the test set y_pred = clf.predict(X_test) #evaluate the model</pre>
	<pre>#evaluate the mode! accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred) print(f"\nAccuracy of the model: {accuracy * 100:.2f}%") print("\nClassification Report:") print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred)) Accuracy of the model: 62.58%</pre>
	Classification Report: precision recall f1-score
27]:	macro avg 0.51 0.50 0.42 5996 weighted avg 0.55 0.63 0.51 5996 #visualize Buy/Sell signals on the Close price chart ohlc_data['Predicted Signal'] = np.nan
30]:	<pre>ohlc_data.iloc[X_train.shape[0]:, ohlc_data.columns.get_loc('Predicted Signal')] = y_pred #plot the Close price and predicted buy/sell signals plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6)) plt.plot(ohlc_data['close'], label='Close Price', color='b') buy_signals = ohlc_data[(ohlc_data['Predicted Signal'] == 1)]</pre>
	<pre>sell_signals = ohlc_data[(ohlc_data['Predicted Signal'] == 0)] plt.scatter(buy_signals.index, buy_signals['close'], marker='^', color='g', label='Buy Signal', alpha=1) plt.scatter(sell_signals.index, sell_signals['close'], marker='v', color='r', label='Sell Signal', alpha=1) plt.title('Stock Price with Buy/Sell Signals') plt.legend() plt.show()</pre>
	Stock Price with Buy/Sell Signals Close Price Buy Signal Sell Signal 380 340 340 0 5000 10000 15000 20000 25000 30000
[]:	
[]:	#Overview of the Strategy 1) Using the insights from the vector embeddings, a classification—based trading strategy is developed. 2) The vectors are treated as features, and we aim to predict whether the stock price will go up or down in the next time window.

In [1]: #import necessary libraries

In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np