ITA0464 R Programming (Lab Day 1)

1. Write a R program to take input from the user (name and age) and display the values. Also print the version of R installation.

```
> name = readline(prompt="Input your name: ")
Input your name: pavan sai
> age = readline(prompt="Input your age: ")
Input your age: 19
> print(paste("My name is",name, "and I am",age ,"years old."))
[1] "My name is pavan sai and I am 19 years old."
> print(R.version.string)
[1] "R version 4.3.2 (2023-10-31 ucrt)"
> |
```

2. Write a R program to get the details of the objects in memory

```
## The dist We the Proper Worker with

**To dis
```

3. Write a R program to create a sequence of numbers from 20 to 50 and find the mean of numbers from 20 to 60 and sum of numbers from 51 to 91

```
> print("Sequence of numbers from 20 to 50:")
[1] "Sequence of numbers from 20 to 50:"
> print(seq(20,50))
[1] 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50
> print("Mean of numbers from 20 to 60:")
[1] "Mean of numbers from 20 to 60:"
> print(mean(20:60))
[1] 40
> print("Sum of numbers from 51 to 91:")
[1] "Sum of numbers from 51 to 91:"
> print(sum(51:91))
[1] 2911
```

4. Write a R program to create a vector which contains 10 random integer values between -50 and +50.

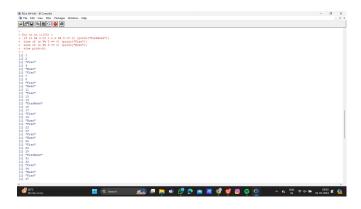
```
> v = sample(-50:50, 10, replace=TRUE)
> print("Content of the vector:")
[1] "Content of the vector:"
> print("10 random integer values between -50 and +50:")
[1] "10 random integer values between -50 and +50:"
> print(v)
[1] -12 -10 -42 8 -35 -6 9 33 -3 -42
> |
```

5. Write a R program to get the first 10 Fibonacci numbers.

```
> # Initialize the first two Fibonacci numbers
> fibonacci <- c(0, 1)
>
> # Generate the remaining Fibonacci numbers
> for (i in 3:10) {
+ next_fib <- fibonacci[i-1] + fibonacci[i-2] +
    fibonacci <- c(fibonacci, next_fib)
+ }
>
> # Print the first 10 Fibonacci numbers
> cat("First 10 Fibonacci numbers:", fibonacci, "\n")
First 10 Fibonacci numbers: 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
> |
```

6. Write a R program to get all prime numbers up to a given number (based on the sieve of Eratosthenes)

7. Write a R program to print the numbers from 1 to 100 and print "Fizz" for multiples of 3, print "Buzz" for multiples of 5, and print "FizzBuzz" for multiples of both.



8. Write a R program to extract first 10 English letters in lower case and last 10 letters in upper case and extract letters between 22nd to 24th letters in upper case.

```
> print("First 10 letters in lower case:")
[1] "First 10 letters in lower case:"
> t = head(letters, 10)
> print(t)
[1] "a" "b" "c" "d" "e" "f" "g" "h" "i" "j"
> print("Last 10 letters in upper case:")
[1] "Last 10 letters in upper case:"
> t = tail(LETTERS, 10)
> print(t)
[1] "Q" "R" "S" "T" "U" "V" "W" "X" "Y" "Z"
> print("Letters between 22nd to 24th letters in upper case:")
[1] "Letters between 22nd to 24th letters in upper case:"
> e = tail(LETTERS[22:24])
> print(e)
[1] "V" "W" "X"
> |
```

9. Write a R program to find the factors of a given number

10. Write a R program to find the maximum and the minimum value of a given vector

```
> x = c(10, 20, 30, 25, 9, 26)
> print("Original Vectors:")
[1] "Original Vectors:"
> print(x)
[1] 10 20 30 25 9 26
> print("Maximum value of the above Vector:")
[1] "Maximum value of the above Vector:"
> print(max(x))
[1] 30
> print("Minimum value of the above Vector:")
[1] "Minimum value of the above Vector:")
[1] "Minimum value of the above Vector:")
[1] "Print(min(x))
[1] 9
```