Important MCO Questions: 1. Impress is one of the important components of the LibreOffice suite from The Document Foundation. It is free, open source and widely used by a large community to create ______. a. Presentation b. Spreadsheet c. Documentation d. None of the above a. Presentation 2. A presentation includes . a. Regular text b. Graphics elements c. Animation d. All of the above d. All of the above 3. Which programme will the teacher use to teach Physics in the class and demonstrate ideas using visuals and animation? a. Presentation b. Spreadsheet c. Documentation d. None of the above Ans. a) Presentation 4. The full form of WAN is (a) Wide Area Network (b) World Area Network (c) Wise Area Network (d) With All Network Ans. (a) Wide Area Network 5. Interactive combination of text, graphics, images, audio, video etc. is known as a. Information (b)Storage (c)Internet (d)Multimedia Ans. (d) Multimedia 6. LibreOffice Impress runs on which operating system? a. Windows b. Linux

c. Mac

d. All of the above

	d. All of the above
7.	What are the different presentation software available in computer systems?
	a. MS-Office 365
	b. PowerPoint
	c. Google Slides
	d. All of the above
	d. All of the above
8.	In LibreOffice Impress, an effective presentation can be created by using
	a. Multimedia element
	b. Sound & Video
	c. Animation
	d. All of the above
	d. All of the above
9.	What are the characteristics of a good presentation?
	a. Correct use of grammar and language
	b. Inserting images, drawings, tables or graphs
	c. Pay attention to target group
	d. All of the above
4.0	d. All of the above
10.	The parts of Impress in LibreOffice?
	a. Slides, Slide pane and Slide show
	b. Custom animation
	c. Slide transition
	d. All of the above
	d. All of the above
11.	<i>1</i>
	a. Custom animationb. Slide transition
	c. Drawing tools d. Insertion point
	d. Hisertion point
10	a. Custom animation
12.	helps to create animation between two or more than two slides.
	a. Custom animation b. Slide transition
	c. Drawing tools
	d. Insertion point
1.2	b. Slide transition
13.	Using, you can make various artistic works in the presentation to
	make your presentation effective.
	a. Custom animation
	b. Slide transition

	c. Drawing tools	
	d. Insertion point	
1 /	c. Drawing tools	
14.	a. Alt + F4	_•
	b. Ctrl + Q	
	c. Both a) and b)	
	d. None of the above	
	c. Both a) and b)	
15.	shortcut key helps to create a new Impress temp	olate.
	a. Ctrl + Q	
	b. $Ctrl + N$	
	c. $Ctrl + M$	
	d. None of the above	
	PR I	
16.	is an icon of formatting feature.	
	Ans. (d) Merge and center in Home tab	
17	type of chart is used for illustrating the market trer	nde
1/.	Ans. Bar Chart	ius
	Alis. But Chart	
	·	
18.	. Presentation is a group of multiple	
	Ans. Slides	
19.	. Shortcut key for combining multiple objects in a single obj	ect.
	a. Ctrl + Shift + G	
	b. Ctrl + G	
	c. Alt + G	
	d. None of the above	
	9.1.91199	
20	a. Ctrl + Shift + G	
20.	Shortcut key for ungrouping the object?	
	a. Ctrl + Shift + G	
	b. Ctrl + Alt + Shift + G c. Ctrl + U	
	d. Ctrl + G	
	d. Cul + G	
	b. Ctrl + Alt + Shift + G	
21.	Impress slide masters are available in the see	ction of the Sidebar.
	a. Sub Page Section	
	b. Master Page Section	
	c. Main Page Section	
	d. None of the above	
	b. Master Page Section	
22.	On Presentation Wizard, which of the following options is	not available?
	a. Empty presentation	

	c. Open new presentation	
	d. Open existing presentation	
	1. 1.	
22	b. Form template	
23.	. Which of the following is not a part of the main Impress a. Slides pane	window:
	b. Workspace	
	c. Work pane	
	d. Task pane	
	u. Task pane	
	c. Work pane	
24.	CPU stands for	
	(a) Center Process Unity	
	a. Central Processing Unit	
	b. Center Processing Unit	
	c. Center Process Unit	
	Ans. (b) Central Processing Unit	
25.	is the extension of MS-Word.	
	adocx	
	bdoc	
	c. Both (a) and (b)	
	d. None	
	Ans. (c) Both	
26.	. Shortcut key for Superscript in Impress?	
	a. $Shift + Ctrl + P$	
	b. Shift + Ctrl + B	
	c. $Shift + Ctrl + D$	
	d. None of the above	
	a. Shift + Ctrl + P	
27.	. Shortcut key for Subscript in Impress?	
	a. Shift + Ctrl + P	
	b. Shift + Ctrl + B	
	c. $Shift + Ctrl + D$	
	d. None of the above	
	b. Shift + Ctrl + B	
28.	. What are the different alignments available in Impress?	
	a. Center b. Loft + Dight	
	b. Left + Right	
	c. Justify d. All of the above	
20	d. All of the aboveA word wrap feature of any word processor automatically	wrane any toyt
<i>=</i>) •	extending beyond the right margin to the next line	maps any text
	a. True	

b. Form template

a. Data tran b. Data flow c. Data con	nsfer w	a from one location to	o another is called:
d. Data ma: Ans.(a) Data Tra			
. In spreadsheet	software, what is	the column immedia	tely next to column
a. ZA Ans. (c) AZ	(b)ZZ	(c)AZ	(d)AA
a. Tabulation ofb. Simple mathe			vities.
d. All of the abo			
d. All of the abo	eadsheet application	n of suite.	
a. Microsoft Off)		
	,		
a. Microsoft Offb. LibreOfficec. Both a) and b	bove		
a. Microsoft Off b. LibreOffice c. Both a) and b d. None of the a c. Both a) and b After installing installed.	bove)	ng System, by default	 t LibreOffice gets
a. Microsoft Off b. LibreOffice c. Both a) and b d. None of the a c. Both a) and b	bove)	ng System, by default	t LibreOffice gets

	. Menu bar is located just below the	
	a. Title Bar b. Standard Toolbar	
	c. Formula Bar	
	d. Formatting Toolbar	
·	d. I officiating Toolour	
36.	a. Title Bar 5. By default, the Calc displays the Standard and Formatting toolba	ars at the top of
	the workspace. These toolbar provide a wide range of common co functions. Placing the mouse cursor over any icon displays a small	
	a. Toolmenu	
	b. Tooltip	
	c. Toolbar	
	d. None of the above	
-	b. Tooltip	
1	 When the mouse pointer is placed over a cell, it is selected and re data from the user. This selected or activated cell is called as	
-	b. Active Cell	
	8. When we are selecting multiple columns in a spreadsheet it is call a. Column range	ed
	b. Row range	
	c. Cell range	
	d. None of the above	
i	a. Column range b. When we are selecting multiple rows in a spreadsheet it is called a. Column range b. Row range c. Cell range d. None of the above	·

	b. Row range		
40.	The	is used to select more than one 'range of o	cells' in a worksheet.
	a. Alter key	_	
	b. Shift key		
	c. Control key		
	d. Enter key		
	c. Control key		
41.		text entered by using a keyboard. It may co	ombine with
	a. Letters		
	b. Numbers		
	c. Special Symbol	ls	
	d. All of the above		
	d. All of the above	e	
42.	Any expression t	hat begins with is treated as a	formula.
	a. =		
	b. \$		
	c. #		
	d. %		
	a. =		
43.		n, the followed by values, cell add nula.	ress and functions
	a. =		
	b. \$		
	c. #		
	d. %		
	a. =		
44.	values of these co	ned from a formula always get updatedells mentioned in the formula change.	when the
	a. Manually		
	b. Automatically		
	c. Some time		
	d. Never		

b. Automatically 45. To calculate the total no of cells from A1 to A5, Which formula you will use. a. =A1+A2+A3+A4+A5b. =sum(A1;A5) c. Both a) and b) d. None of the above c. Both a) and b) 46. To find the average of the cells from A1 to A5, Which formula you will use. a. =(A1+A2+A3+A4+A5)/5b. =average(A1;A5) c. Both a) and b) d. None of the above c. Both a) and b) 47. To find the maximum value from the cells A1 to A5, Which formula you will use. a. = maximum(A1;A5)b. = max(A1;A5)c. Both a) and b) d. None of the above b. =max(A1;A5) 48. To find the minimum value from the cell A1 to A5, Which formula you will use. a. =minimum(A1;A5) b. = min(A1;A5)c. Both a) and b) d. None of the above b. =min(A1;A5) 49. To count the total no of cells from A1 to A5, Which formula you will use. a. =countblank(A1;A5) b. = count(A1;A5)c. Both a) and b) d. None of the above

	b. = count(A1;A5)
50.	You can open this Format Cell dialog box by pressing the shortcut key
	a. Ctrl + I b. Ctrl + F c. Ctrl + P d. Ctrl + D
	a. Ctrl + I
51.	Rehearse Timing command is present on menu. a. Slide Show (b)Format (c)Tools (d)Window Ans. (a) Slide Show
52.	The printed copy of a document is called a soft copy. a. True (b)False Ans. (b) False
53.	I am pictorial representation of worksheet data. Who am I? a. Flowchart (b)Chart (c)Picture (d)Graphic Ans. (b) Chart
54.	Word processing is a computer software tothe document. a. Edit & format b. Store & retrieve c. Print d. All of the above
	d. All of the above
55.	What are the limitations to using a typewriter? a. Very difficult to correct the typing error b. Not allowed to share same document to multiple people c. Typewriter does not have all the required characters or symbols. d. All of the above
	d. All of the above

	ar Xerox company has introduced an electronic typewriter.
a. 1970	
b. 1974	
c. 1978	
d. 1982	
b. 1974	
	the advantages for an electronic typewriter?
	you can make changes in the content
	e copies can be created
c. Both a)	,
d. None of	f the above
c. Both a)	and b)
8. Word pro a. 1970	ocessing software was introduced in the year of
b. 1980	
c. 1985	
d. 1990	
a. 19 ⁰ 9. GUI Stan	
	User Interface
-	User Interface
	cal User Interface
	f the above
c. Graphic	cal User Interface
0. What are	the features of Word processing software?
	edit, save, retrieve and print the document
	he text from one location to another by selecting it and moving it.
_	the font size, font style of the text
d. All of th	he above
d. All of th	he above

61.	Word processing software is being used in the	for preparing letters,
	reports, and many other different types of documents.	
	a. Business	
	b. Home	
	c. Education	
	d. All of the above	
	d. All of the above	
	d. All of the above	
62.	Office suits is a collection of programs, which are useful fo	r .
	a. Word processing	
	b. Spreadsheet preparing	
	c. Presentation & Database	
	d. All of the above	
	d. All of the above	
	d. All of the doore	
63.	What are the advantages for LibreOffice? a. Open Source Software b. Support many languages c. Run of multiple platforms d. All of the above	
	d. All of the above	
64.	By mistake, you have made some change and you want to edone using	erase the last change
	a. Undo	
	b. Redo	
	c. Delete	
	d. None of the above	
	a. Undo	
65	After the undo command, if you want to go back then you	can use
05.	a. Undo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	b. Redo	
	c. Delete	
	d. None of the above	

	b. Redo
66.	is located on the top of the Writer window. It shows the name of the
	currently opened document.
	a. Title Bar
	b. Menu Bar
	c. Standard Toolbar
	d. None of the above
	a. Title Bar
67.	appears below the Title Bar. It shows the File, Edit, View, Insert,
	Format, Tables, Tools, Window and Help.
	a. Title Bar
	b. Menu Bar
	c. Standard Toolbar
	d. None of the above
	b. Menu Bar
68.	The tool bar appears below the Menu Bar.
	a. Title Bar
	b. Menu Bar
	c. Standard Toolbar
	d. None of the above
	c. Standard Toolbar
69.	contains the various options for formatting a document and icons
	are used to show a graphical representation of commands.
	a. Title Bar
	b. Menu Bar
	c. Formatting toolbar
	d. None of the above
	c. Formatting toolbar
70.	This is located at the bottom left of the Writer window and shows the number of pages, words, language used, zooming, and other information. a. Title Bar b. Status Bar

	c. Formatting toolbar d. None of the above	
	b. Status Bar	
71.	It allows you to adjust the text and image scale in the docur	nent only for viewing
	purposes.	
	a. Zoom	
	b. Status Bar	
	c. Formatting toolbar	
	d. None of the above	
72.	a. Zoom keys help to jump to the beginning of the line. a. Home b. End c. Page Up d. Page Down	
	a. Home	