

# Project 1

CS325 — Spring 2015

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by Group 2

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## 1 Theoretical Run-time Analysis

### 1.1 Algorithm 1

%% ENTER PSEUDO-CODE HERE %%

#### Asymptotic Analysis

We have  $O(n^2)$  pairs \*  $O(n)$  time to compute each sum =  $O(n^3)$ .

### 1.2 Algorithm 2

%% ENTER PSEUDO-CODE HERE %%

#### Asymptotic Analysis

We have  $O(n)$  i-iterations (outer loop) \*  $O(n)$  j-iterations (inner loop) \*  $O(n)$  for the time to update =  $O(n^2)$ .

### 1.3 Algorithm 3

%% ENTER PSEUDO-CODE HERE %%

#### Asymptotic Analysis

We have  $T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + \Theta(n)$ . This falls within Case 2 of the Master Method, and therefore yields a solution of  $\Theta(n \lg n)$ .

### 1.4 Algorithm 4

%% ENTER PSEUDO-CODE HERE %%

#### Asymptotic Analysis

We have  $O(n)$  things to compute, therefore this takes  $O(n)$  time.

## 2 Proof of Correctness: Algorithm 3

### Base Case

We pass in either an empty array or an array consisting of 1 element. In the first case, an empty array is returned and in the second case the algorithm returns the same array that had been passed in since it is the max subarray within that array.

### Inductive Hypothesis

Assume that algorithm 3 correctly returns a max subarray from an array of  $n+1$  elements.

Inductive Step

Termination

**3    Testing**

**4    Experimental Analysis**

**5    Extrapolation and interpretation**