

Name: NarenSRN: PES2UG20CS216Section: GChandrashekharDate: 3/06/2021Week Number: 5

```
1)Write functions to
1
     a) Reverse a string.
     b) Check for equality of strings.
       Input1:
       Enter string
       abbcbba
       Output1:
       Reversed string is = abbcbba
       Given string is abbcbba is palindrome
       Input2:
       Enter string
       hi
       Output2:
       Reversed string is = ih
       Given string is hi is not palindrome
     Program:
     CLIENT FILE
     #include<stdio.h>
     #include<conio.h>
     #include "server.h"
     int main()
     {
            char s[100],rev[50],r;
            printf("Enter a string ");
            scanf("%s",&s);
            reverse(s,rev);
            printf("Reveresed sting is %s\n",rev);
            if(!strcmp1(s,rev))
                   printf("The string is a palindrome");
            else
                   printf("The string is not a palindrome");
            return 0;
```



```
Server.h
void reverse(char *s, char *rev);
int strcmp1(char *s1, char *s2);
server.c
#include<string.h>
void reverse(char *s,char *rev)
{
       int i,j,len;
       len = strlen(s);
       for(i=0,j=len-1;i<len;i++,j--)
              *(rev+i) = *(s+j);
       rev[len] = '\0';
int strcmp1(char *s1, char *s2)
{
       int i,j,len;
       len = strlen(s1);
       for(i=0,j=0;i<len;i++,j++)
              if(*(s1+i) == *(s2+j))
                      continue;
              else if(*(s1+i) > *(s2+j))
                      return 1;
              else
                      return -1;
       return 0;
Output Screenshot:
```



```
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program1>gcc -c server.c
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program1>gcc -c Program1.c
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program1>gcc server.o Program1.o
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program1>a
      Enter a string madam
      Reveresed sting is madam
     The string is a palindrome
      D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program1>a
     Enter a string programming
     Reveresed sting is gnimmargorp
     The string is not a palindrome
     Write function to find all occurrences of a character in a string and use this function to
2
     replace all occurences of a character by specific character.
     Input1:
     Enter the string: Welcome to C programming
     Enter a character to replace: o
     Enter character to replace with r: @
     Output1:
     Before replace: Welcome to C programming
     After replace: Welc@me t@ C pr@gramming
     Program:
     CLIENT FILE
     #include<stdio.h>
     #include<conio.h>
     #include "server.h"
     int main()
     {
             char s[40],ch,ch1;
             printf("Enter a string ");
             scanf("\%[^\n]",&s);
             fflush(stdin);
             printf("Enter a character to replace ");
             ch = getchar();
            fflush(stdin);
             printf("Enter character to replace with ");
             ch1 = getchar();
             replace(s,ch,ch1);
             printf("The modified sting is %s",s);
             return 0;
```



```
server.c
     #include<string.h>
     void replace(char *s, char ch1, char ch2)
             int i,len;
            len = strlen(s);
             for(i=0;i<len;i++)
                    if(*(s+i)==ch1)
                            *(s+i) = ch2;
             }
     }
     server.h
     void replace(char *s, char ch1, char ch2);
     Output Screenshot:
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program2>gcc -c server.c
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program2>gcc -c Program2.c
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program2>gcc server.o Program2.o
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer Science- C Programming\C Lab\Week 5\Program2>a
     Enter a string welcome to C programming
     Enter a character to replace o
     Enter character to replace with x
     The modified sting is welcxme tx C prxgramming
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program2>a
     Enter a string hello world
     Enter a character to replace l
     Enter character to replace with @
     The modified sting is hea@o wor@d
3
     Write a function to remove all repeated characters from a given string and display the
     string without duplicate characters.
     Input 1:
     Enter any string: hello world
     Output 1:
     String before removing duplicates: hello world
```



```
String after removing duplicates: helo wrd
Input 1:
Enter any string: programming in c
Output 1:
String before removing duplicates: programming in c
String after removing duplicates: progamin c
Program:
CLIENT FILE
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include "server.h"
int main()
{
       char s[40], mod[40];
       printf("Enter a string ");
       scanf("\%[^{n}]",&s);
       fflush(stdin);
       printf("The string before duplication is %s\n",s);
       remduplicate(s,mod);
       printf("The string after removing duplication is %s",mod);
       return 0;
}
server.c
#include<string.h>
void remduplicate(char *s, char *remdup)
       int i,len,j,count,found;
       len = strlen(s);
       remdup[0] = s[0];
       count = 1;
       for(i=1;i<len;i++)
              found = 0;
              for(j=0;j <= count;j++)
```



```
if(*(s+i)==*(remdup+j))
                                   found = 1;
                                   break;
                            }
                    if(!found)
                            remdup[count]=s[i];
                           //printf("%c\n",remdup[count]);
                            count++;
                    }
             remdup[count]='\0';
     }
     server.h
     void remduplicate(char *s, char *mod);
     Output Screenshot:
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program3>gcc -c server.c
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program3>gcc -c Program3.c
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program3>gcc server.o Program3.o
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program3>a
     Enter a string hello world
     The string before duplication is hello world
     The string after removing duplication is helo wrd
     D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer Science- C Programming\C Lab\Week 5\Program3>a
     Enter a string welcome to c programming
     The string before duplication is welcome to c programming
     The string after removing duplication is welcom tprgain
4
     Write function to Concatenate two strings and use this to concatenate n (i.e, say 2)
     strings.
     Input 1:
     Enter 1st string
     pes
     Enter 2nd string
```



```
university
Enter number of times u want to append
1
Output1:
Concatenated string is pesuniversity
Input2:
Enter 1st string
pes
Enter 2nd string
university
Enter number of times u want to append
2
Output2:
Concatenated string is pesuniversityuniversity
Program:
CLIENT FILE
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include "server.h"
int main()
{
       int n;
       char s1[40],s2[40];
       printf("Enter the first string ");
       scanf("%s",&s1);
       printf("Enter the second string ");
```



```
scanf("%s",&s2);
       printf("Enter the number of times you want to append ");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       append(s1,s2,n);
       return 0;
}
server.h
void append(char *s1, char *s2, int n);
server.c
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void append(char *s1, char *s2, int n)
{
       int i,len,j,k,m;
       char newstring[80];
       len = strlen(s1);
       for(i=0;i<len;i++)
               *(newstring+i) = *(s1+i);
       for(m=0;m<n;m++)
               for(j=len,k=0;k < strlen(s2);j++,k++)
                      *(newstring+j) = *(s2+k);
               len=j;
       }
       newstring[j]='\0';
       printf("The concatenated string is %s",newstring);
}
Output Screenshot:
```



```
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program4>gcc -c server.c
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program4>gcc -c Program4.c
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program4>gcc server.o Program4.o
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\Program4>a
Enter the first string hello
Enter the second string world
Enter the number of times you want to append 3
The concatenated string is helloworldworldworld
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer Science- C Programming\C Lab\Week 5\Program4>a
Enter the first string body
Enter the second string building
Enter the number of times you want to append 2
The concatenated string is bodybuildingbuilding
```

Practice Programs

1 Write a function to count the number of occurrences of a given character. Use this to find the number of occurrences of every character in a word.

Input:

pesit pes!

Output:

i occurs is 1 times

t occurs is 1 times

occurs is 1 times

p occurs is 2 times

e occurs is 2 times

s occurs is 2 times

! occurs is 1 times

Program:

CLIENT FILE

#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

#include<string.h>



```
#include "server.h"
int main()
{
       char s[50],s1[50];
       int i,len;
       printf("Enter a string ");
       scanf("%[^\n]",&s);
       fflush(stdin);
       printf("%s",s);
       finduniquechar(s,s1);
       len = strlen(s1);
       for(i=0;i<len;i++)
               printf("\n%c occurs %d times",s1[i],findoccurence(s,s1[i]));
       return 0;
}
server.h
int findoccurence(char *s,char ch);
void finduniquechar(char *s, char *s1);
server.c
#include<string.h>
void finduniquechar(char *s, char *s1)
       int i,len,j,count,found;
       len = strlen(s);
       s1[0] = s[0];
       count = 1;
```



```
for(i=1;i<len;i++)
               found = 0;
               for(j=0;j \le count;j++)
                      if(*(s+i)==*(s1+j))
                              found = 1;
                              break;
                       }
               }
               if(!found)
                      s1[count]=s[i];
                       count++;
       }
       s1[count]='\0';
}
int findoccurence(char *s, char ch1)
{
       int i,len,count=0;
       len = strlen(s);
       for(i=0;i<len;i++)
               if(*(s+i)==ch1)
                       count++;
       }
```



```
return count;
}
Output Screenshot:
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\PracticeProgram1>gcc -c server.c
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\PracticeProgram1>gcc -c PracticeProgram1.c
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\PracticeProgram1>gcc server.o PracticeProgram1.o
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\PracticeProgram1>a
Enter a string welcome to programming
velcome to programming
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 2 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 3 times
 occurs 3 times
 occurs 2 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 2 times
 occurs 2 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 1 times
D:\PES\Semester 2\Computer_Science- C Programming\C_Lab\Week_5\PracticeProgram1>a
inter a string hello world
nello world
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 3 times
 occurs 2 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 1 times
 occurs 1 times
Write the function strend (s, t), which returns 1 if the string t occurs at the end of the
string s, and zero otherwise.
Input1:
hello world!
world
Output 1:
0
Input2:
hello world! world
world
Output 2:
```



1
D.
Program:
Output Screenshot:
Catpat betoenout.