GitHub Commands

You should know!



git init

Initializes a new git repository

git add <files>

Add files to the staging area Use git add. to add all files

git reset

Undo the changes to the local files, restore the last commit.

git diff

Displays the difference between files in two commits or between a commit and your current repository

git status

It is used to check the state of the staging area and the working directory.

git commit -m "message"

This command is used to commit files (locally) on the repository.

git log

It is used to view the entire commit history.

git clone [url]

Used to download existing code from a remote repository.

git branch

Used to list all the local branches on the machine.

git branch
branch-name>

Used to create a new branch locally.

git branch -d <branch-name>

Used to delete a branch.

git branch -m <new-name>

Used to rename the current working branch.

git merge
branch-name>

Merges the provided branch with the current working branch.

git checkout
branch-name>

Used to switch from current branch to another one.

git checkout -b
branch-name>

Creates a new branch and switches to the new one.

git push <remote>

 <ahe-mail color="block">branch-name>

Used to save all commits to the remote repository.

git pull <remote>

Used to pull down all the updates from the remote repository.

git rm <file-name>

Used to remove a file from the working directory.

git stash

It is used to temporarily remove uncommitted changes.

git pull

It is used to fetch and merge any commits from the tracking remote branch

Thank You

That's all for now!

If you like this make sure to connect or follow me!

