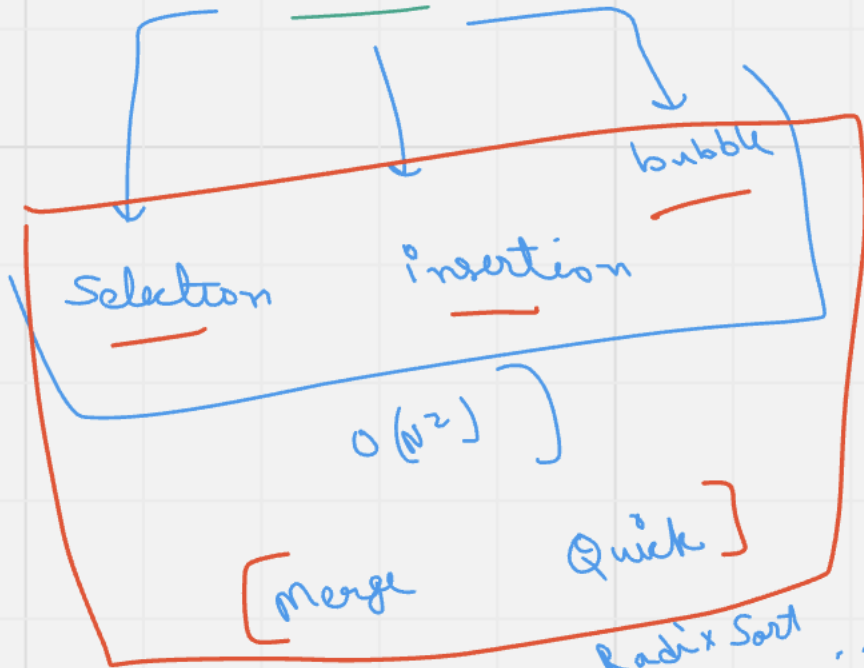


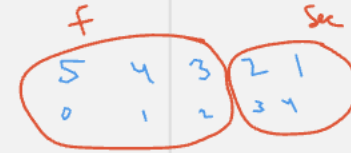
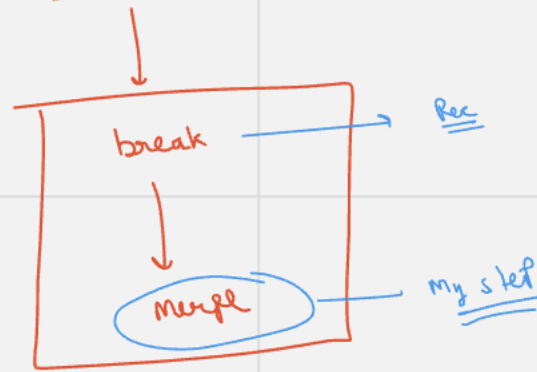
Sorting



Tim Sort

Radix Sort, heap sort

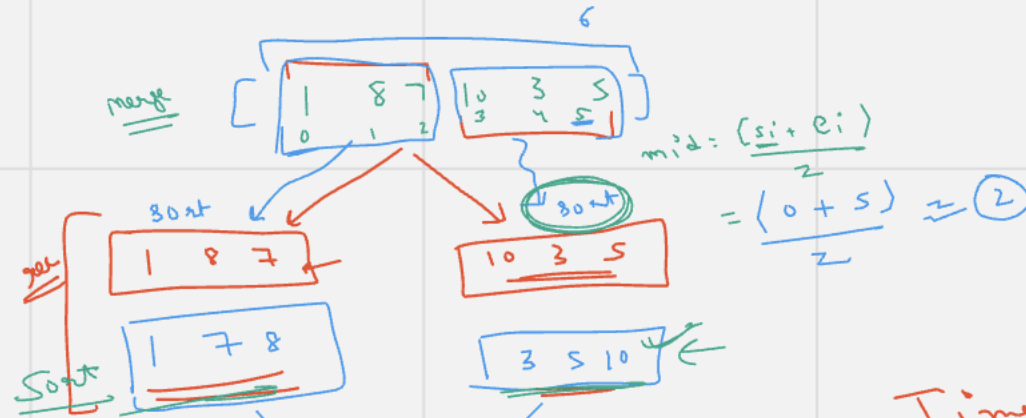
merge Sort



$$mid = \frac{(0 + 4)}{2} = 2$$

find mid

[rec sort A/
A2

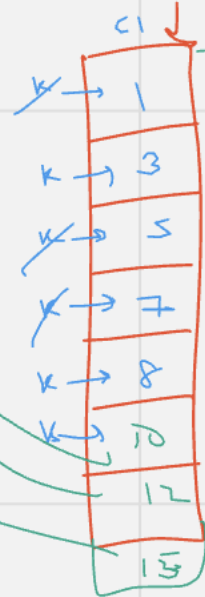
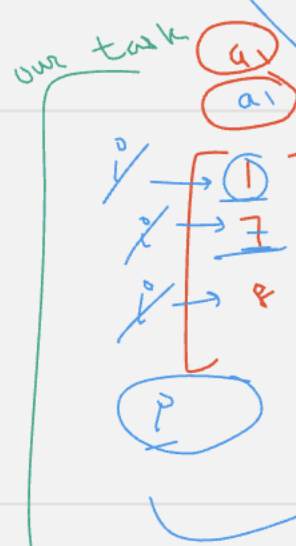


merge

our

$$a1 + b1$$

$$O(n)$$



Time
 $O(n)$

$$O(n) * \log(n)$$

T.C $O(n \log n)$

S.C $O(n)$

merge Sort

$k = 0$
arr [1 7 8 3 8 10]

a) [1 7 8]

b) [3 5 10]

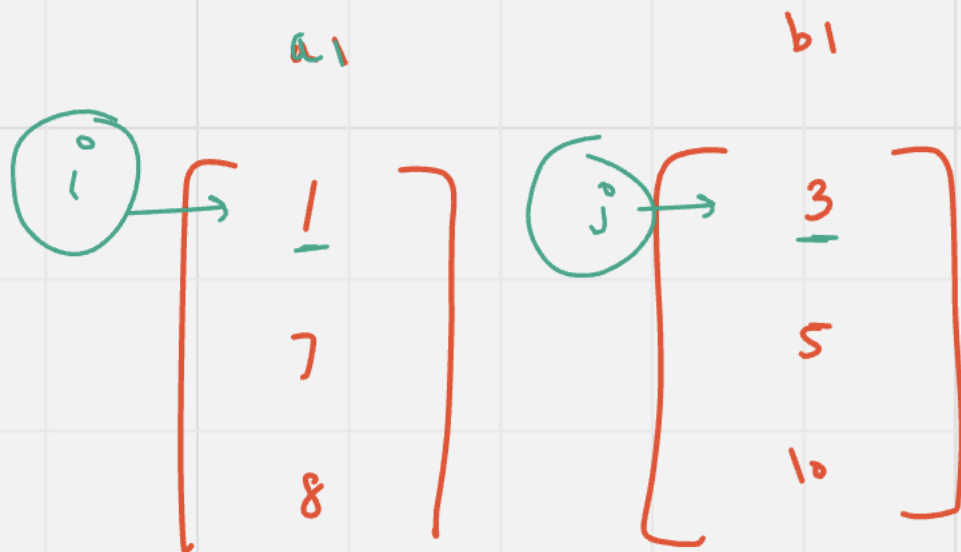
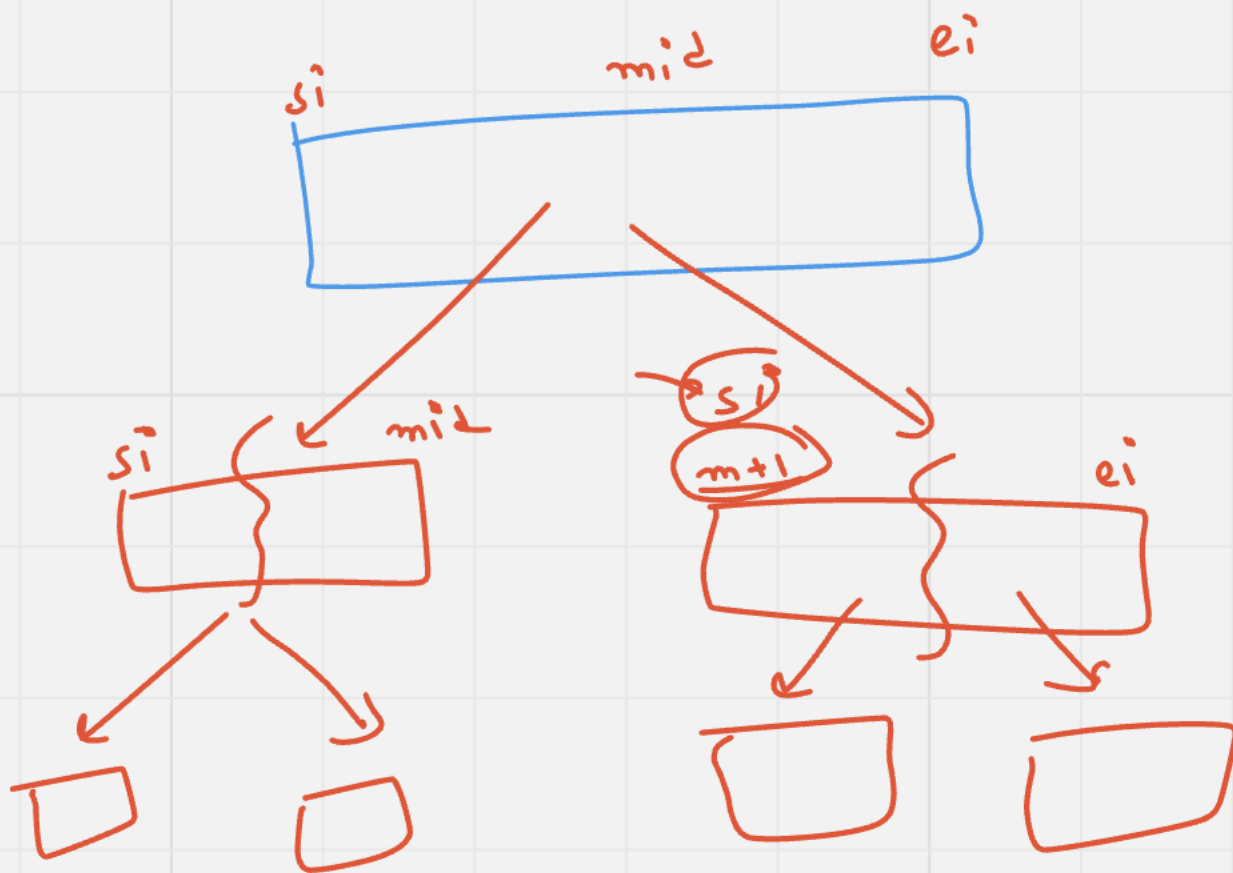
arr → [1 8 7 10 3 5]
 0 1 2 3 4 5
 $s_i = 0$ $k = 2$ $mid = 2$ $e_i = 5$
 $a_i - mid = 5 - 2 = 3$

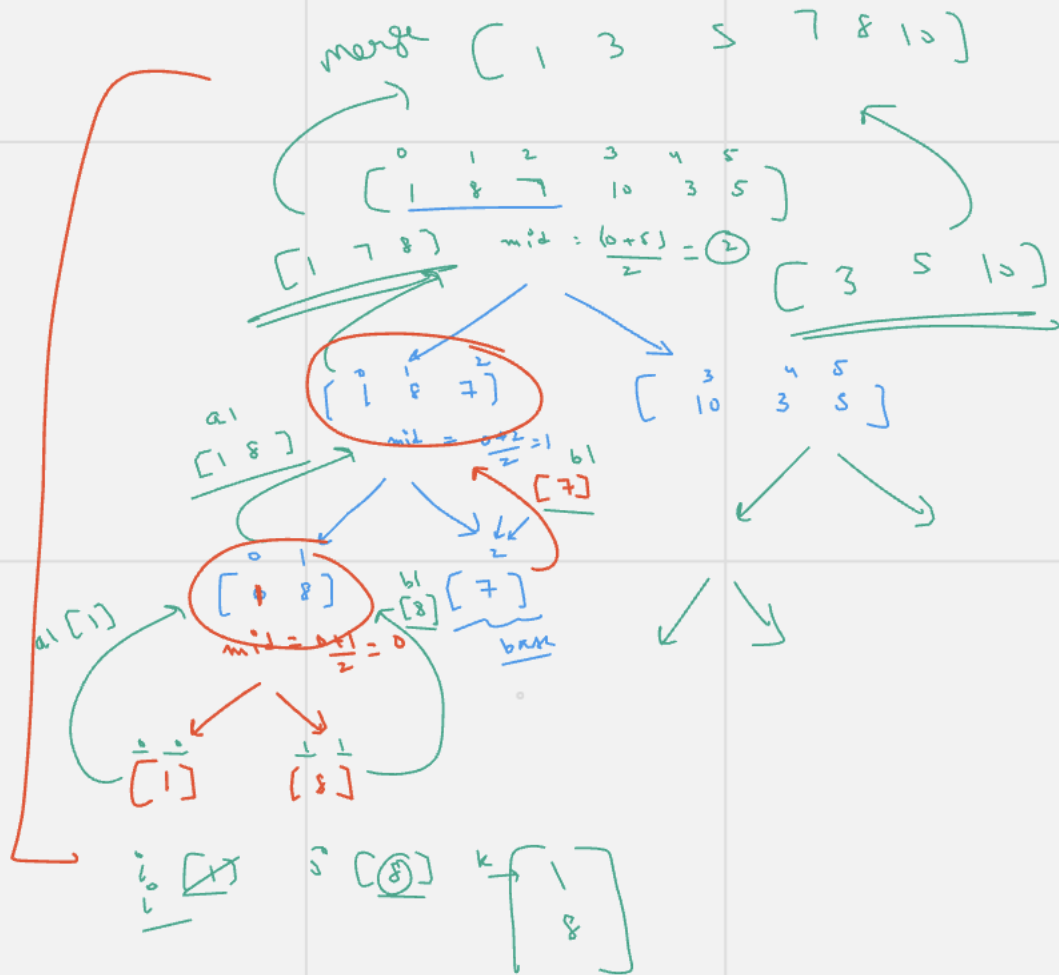
arr → [1 7 8 3 5 10]

a1 [1 7 8]
 $mid - s_i + 1 = 2 - 0 + 1 = 3$
merge

b1 [3 5 10]

into one
 → a1 [0 0 0]



$$\left[\begin{array}{c} - \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ 2^2 \\ 213 \\ 213 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 3 \end{array}$$


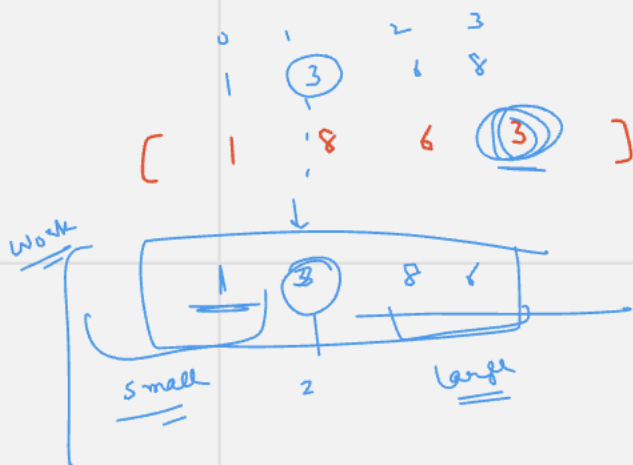
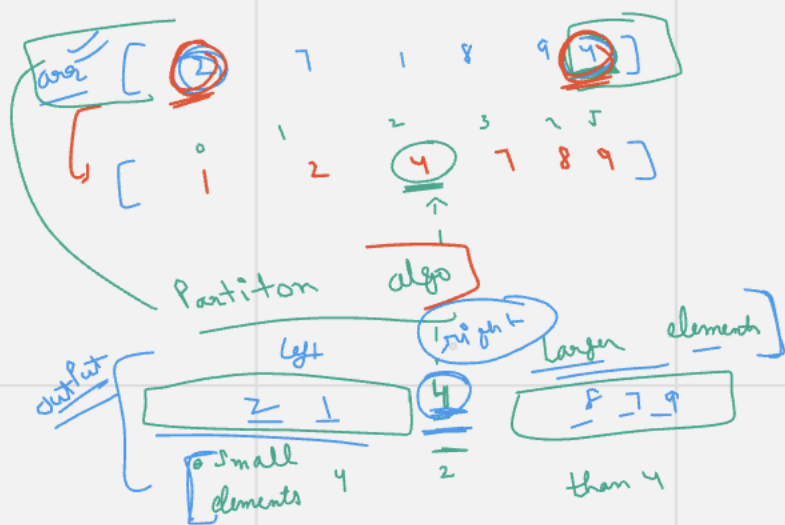
write Quick Sort Code

★ Quick Sort

★ partition algo ✓

[next code is
super easy]

[2 7 8 9 1 4]



curr

↓

↓

if j smaller than lastEle:

i++

swap i, j

.....

i++

swap i and lastEle

~~i = 1~~ ~~2~~ ~~3~~ ~~4~~ 5

j = 0

[8 3 1 6 4]

0 1 2 3 4

3 8 1 6 4

0 1 2 3 4

curr

[3 1 8 4]

0 1 2 3

(5) left i-1 (4) i-1 Right i

[3 1 4 6 8]

↓

↓

i++

swap i, last Ele

1 more

π

will not sort your array