

TEAM:5

POLITICAL JUGGERNAUTS A
QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS OF 2019
LOK SABHA ELECTION

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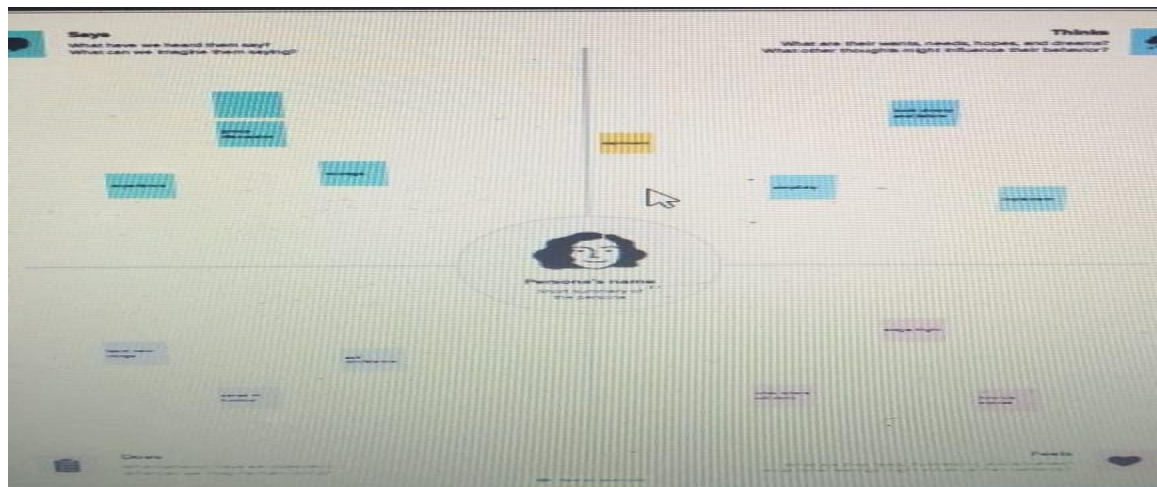
PAVITHRA.M

INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Overview
- The lok sabha is composed of representative of people chosen by direct election on the basis of universal adult suffrage. The constitution of India allows for a maximum of 550 members in the house, with 530 members representing the states and 20 representing the union territories. The 17th loksabha was formed by the members elected in the 2019 Indian general elections. Elections, all across India, were conducted in seven phases from 11 April 2019 to 19 May 2019 by the Election Commission of India.

- 1.2PURPOSE
- Elections are by the people directly to the lok sabha and each state is divided into territorial constituencies under two provisions of the constitution; each state is allotted several seats in the loksabha in such a manner that the ratio between that number and its population was as close to uniform as possible and this was the purpose of the 2019 loksabha election.

EMPATHY MAP

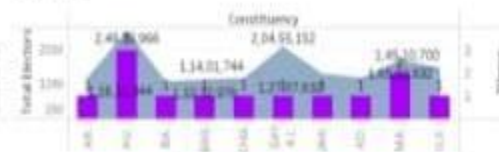


BRAINSTROMING

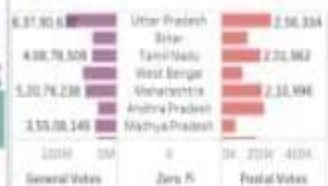


Total Votes
59,42,40,703

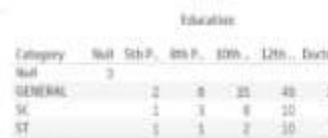
Sheet 2



Sheet 5



Sheet 9



- 4. ADVANTAGES& DISADVANTAGES
- The election are over but the implication of a decisive yet divisive mandate seems to be hitting the parties hard in the state.
- The parties have stitched together coalition and are likely to win the floor test convincingly assign of things to come for the parties. Even in the gujarat election, the congress put up a good show, infact scoring a moral victory over an elctoral defeat.

- If the minute of the survey are to be considered the time ahead will not be easy for the BJP and prime minister.
- A survey conducted by the parties like Rajasthan and Madhya Pradesh both of which are scheduled to conduct assembly election and this was the advantage of the 2019 Lok Sabha election

- India's 2019 general election was undeniably a watershed moment in the country's post-independence political history. Despite concerns about a plumping economy, the baggage of anti-incumbency, and greater opposition coordination, cruised to victory of the winning parties.
- According to a survey data compiled by the Lok Sabha program of the Centre for the Study of Developing Societies and it caused the greatest consternation in the caste group among voters of all classes of the voter not allowing the low caste people to take poll and this causes the biggest catastrophe in the election.

5. WAS THE 2019 LOK SABHA ELECTION REALLY MANIPULATED?

1. The 2019 general election that reelected the incumbent party shows significant irregularities in the election data. Density of the party win margin variable exhibits the discontinuous jump at the threshold value of zero. It implies that in the constituencies that were closely contested between a candidate from the party under rival, the other parties won this proportionately more of them lost the winning contest.

CONCLUSION:

Elections of the 17th lok sabha concluded successfully that, the election for 546 seats were held in seven phases. Overall around 70 percent polling was recorded in all the phases. Deputy Election Commissioner said that people including women and senior citizen came out in large number to exercise their franchise. He said polling was by and large peaceful barring of some incident of violence. He added that this year general election said more peaceful as compared to the 2014 election with the completion of the polling process, the fate of 8049 candidates, who were in the fray for 542 loksabha seats has been sealed into the country's and this causes as smooth ending in the 2019 election.