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## 1 Constructing the Algebraic Closure

Let  $p$  be prime and

$$\mathbb{F}_p \subseteq \mathbb{F}_{p^2} \subseteq \cdots \subseteq \mathbb{F}_{p^n} \subseteq \cdots \subseteq \bar{\mathbb{F}}_p$$

$$\bar{\mathbb{F}}_p = \bigcup \mathbb{F}_{p^n}$$

Find a prime poly  $f(x) \in \mathbb{F}_p[x]$  (i.e cannot be non-trivially factored such that  $\deg(f) = n$ )

$$\mathbb{F}_p \subseteq \{\mathbb{F}_p[x] \bmod f(x)\} \subseteq \mathbb{F}_p$$

## 2 Balasubramanian-Koblitz Theorem

$n$  is prime st.  $n \mid \#E(\mathbb{F}_p)$  and  $\gcd(n, p-1) = 1$ . Then

$$E[n] \subseteq E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) \iff n \mid p^k - 1$$

The embedding degree of  $(E, n)$  is the minimal  $k$  st.  $n \mid p^k - 1$ .

### 2.1 Corollary

$k$  is embedding degree of  $E$ , then  $\mu_n \subseteq \mathbb{F}_{p^k}$ .

## 3 Reduced Tate

$$\tau_n(P, Q) = f_{nD_P}(D_Q)^{\frac{p^k-1}{n}}$$

## 4 Equivalent Tate Pairing

Let  $Q_0$  be such that  $nQ_0 = Q$ . Such a point is guaranteed to exist by the surjectivity of multiplication by  $n$  map.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Q_0 & \longrightarrow & E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) \ni Q \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ n : E(\overline{\mathbb{F}_{p^k}}) & \longrightarrow & E(\overline{\mathbb{F}_{p^k}}) \end{array}$$

Then let  $Q_1 = (\Phi^k - 1)(Q_0)$  where  $Q_0 \in E[n]$  and  $\Phi$  is the frobenius automorphism. Then  $Q_1 \in E[n]$ .

$$\begin{aligned} e_n(P, Q_1) &= \frac{g_P(S + Q_1)}{g_P(S)} \\ &= \tau_n(P, Q) \end{aligned}$$

## 5 Frobenius Fixed Points

$$\Phi : \overline{\mathbb{F}_p} \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{F}_p}$$

Abuse of notation:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &: E(\overline{\mathbb{F}_p}) \rightarrow E(\overline{\mathbb{F}_p}) \\ \text{FixedPoints}(\Phi) &= E(\mathbb{F}_p) \\ \Phi^k &: \overline{\mathbb{F}_{p^k}} \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{F}_{p^k}} \\ \Phi^k &: E(\overline{\mathbb{F}_{p^k}}) \rightarrow E(\overline{\mathbb{F}_{p^k}}) \\ \text{FixedPoints}(\Phi^k) &= E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) \end{aligned}$$

## 6 Tate Trick

$$\frac{\phi^k - 1}{n} : E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) \rightarrow E[n]$$

but  $Q \in E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k})$

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= nQ_0 \rightarrow (\Phi^k - 1)(Q_0) = Q_1 \\ Q_0 &\in E(\overline{\mathbb{F}_{p^k}}) \end{aligned}$$

## 7 Kernel of Map

$$\ker \left( \frac{\Phi^k - 1}{n} \right) = nE(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) \subseteq E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k})$$

if  $Q = nP \in E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k})$

$$\begin{aligned} \left( \frac{\Phi^k - 1}{n} \right) (nP) &= (\Phi^k - 1)(P) \\ &= \Phi^k P - P \end{aligned}$$

## 8 Restatement of Equivalency

$$\begin{aligned} \forall P \in E[n] &\subseteq E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) \\ \forall Q \in E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) & \\ Q_1 &= \left( \frac{\Phi^k - 1}{n} \right) (Q) \\ \implies \tau_n(P, Q) &= e_n(P, Q_1) \end{aligned}$$

By 1st isomorphism theorem

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\Phi^k - 1}{n} : E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) &\rightarrow E[n] \\ E(\mathbb{F}_{p^k})/nE(\mathbb{F}_{p^k}) &\cong \text{Im} \left( \frac{\Phi^k - 1}{n} \right) \end{aligned}$$