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Liouville (theorem 2.3)	2
sage: v = matrix([[1, a, b, a*b, b^2, a*b^2]]).transpose()	
sage: v	
[1]	
[a]	
[b]	
[a*b]	
[b^2]	
[a*b^2]	
sage: A = matrix([
....: [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0],	
....: [2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],	
....: [0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0],	
....: [0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0],	
....: [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],	
....: [0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0]	
....:])	
sage: A*v	
[a]	
[2]	
[a*b]	
[2*b]	
[a*b^2]	
[2*b^2]	
sage: B = matrix([
....: [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0],	
....: [0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0],	
....: [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0],	
....: [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],	
....: [2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],	
....: [0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0]	
....:])	
sage: B*v	
[b]	
[a*b]	
[b^2]	
[a*b^2]	
[2]	
[2*a]	
sage: A_B = A + B	
sage: matrix.identity(6)	
[1 0 0 0 0 0]	
[0 1 0 0 0 0]	
[0 0 1 0 0 0]	
[0 0 0 1 0 0]	
[0 0 0 0 1 0]	
[0 0 0 0 0 1]	
sage: x*matrix.identity(6)	
[x 0 0 0 0 0]	
[0 x 0 0 0 0]	
[0 0 x 0 0 0]	
[0 0 0 x 0 0]	
[0 0 0 0 x 0]	
[0 0 0 0 0 x]	
sage: (x*matrix.identity(6) - A_B).determinant()	
x^6 - 6*x^4 - 4*x^3 + 12*x^2 - 24*x - 4	

Liouville (theorem 2.3)

$$|\alpha - p/q| > 1 > 1/q^n$$

So lets take $|a - p/q| \leq 1$.

Mean value theorem gives us $f'(\gamma)$.

$q^n f(p/q)$ is an integer means $|f(p/q)| \geq 1/q^n$.

$$\alpha < \gamma < p/q, |\alpha - p/q| \leq 1 \Rightarrow |\gamma - \alpha| < 1$$

Then observe

$$|f(\alpha) - f(p/q)| < C|\alpha - p/q| < C$$

So then $f'(\gamma) < C = 1/c_0$.

Combine these

$$\left| \alpha - \frac{p}{q} \right| = \left| \frac{p/q}{f'(\gamma)} \right| > \frac{c_0}{q^n}$$