

## Trapping Rain Water

### 42. Trapping Rain Water

**Hard**  23405  323  Add to List  Share

Given `n` non-negative integers representing an elevation map where the width of each bar is `1`, compute how much water it can trap after raining.

#### Example 1:



**Input:** `height = [0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1]`

**Output:** 6

**Explanation:** The above elevation map (black section) is represented by array `[0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1]`. In this case, 6 units of rain water (blue section) are being trapped.

#### Example 2:

**Input:** `height = [4,2,0,3,2,5]`

**Output:** 9

#### Constraints:

- `n == height.length`
- `1 <= n <= 2 * 104`
- `0 <= height[i] <= 105`