Version 2.0



Beanair®

MQTT – COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL







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V1.4	17/01/2017	Amouri Mootaz	 Delete the "payload length" from OTACs since it is included in Beanscape header Consider module commands as OTAC Deleted how OTAC_Over_MQTT Topic is changed Frames IDs updated 	
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V1.6	30/01/2017	Amouri Mootaz	 Format used to publish data to consumer is updated in LDCDA and ALARM Data Acquisition mode. NetworkId is deleted from WiLo OTAC_Over_MQTT payload.
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V2.0	18/09/2018	Ahmed Ben Amara	 Update Streaming, SET mode and Sock detection frame: "Use two bytes from Future Use field to store Previous Number of data acquisitions per channel" Update T_Subpacket equation

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1. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For general contact, technical support, to report documentation errors and to order manuals, contact *Beanair Technical Support Center* (BTSC) at:

tech-support@Beanair.com

For detailed information about where you can buy the Beanair equipment/software or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:

www.Beanair.com

To register for product news and announcements or for product questions contact Beanair's Technical Support Center (BTSC).

Our aim is to make this user manual as helpful as possible. Keep us informed of your comments and suggestions for improvements.

Beanair appreciates feedback from the users of our information.

2. VISUAL SYMBOLS DEFINITION

Symbols	Definition
	<u>Caution or Warning</u> – Alerts the user with important information about Beanair wireless sensor networks (WSN), if this information is not followed, the equipment /software may fail or malfunction.
	<u>Danger</u> – This information MUST be followed if not you may damage the equipment permanently or bodily injury may occur.
	<u>Tip or Information</u> – Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when installing Beanair Wireless Sensor Networks.

3. ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
CCA	Clear Channel Assessment
CSMA/CA	Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Avoidance
GTS	Guaranteed Time-Slot
kSps	Kilo samples per second
LDCDA	Low duty cycle data acquisition
LLC	Logical Link Control
LQI	Link quality indicator
LDCDA	Low duty cycle data acquisition
MAC	Media Access Control
PAN	Personal Area Network
PER	Packet error rate
RF	Radio Frequency
OTAC	Over the air configuration
WSN	Wireless sensor Network

4. OVERVIEW

This document covers the different frames exchanged between BeanDevice ® Wilow® MQTT module and supervision softwares. Messages exchanged are OTAC, SubProfiles reporting/update frames and module commands.

Useful extracted information from the data consumer side is described at the end of the document.

In order to have clearer understanding of this document it is highly important to review the BEANDEVICE WILOW USER MANUAL and <a href="Manual Data acquisition modes available on the BeanDevice Wilow Technical note.

MQTT module OTAC frames

• The different OTACs frames sent to configure the MQTT module.

MQTT module SubProfiles

• The different subprofiles frames sent by BeanDevice Wilow .

OTAC Over MQTT structure

• Description of the structure of the frame that the user have to build to control the Wilow device.

Device channel's data format

• How device channel's data are published using the MQTT protocol.

Device profiles

• The current configuration of the device

5. MQTT MODULE OTAC (OVER THE AIR CONFIGURATION) SET FRAMES

5.1 DIFFERENT FRAMES ID

The different OTAC frames sent to the MQTT module are identified using the MQTT module ID and the specific OTAC Id, where :

MQTT_MODULE_CONFIG_MESS_ID = **0x90**

The OATC IDs are presented as follow:

Sub-profile	Value	Description
"Start module" MQTT Otac Id	0x00	The Start command launches the MQTT state machine, data returned from devices are passed to FIFO and are published then to their configured topics.
"Restart module" MQTT Otac Id	0x01	The connection with the broker is restarted. The Gateway/Access point hosting the broker sends a DISCONNECT frame and then sends a new CONNECTION frame.
"Stop module" MQTT Otac Id	0x02	Stops the MQTT module. Firstly, the module will try to disconnect from the broker .
"Client ID & Keep Alive Timer set" MQTT Otac Id	0x03	The settings of the Client Id and the Keep Alive timer value used
"Broker connection details set" MQTT Otac Id	0x04	The different settings used to configure the Broker connection parameters
"Password_&_Username set" MQTT Otac Id	0x05	The password and User Name used to CONNECT to the Broker
"LWT configuration set" MQTT Otac Id	0x06	The Last Will Testament parameters used, main details reported are the Will topic and the Will message
"Specific device's channel topic set" MQTT Otac Id	0x07	The Topic used by a device's channel to send data over it
"OTAC_Over_MQTT Topic set" MQTT Otac Id	0x08	The topic subscribed to used for listening to OTAC sent over MQTT network

Table 1: Different MQTT cartographies IDs

5.2 START MODULE FRAME

This command starts the MQTT module:

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module	The Start command Id	0x00	8-bit
specific OTAC Id			

Table 2: Start module frame contents

5.3 RESTART CONNECTION

This command is used to:

- Delete previous non-published MQTT messages
- Restarts the connection with the Broker if connected

Parameter	· · · · ·	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module	The Restart command Id	0x01	8-bit
specific OTAC Id			

Table 3: Restarts module frame contents

5.4 STOP CONNECTION

This command stops MQTT module:

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module	The Stop command Id	0x02	8-bit
specific OTAC Id			

Table 4: Stop module frame contents

5.5 CLIENT ID AND KEEP-ALIVE TIMER SET

The Client ID is used by the broker to distinguish each connected MQTT client, so it has to be unique to the broker.

If the same Client ID is detected in a CONNECT frame, the broker will assume that the same client is resending a new CONNECT frame and will disconnect the socket.

For this reason, the user is given the choice to supply his own ClientId or to generate it randomly in the BeanDevice® Wilow®.

The randomly generated Client Id is a safer option.

If the user supplies a ClientId with characters outside these "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklmnopgrstuvwxyz0123456789" with a Length >23, an error should be prompt while typing.

If the user supplies a zero-length ClientId, the Clean Session bit in the CONNECT frame **must** be set to 0, otherwise, the Broker will reject the connection and return a CONNACK return code 0x02 (Identifier rejected).

To avoid such case, Zero-Length Client-Id **must** be avoided.

Parameter		Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module specific OTAC Id	The Sub-Id referring to the Client Id and "Keep-Alive timer_&_ClienId" set OTAC command	0х03.	8-bit
Keep-Alive Timer	The time interval in seconds PINGREQ messages should be sent to the broker to keep connection alive if no messages exchanged meanwhile	N.A.	16-bits LSB first
Protocol version	The protocol version used, either 0x03 for version V3.1 or 0x04 for V3.1.1	N.A.	8-bit
Auto generated Client-Id flag	If false the Client Id is given by the user else the client-id will be generated randomly	0x00	8-Bit
Client-Id length	The Client-Id string length	N.A.	8-bit
Client-Id	The Client-Id string	N.A.	23-Bytes

Table 5: Client Id and KeepAlive Timer set frame content

5.6 BROKER TO-CONNECT-TO DETAILS SET

The user is free to connect to the broker using a given DNS address or using directly a given IP address. Supplying directly an IP address is useful with "Local Hosted" broker program for testing purpose

Parameter	·	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module specific OTAC Id	The Sub-Id referring to the "Broker details" set OTAC command	0x04	8-bit
Broker port	The port used to connect to the broker	1883	16-bit LSB first
Broker DNS flag	If true the Broker DNS is valid address else the Broker IP address is valid	0x01	8-bit
Broker IP	Broker IP address	N.A.	32-Bit

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Wilow® wireless sensors

Broker DNS length	Broker DNS string length	N.A.	8-Bits
Broker DNS	Broker DNS string	N.A.	50-Bytes

Table 6: Broker link set frame contents when DNS flag = true

5.7 USERNAME AND PASSWORD SET

Configuring a password (Password flag == true) without a UserName (UsName flag == false) is prohibited.

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module specific OTAC Id	The Sub-Id referring to the "Password & Username" set OTAC command	0x05	8-bit
UsName flag	The username flag embedded in the CONNECT message	0x00	8-bit
Password flag	The password flag embedded in the CONNECT message	0x00	8-bit
UsName length	The Username string length	N.A.	8-bit
UsName	The Username string	N.A.	50-Bytes
Password length	The password string length	N.A.	8-bit
Password	The password string	N.A.	50-Bytes

Table 7: Password and UserName set frame contents

5.8 LAST_WILL_TESTAMENT (LWT) PARAMETERS SET

The LWT MQTT feature can be used to inform interested devices (Should be subscribed to Will Topic, mainly data collecting machines) that the WIF Access Point <u>disconnects abnormally or unexpectedly</u> from the Broker.

Network failure causing disconnection is detected by a keep-Alive message absence (T > 1.5*KA) that the BeanGateway commits to send every KeepAlive time period specified at its connect attempt.

The Will_Retain_flag and the Will_QoS describes how the message will be transferred between Broker and interested data consumer devices.

If the (Will Flag == false), the LWT feature is disabled, and "Will Retain Flag" MUST be forced to 0.

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module specific OTAC Id	The Sub-Id referring to the "LWT details" set OTAC command	0x06	8-bit
LWT feature enable flag	LWT feature selection byte	0x00	8-bit
Will Retain flag	The Retain flag embedded in the will message PUBLISHed	N.A.	8-bit

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Will QoS level	The Quality of Service embedded in the will message Published	N.A.	8-bit
Will topic length	Will topic string length	N.A.	8-bit
Will topic	Will topic string	N.A.	50-bytes
Will msg length	Will message string length	N.A.	8-bit
Will message	Will message string	N.A.	50-bytes

Table 8: LWT parameters set frame contents

5.9 DEVICE'S CHANNEL TOPIC SET

This frame is used to configure a device's channel topic name. This topic name is packed in the PUBLISH message alongside the data produced from this source.

Different devices channels, even channels from the same device, **can have the same topic name** and their data will be published using the same topic configured.

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module specific OTAC Id	The Sub-Id referring to the device set OTAC command	0x07	8-bit
Dev-Id	The device's Id displayed in BeanScape	N.A.	16-bit
Chann Nbr	The channel number of the selected device	N.A.	8-bit
Enable Publishing	Enables device's channel publishing	0x00	8-bit
Retain flag	Retain flag embedded later in the PUBLISH message	N.A.	8-bit
Topic name len	The topic name string length	N.A.	8-bit
Topic name	The topic name string	N.A.	50-Bytes

Table 9: Device's channel topic set frame contents

5.10 DEVICE'S STREAMING TOPIC SET

The streaming topic is the one used by the BeanDevice® Wilow® to send all its channels measured data through MQTT.

The MQTT client (data consumer side) must parse the received frame to obtain the requested channels measurements separately.

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module specific OTAC Id	The Sub-Id referring to the device set OTAC command	0x07	8-bit
Dev-Id	The device's Id displayed in BeanScape	N.A.	16-bit

Chann Nbr	Constant value	250	8-bit
Enable Publishing	Enables device's streaming publishing	0x00	8-bit
Retain flag	Retain flag embedded later in the PUBLISH message	N.A.	8-bit
Topic name len	The topic name string length	N.A.	8-bit
Topic name	The topic name string	N.A.	50-Bytes

Table 10: Device's streaming topic set frame contents

5.11 OTAC_OVER_MQTT TOPIC SET

The OTAC_Over_MQTT feature is helpful when a user wants to send OTAC commands to a remote BeanDevice® Wilow® connected to the same Broker, as if it was sent from BeanScape software over Ethernet.

The OTAC payload should be adapted accordingly to targeted Beanair product.

Of course the user must use a "shared" Topic configured earlier to use to SUBSCRIBE.

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT module Id	The Id of the MQTT module	0x90	8-bit
MQTT module specific OTAC Id	The Sub-Id referring to the "OTAC_Over_MQTT Topic" set OTAC command	0x08	8-bit
OtacOverMqtt flag	Enable (if true) or Disable (if false) OTAC_OVER_MQTT feature	0x00	8-bit
CleanSession flag	The MQTT protocol feature is enabled (if true), disabled (if false)	0x00	8-bit
New Topic to subscribe to len	The New Topic string length	N.A	8-bit
New Topic to subscribe to	The New Topic string	N.A.	50-Bytes

Table 11: OTAC Over MQTT topic set frame contents

6. BEANDEVICE® WILOW® MQTT SUBPROFILES PUBLISHED

6.1 BEANDEVICE® WILOW® MQTT MODULE SUB-PROFILE ID

Below is the different message identifiers used to report SubProfiles to supervision software.

The profile ID to target the MQTT module is fixed to MQTT_MODULE_PROFILE_ID = 0x90.

Sub-profile	Value	Description
Sub-profile 90 – MQTT module status	0x02	The status of the MQTT connection to display to the user
Sub-profile 90 – MQTT Client ID and Keep Alive Timer	0x03	The settings of the Client Id and the Keep Alive timer value used
Sub-profile 90 – MQTT Broker connection details	0x04	The different settings used to configure the Broker connection parameters
Sub-profile 90 – MQTT Password & User Name	0x05	The password and User Name used to CONNECT to the Broker
Sub-profile 90 – MQTT LWT configuration	0x06	The Last Will Testament parameters used, main details reported are the Will topic and the Will message
Sub-profile 90 – Specific device's channel topic	0x07	The Topic used by a device's channel to send data over it
Sub-profile 90 – OTAC Over MQTT Topic used	0x08	The topic subscribed-to use for receiving OTACs Over MQTT

Table 12: SubProfiles IDs

All frames from or to the BeanDevice® Wilow® are preceded by profile header, and are of a constant length that depends on its type.

6.2 SUBPROFILE 90: MQTT STATUS

This frame is sent whenever the MQTT status is updated. The status is helpful when troubleshooting connections with the user.

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT_PROFILE_ ID	The MQTT module Profile ID	0x90	8-bit
MQTT_STATUS_ SUBPROFILE_ID	The Id of the MQTT status	0x02	8-bit

MQTT Status	The Status of the I be either :	MQTT connection displayed to the user, could	0x02	8-bit
	WAIT FOR SOCKET	The module waits to create a socket	0x00	
	WAIT FOR ETHERNET LINK	The Ethernet cable is unplugged	0x01	
	STOPPED	MQTT module is disabled	0x02	
	CONNECTING	BeanGateway tries to connect to the Broker	0x03	
	CONNECTED	BeanGateway is MQTT Connected and is ready for sending BeanDevice data	0x04	
	DISCONNECTING	BeanGateway tries to disconnect from the Broker	0x05	
	STOPPED FOR BAD CONFIG	The BeanGateway (Wilow®) backup contains erroneous data, user must update his configuration	0x06	
CONNACK message return		urn code, it informs if the connection is well he Broker, and the failure reason	0x00	8-bit
code	CONNECTION ACCEPTED	The Broker accepted the client connection	0x00	
		Unacceptable protocol version	0x01	
		Identifier rejected	0x02	
	CONNECTION	Server unavailable	0x03	
	REFUSED	Bad user name or password	0x04	
		Not authorized	0x05	
		NA	0xFF	

Table 13: MQTT Status report frame contents

6.3 SUBPROFILE 90: CLIENT ID AND KEEP ALIVE TIMER SETTINGS

If the (Forced flag == true) then the "Client-Id length" and the "Client-Id" fields will be updated with the Auto Generated ClientId.

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT_PROFILE_ ID	The MQTT module Profile ID	0x90	8-bit
MQTT_CLIENT_ ID_KA_TIMER_ PROFILE_ID	The Id of the MQTT Client-Id and Keep Alive settings report	0x03	8-bit

Keep alive timer	Keep alive timer value	60	16-bit LSB first
Protocol version	The protocol version used, can be either 0x03 for version V3.1 or 0x04 for V3.1.1	0x04	8-Bit
Forced flag	The flag describing if the Client Id is given by the user (true) or must be generated randomly (false).	0x01	8-Bit
Client-Id length	The Client-Id string length	N.A.	8-bit
Client-Id	The Client-Id string	N.A.	23-Bytes (constant)

Table 14: Client Id and KeepAlive timer settings report frame contents

6.4 SUBPROFILE 90: BROKER CONNECTION SETTINGS

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT_PROFILE _ ID	The MQTT module Profile ID	0x90	8-bit
MQTT_CLIENT_ ID_KA_TIMER_ PROFILE_ID	The Id of the MQTT Client-Id and Keep Alive settings report	0x04	8-bit
Broker Port	The broker port used	1883	16-bits LSB first
Broker DNS flag	The Broker DNS address selected	N.A.	8-bit
Broker Ip	The broker IP address	N.A.	32-Bit
Broker DNS length	Broker DNS string length	N.A.	8-Bit
Broker DNS	Broker DNS string	N.A.	50-bytes (constant)

Table 15: Broker connection settings report frame contents

6.5 SUBPROFILE 90: PASSWORD AND USER NAME SETTINGS USED

Parameter	•	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT_PROFILE _ ID	The MQTT module Profile ID	0x90	8-bit
MQTT_PASSWO RD_USERNAME _PROFILE_ID	The Id of the MQTT Password and username settings report	0x05	8-bit

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UsName flag	The username flag embedded in the CONNECT message	N.A.	8-bit
Password flag	The password flag embedded in the CONNECT message	N.A.	8-bit
UsName length	The User Name string length	N.A.	8-bit
UsName	The User Name string	N.A.	50-bytes (constant)
Password length	The password string length	N.A.	8-bit
Password	The password string	N.A.	50-bytes (constant)

Table 16: Password and User Name frame contents

6.6 SUBPROFILE 90: MQTT LWT (LAST_WILL_TESTAMENT) SETTINGS USED

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT_PROFILE_ ID	The MQTT module Profile ID	0x90	8-bit
MQTT_WILL_ CONFIG_ PROFILE_ID	The Id of the MQTT LWT settings report	0x06	8-bit
LWT feature enable flag	LWT feature selection bit	N.A.	8-bit
Will Retain flag	The Retain flag embedded in the will message Published	N.A.	8-bit
Will QoS level	The Quality of Service embedded in the will message Published	N.A.	8-bit
Will topic length	Will topic string length	N.A.	8-bit
Will topic	Will topic string	N.A.	50-bytes
Will msg length	Will message string length	N.A.	8-bit
Will message	Will message string	N.A.	50-bytes

Table 17: LWT settings report frame contents

6.7 SUBPROFILE 90: DEVICE'S CHANNEL SETTINGS USED

If the user wants to "disable" Publishing a device's channel, the "Enable Publishing" byte must be set to 0x00.

The device's channel topic can be updated on-the-fly, meaning the user doesn't need to stop the module to configure new one.

If the (Retain_flag == true), the last device's channel data will be saved in the Broker and transmitted whenever a data consumer device subscribes to that Topic.

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT_PROFILE_ ID	The MQTT module Profile ID	0x90	8-bit
MQTT_DEVICE_T OPIC_CONFG_PR OFILE_ID	The Id of the MQTT one device's channel topic report		8-bit
Device Nwk Id	Device Id in the network	N.A.	16-bit
Channel Nbr	The device's channel number	N.A.	8-bit
Enable Publishing	Enables device's channel publishing	0x00	8-bit
Retain flag	The retained flag used when Publishing the device's channel data	N.A.	8-bit
Device topic length	The device's channel topic name length	N.A.	8-bit
Offset bytes	For future usage	0x00	5-bytes
Device topic	The device's channel used topic string	N.A.	50-bytes

Table 18: Device's channel publish settings report frame contents

6.8 SUBPROFILE 90: DEVICE'S STREAMING TOPIC USED

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT_PROFILE_ ID	The MQTT module Profile ID	0x90	8-bit
MQTT_DEVICE_T OPIC_CONFG_PR OFILE_ID	The Id of the MQTT one device's streaming topic report	0x07	8-bit
Device Nwk Id	Device Id in the network	N.A.	16-bit
Channel Nbr	Constant	250	8-bit
Enable Publishing	Device streaming topic used?	0x00	8-bit
Retain flag	The retained flag used when Publishing the device's streaming data	N.A.	8-bit
Device topic length	The device's streaming topic name length	N.A.	8-bit
Offset bytes	For future usage	0x00	5-bytes
Device topic	The device's streaming topic string	N.A.	50-bytes

Table 19: Device's streaming topic report frame contents

6.9 SUBPROFILE 90: OTAC_OVER_MQTT SETTINGS USED

Parameter	Description	Default value	Dynamic
MQTT_PROFILE_I D	The MQTT module Profile ID	0x90	8-bit
MQTT_NEW_OT AC_TOPIC_CONFI G_ PROFILE_ID	Id referring to the "OTAC_Over_MQTT Topic" topic name report	0x08	8-bit
OtacOverMqtt flag	Enables (if true) or Disables (if false) OTAC_OVER_MQTT feature	N.A.	8-bit
CleanSession flag	The MQTT protocol feature is enabled (if true), disabled (if false)	0x00	8-bit
New Topic to subscribe to len	The New Topic length	N.A	8-bit
New Topic to subscribe to	The New Topic	N.A.	8-bit

Table 20: OTAC over MQTT settings report frame contents

7. OTAC OVER_MQTT FRAME CONTENTS

The OTAC_over_MQTT feature is useful when the user wants to configure the BeanDevice® Wilow® using MQTT protocol without using BeanScape®.

The OTAC can target a single desired device or a group of devices as a multicasting option.

The device(s) addressing is implemented using a header added to the OTAC_over_MQTT frame (in the "OTAC_Over_MQTT payload" field) so that the addressed BeanDevice® Wilow® product can use it to filter out unwanted OTACs and know if it is concerned or not.

The RETAIN bit should be set to 0 to not resend the previous OTAC if the BeanDevice® Wilow® reconnects.

7.1 BEANDEVICE® WILOW® FRAME

To address the BeanDevice® Wilow®, the user must address it using the details below.

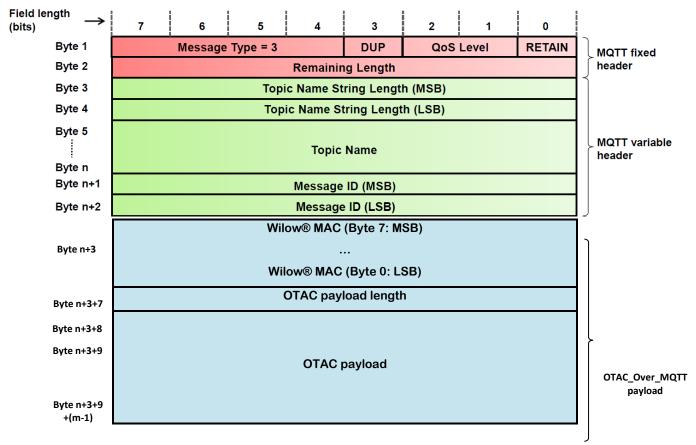


Figure 1: OTAC over MQTT PUBLISH mesage format for Wilow® products

7.2 WILOW® MULTICASTING FRAME

The same OTAC can be submitted to a group of BeanDevice® Wilow® when they are subscribed to the same Topic and is then "Broadcasted" to them by the Broker itself.

To benefit from the multicasting option, the "Wilow® MAC" parameter in the "OTAC_Over_MQTT payload" field must be set to 0xFFFFFFFF, this special MAC is not filtered by the Wilow® device and the OTAC is processed.

7.3 OTAC TYPES

7.3.1 Data acquisition configuration (DAQ) OTAC

This OTAC is responsible of configuring the acquisition mode (streaming, SET mode, Alarm, Low duty cycle), it also has the role of configuring the device in TX, log, TX & Log or Stand alone mode. The table below shows in details how the Daq OTAC frame should be organized to be interpreted by the device.

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0		
OTAC Length	1	8	23	
OTAC Id	1	9	0x10	
Daq mode	1	10		See Daq mode table
Daq options	2	11		See Daq options table
Future Use	2	13		
Daq duty cycle(Lsb first)	3	15		
TX Ratio	1	18		
Daq duration(Lsb first)	3	19		
Sampling Rate(Lsb first)	3	22		
Future Use	3	25		
Store and forward Data aging(Lsb first)	2	28		
Future Use	2	30		

Daq mode	value			
Commissioning	0x01			
low duty cycle	0x02			
Streaming	0x03			
Alarm	0x04			
SET mode	0x05			
Shock	0x06			
Detection	0.00			
Dag mode Table				

Daq options					
bit	Signification				
0	Datalogger bit:1 = datalogger enabled,0 = datalogger disabled				
1	Store and forward bit 1 : Store and forward enabled ,0 : Store and forward disabled				
2					
3	Streaming (bit2,bit3,bit4):				
4	Streaming Continuous = (1,0,0), Streaming one shot = (0,1,0), Streaming burst = (1,1,0)				
5	Transmission TX bit:1 = TX enabled,0 = TX disabled				
6	Stand Alone bit:1 = Stand Alone enabled,0 = Stand Alone disabled				
7->15	Future use				
	Daq options table				

7.3.1.1 <u>Examples:</u>

The examples of all the OTAC will be shown as follow

The OTAC frame is splitted to bytes with "-" character and each byte is interpreted in decimal.

7.3.1.1.1 Example 1: Streaming Burst log only

The first example shows a streaming burst OTAC with the following configuration:

- Streaming frequency: 25Hz
- Acquisition duration: 10 seconds
- Acquisition cycle: 5 minutes (300seconds)
- Log only

The OTAC frame example

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-23-16-3-13-0-0-0-44-1-0-0-10-0-0-25-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184- 94-0-166- 230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	8	23	
OTAC Id	1	9	16	
Daq mode	1	10	3	Streaming
Daq options	2	11	13-0	Burst + log only

Future Use	2	13	0-0	
Daq duty cycle(Lsb first)	3	15	44-1-0	
TX Ratio	1	18	0	No TX ratio in streaming
Daq duration(Lsb first)	3	19	10-0-0	10 Seconds
Sampling Rate(Lsb first)	3	22	25-0-0	25 Hz
Future Use	3	25	0-0-0	
Store and forward Data aging(Lsb first)	2	28	0-0	
Future Use	2	30	0-0	

7.3.1.1.2 Example 1: Low duty cycle TX & Log

The second example shows a low duty cycle OTAC with the following configuration:

• Acquisition cycle: 1Hour (3600 seconds)

• TX ratio: 5

TX and Log

The OTAC frame example

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-23-16-2-33-0-0-0-16-14-0-5-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184- 94-0-166- 230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	8	23	
OTAC Id	1	9	16	
Daq mode	1	10	2	Low duty Cycle
Daq options	2	11	33-0	TX and Log
Future Use	2	13	0-0	
Daq duty cycle(Lsb first)	3	15	16-14-0	3600 seconds
TX Ratio	1	18	5	
Daq duration(Lsb first)	3	19	0-0-0	No duration in LDC
Sampling Rate(Lsb first)	3	22	0-0-0	No sampling rate in LDC
Future Use	3	25	0-0-0	
Store and forward Data aging(Lsb first)	2	28	0-0	
Future Use	2	30	0-0	

7.3.1.1.3 Other Examples

Here are other OTAC frames tested with a device with F4B85E00A6E60000 Mac ID,

Streaming continuous TX only 500hz store and forward enabled rollover (data aging=65535"255-255"):

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-23-16-3-38-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-244-1-0-0-0-0-255-255-0-0

• Set mode sampling rate(100hz)/notification cycle(7200s)/duration(60s) Stand Alone:

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-23-16-5-64-0-0-0-32-28-0-0-60-0-0-100-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0

Shock detection notification cycle(20s)/duration (7 seconds) TX and log 400hz

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-23-16-6-33-0-0-0-20-0-0-0-0-0-144-1-0-0-0-0-0-0-0

7.3.2 System configuration OTAC

This OTAC is responsible of:

- Configuring the power mode (Sleep with network listening, Active)
- Configuring the diagnostic cycle
- Configuring the network listening cycle
- Lock / Unlock OTAC
- Enable/Disable Activity Led

The table below shows in details how the System OTAC frame should be organized to be interpreted by the device.

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0		
OTAC Length	1	8	6	
OTAC Id	1	9	0x21	
System configuration Bitmap	1	10		See Config bitmap Table(Page 35)
Power Mode	1	11		See Power mode Table
Diagnostic Cycle	1	12		Coefficient
Network listening cycle(lsb first)	2	13		in seconds

Config bit	Signification
0	OTAC Status bit:1 = OTAC locked,0 = OTAC unlocked

1 Activity Led bit,1 = Activity Led enabled,0 = Activity disabled				
2->7	Future use			
Config bitmap table				

Daq mode	value		
Active mode	0x01		
Sleep with network listening	0x03		
Power mode Table			

7.3.2.1 <u>Examples:</u>

The examples of all the OTAC will be shown as follow

The OTAC frame is splitted to bytes with "-" character and each byte is interpreted in decimal.

7.3.2.1.1 Example 1: Sleep mode, Disabled Led OTAC locked and diagnostic cycle set 4

The first example shows a system OTAC with the following configurations:

- Sleep with network listening with listening cycle 25 seconds
- Diagnostic cycle coefficient set to 4
- Activity Led disabled
- OTAC unlocked

The example OTAC frame is the following:

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-6-33-0-3-4-25-0

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184- 94-0-166- 230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	8	6	
OTAC Id	1	9	33	
System configuration Bitmap	1	10	0	Activity Led Disabled, OTAC unlocked
Power Mode	1	11	3	Sleep with network listening
Diagnostic Cycle	1	12	4	4
Network listening cycle(Isb first)	2	13	25-0	25 seconds

7.3.2.1.2 Example 2: Active mode, Enable Led, Lock OTAC and set diagnostic cycle to 10

The second example shows a system OTAC with the following configurations:

- Active mode
- Diagnostic cycle coefficient set to 10
- Activity Led enabled
- OTAC locked

The example OTAC frame is the following:

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-6-33-3-1-10-0-0

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184- 94-0-166- 230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	8	6	
OTAC Id	1	9	33	
System configuration Bitmap	1	10	3	Activity Led enabled, OTAC locked
Power Mode	1	11	1	Active mode
Diagnostic Cycle	1	12	10	10
Network listening cycle(Isb first)	2	13	0-0	Not set in active mode

7.3.3 Shock detection configuration OTAC

This OTAC is in charge of:

- Setting the shock acceleration range
- Setting the shock sampling rate
- Setting the shock threshold

The table below shows in details how the Shock detection configuration OTAC frame should be organized to be interpreted by the device.

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0		
OTAC Length	1	8	13	
OTAC Id	1	9	0x42	
Acceleration Range(Lsb first)	2	10		In G
Shock Sampling Rate	2	12		
Shock notification delay	1	14		

Future Use	1	15	
Shock Threshold (Lsb first)	2	16	In mG
Future Use	4	18	

7.3.3.1 <u>Examples:</u>

The examples of all the OTAC will be shown as follow

The OTAC frame is splitted to bytes with "-" character and each byte is interpreted in decimal.

7.3.3.1.1 Example 1: Acceleration range 16g sampling rate 1600Hz Threshold 2000mg

The first example shows Shock detection OTAC with the following configurations:

- Shock detection acceleration range 16g
- Shock detection Sampling rate 1600Hz
- Shock Threshold 2000mg

The example OTAC frame is the following:

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-13-66-16-0-64-6-0-0-208-7-0-0-0

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184- 94-0-166- 230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	8	13	
OTAC Id	1	9	66	0x42
Acceleration Range(Lsb first)	2	10	16-0	16g
Shock Sampling Rate	2	12	64-6	1600Hz
Shock notification delay	1	14	0	
Future Use	1	15	0	
Shock Threshold (Lsb first)	2	16	208-7	2000mg
Future Use	4	18	0-0-0-0	

7.3.3.1.2 Example 2: Acceleration range 4g sampling rate 100Hz Threshold 2850mg

The first example shows Shock detection OTAC with the following configurations:

• Shock detection acceleration range 4g

- Shock detection Sampling rate 100Hz
- Shock Threshold 2850mg

The example OTAC frame is the following:

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-13-66-4-0-100-0-0-0-34-11-0-0-0-0

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184- 94-0-166- 230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	8	13	
OTAC Id	1	9	66	0x42
Acceleration Range(Lsb first)	2	10	4-0	4g
Shock Sampling Rate	2	12	100-0	100Hz
Shock notification delay	1	14	0	
Future Use	1	15	0	
Shock Threshold (Lsb first)	2	16	34-11	2850mg
Future Use	4	18	0-0-0-0	

7.3.4 Channel Configuration OTAC

This OTAC is responsible of:

- Setting the status of the channel x on/off where $(x \in [0..4])$
- Setting alarm threshold of channel x where $(x \in [0..4])$
- Setting the calibration of channel x where $(x \in [0..4])$

The table below shows in details how the channel configuration OTAC frame should be organized to be interpreted by the device.

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0		
OTAC Length	1	9	43	
OTAC Id	1	10	0x82	
Sensor Id	1	11		see sensor id table
Daq Channel Bitmap	1	12		Bit 0 : Channel Status (1:Enable/0:Disable) Bit 1 : Alarm Threshold Set (1:Threshold updated/ 0: threshold not updated Bit 2 : Sensor Calibration(1:calibration Updated/0:No update on calibration)

Alarm H1(float)(Lsb First)	4	13	
Alarm H2(float)(Lsb First)	4	17	
Alarm L1(float)(Lsb First)	4	21	
Alarm L2(float)(Lsb First)	4	25	
Offset(float)(Lsb First)	4	29	
Ratio(float)(Lsb first)	4	33	
Future use	16	37	

Channel				
Id	Signification			
0	Channel Z			
1	Channel X			
2	Channel Y			
3	INC_X			
4	INC_Y			
	Config bitmap table			

7.3.4.1 <u>Examples:</u>

The examples of all the OTAC will be shown as follow

The OTAC frame is splitted to bytes with "-" character and each byte is interpreted in decimal.

7.3.4.1.1 Example 1: Calibrate, Enable of channelY

The first example shows a channelY (id=2) configuration OTAC with the following configurations:

- Calibration of channel with ratio=-2,68 and offset=0,59
- Channel enabled

The example OTAC frame is the following:

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	9	43	
OTAC Id	1	10	130	0x82
Sensor Id	1	11	2	ChannelY

Daq Channel Bitmap	1	12	5	 Channel Enabled Alarm Threshold not updated calibration Updated
Alarm H1(float)(Lsb First)	4	13	0-0-0-0	Not updated
Alarm H2(float)(Lsb First)	4	17	0-0-0-0	Not updated
Alarm L1(float)(Lsb First)	4	21	0-0-0-0	Not updated
Alarm L2(float)(Lsb First)	4	25	0-0-0-0	Not updated
Offset(float)(Lsb First)	4	29	61-10-23-63	0,59
Ratio(float)(Lsb first)	4	33	31-133-43-192	-2,68
Future use	16	37	0-	

7.3.4.1.2 Example 2: Set Alarm Threshold levels of Channel INC_Y

The first example shows a channel INC_Y (id=4) Config OTAC with the following configurations:

- Alarm Level are H1=13,3;H2=9,78;L1=-8,65;L2=-26,81
- Channel enabled

The example OTAC frame is the following:

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	9	43	
OTAC Id	1	10	130	0x82
Sensor Id	1	11	2	ChannelY
Daq Channel Bitmap	1	12	3	 Channel Enabled Alarm Threshold updated calibration not Updated
Alarm H1(float)(Lsb First)	4	13	205-204-84-65	H1=13,3

Alarm H2(float)(Lsb First)	4	17	225-122-28-65	H2=9,78
Alarm L1(float)(Lsb First)	4	21	102-102-10-193	L1=-8,65
Alarm L2(float)(Lsb First)	4	25	225-122-214-193	L2=-26,81
Offset(float)(Lsb First)	4	29	0-0-0-0	Not updated
Ratio(float)(Lsb first)	4	33	0-0-0-0	Not updated
Future use	16	37	0-	

7.3.5 Clock configuration OTAC

This OTAC is responsible of:

- Setting the time zone of the device's clock
- Setting the ntp Configurations (Port, URL, Server name...)

The table below shows in details how the clock configuration OTAC frame should be organized to be interpreted by the device.

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0		
OTAC Length	1	8	46	
OTAC Id	1	10	0x91	
Time zone(signed)(Lsb first)	2			one lsb = 1 minute
Future Use	5			
Ntp Port	2			
Enable DNS	1			
Ntp server IP	4			
Server name length	1			
Server URL	30			

7.3.5.1 <u>Examples:</u>

The examples of all the OTAC will be shown as follow

The OTAC frame is splitted to bytes with "-" character and each byte is interpreted in decimal.

7.3.5.1.1 Example 1: Change Ntp server, change time zone

The first example shows Ntp Configuration OTAC with the following configurations:

- DNS Enabled
- Ntp server"time.google.com"
- Time zone =60 minutes

The example OTAC frame is the following:

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-46-145-60-0-0-0-0-0-123-0-1-0-0-0-15-116-105-109-101-46-103-111-111-103-108-101-46-99-111-109-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0

Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
Mac Id(Msb First)	8	0	244-184-94-0-166- 230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000
OTAC Length	1	8	46	
OTAC Id	1	10	145	0x91
Time zone(signed)(Lsb first)	2		60-0	60 minutes
Future Use	5		0-0-0-0	
Ntp Port	2		123-0	123
Enable DNS	1		1	DNS enabled
Ntp server IP	4		0-0-0-0	Not set DNS when DNS enabled
Server name length	1		15	15 bytes
Server URL	30		116-105-109-101- 46-103-111-111- 103-108-101-46- 99-111-109-0-0-0- 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-	time.google.com

7.3.6 Datalogger Config OTAC

There are two type of Datalogger OTAC

- 1. General datalogger OTAC
- 2. Download Response OTAC

7.3.6.1 General Datalogger OTAC

This OTAC is responsible of:

- Setting the end of memory strategy
- Erase ,download cancel download
- Stop logging

The table below shows in details how the General Datalogger OTAC frame should be organized to be interpreted

by the device.

General Datalogger OTAC frame						
Field Name	Size in bytes	index in bytes	Values	Additional information		
MacId(Msb first)	8	0				
OTAC Length	1	8				
OTAC Id	1	9	0xD0			
End of memory management	1	10		See table end of memory setting values		
Download setting	1	11		See table Download Setting values		
Index first File to Download(Lsb first)	2	12				

Config	Value			
Stop log	0x01			
Stop keep Daq	0x02			
Stop Go to Commissioning	0x03			
Stop auto download erase reset Daq	0x04			
Stop auto download switch to commissioning	0x05			
Stop auto download erase switch to commissioning	0x06			
Table end of memory strategy setting values				

Config	Value		
Start Download	0x01		
Switch to commissioning then start download	0x02		
Start Download then erase	0x03		
Switch to commissioning , start download then erase	0x04		
Cancel download	0x05		
Erase	0x06		
Stop logging	0x07		
Table Download Setting values			

7.3.6.1.1 Examples:

The examples of all the OTAC will be shown as follow

The OTAC frame is splitted to bytes with "-" character and each byte is interpreted in decimal.

7.3.6.1.1.1 Example 1: Download file 0

The first example shows a Download OTAC with the following configurations:

- Index file = 0
- End of memory strategy is Stop log

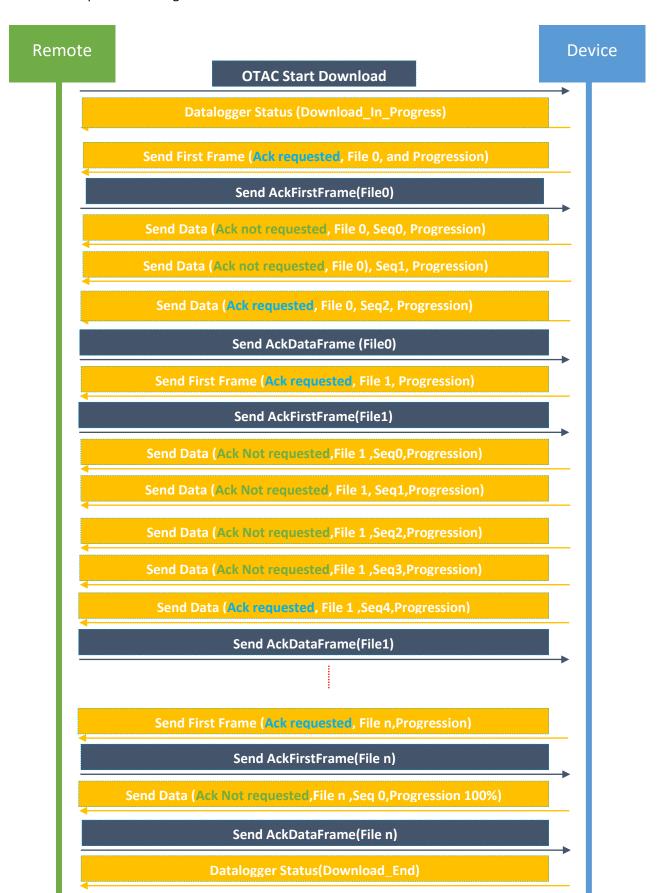
The example OTAC frame is the following:

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-5-208-1-1-0-0

General Datalogger OTAC frame						
		index				
		in		Additional		
Field Name	Size in bytes	bytes	Values	information		
MacId(Msb first)	8	0	244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0	F4B85E00A6E60000		
OTAC Length	1	8	5			
OTAC Id	1	9	208	0xD0		
End of memory			1	Stop Log		
management	1	10	•	3100 208		
			1	Start Download		
Download setting	1	11	1	Start Download		
Index first File to			0-0	File index 0		
Download(Lsb first)	2	12	5-0	The maex o		

7.3.6.2 <u>Download response OTAC</u>

The download sequence exchange is shown below:



This OTAC is responsible of:

Responding to download frames sent by the device Ack or NAck

The table below shows in details how the Download response OTAC frame should be organized to be interpreted by the device.

Download Response Otac frame						
Field Name	Size in bytes	index in bytes	Values	Additional information		
MacId(Msb first)	8	0				
OTAC Length	1	8				
OTAC Id	1	9	0x92			
				See table Download		
Response Id	1	10		responses values		
File index (Lsb First)	2	11				
				See table Download Frame		
Frame Type	1	13		type values		

Config	Value			
Acknowledgment	0x01			
Not acknowledgement	0x02			
Table Download Responses values				

Config	Value	
First Frame	0x01	
Data	0x02	
Table Download frame type values		

7.3.6.2.1 Examples:

The examples of all the OTAC will be shown as follow

The OTAC frame is splitted to bytes with "-" character and each byte is interpreted in decimal.

7.3.6.2.1.1 Example 1: Send Acknowledgement of the first frame

The first example shows a Download response OTAC with the following configurations:

- File Index = 0
- Type frame = First frame

The example OTAC frame is the following:

244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0-5-146-1-0-0-1

Download Response OTAC frame				
	Size			
	in	index in		Additional
Field Name	bytes	bytes	Values	information
MacId(Msb first)	8	0	244-184-94-0-166-230-0-0	
OTAC Length	1	8	5	
OTAC Id	1	9	146	0x92
Response Id	1	10	1	Acknowledgment
File index (Lsb First)	2	11	0-0	First Frame file 0
Frame Type	1	13	1	First frame

7.3.7 Other OTAC

7.3.7.1 Reset OTAC

This OTAC shall be sent when the remote need to restart the device.

OTAC Reset					
	Size in	index in			
Field Name	bytes	bytes	Values	Additional information	
MacId(Msb					
first)	8	0			
OTAC Length	1	8	1		
OTAC Id	1	9	0xAB		

7.3.7.2 Request All profiles OTAC

This OTAC shall be sent when the remote need all profiles from the device.

OTAC Request All Profiles							
	Size in index in						
Field Name	bytes	bytes	Values	Additional information			
MacId(Msb							
first)	8	0					
OTAC Length	1	8	1				
OTAC Id	1	9	0xAD				

7.3.7.3 No More OTAC

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This OTAC shall be sent when the remote send all the OTAC pending during a sleep cycle of the device. It informs the device that there is no more OTAC to be sent hence it goes to sleep again. If it is not sent the device goes to

sleep again after a timeout.

OTAC No Pending OTAC							
Size in index in							
Field Name	bytes	bytes	Values	Additional information			
MacId(Msb							
first)	8	0					
OTAC Length	1	8	1				
OTAC Id	1	9	0xAC				

8. FRAMES RELATED TO DATA ACQUISITION MODE

The broker receives data from devices on a set of topics and forwards that to subscribed devices on these topics.

The data consumer Connected to the same broker have to be able to SUBSCRIBE and parse the PUBLISH MQTT frame, the figure below explains the PUBLISH frame received from the broker at TCP level.

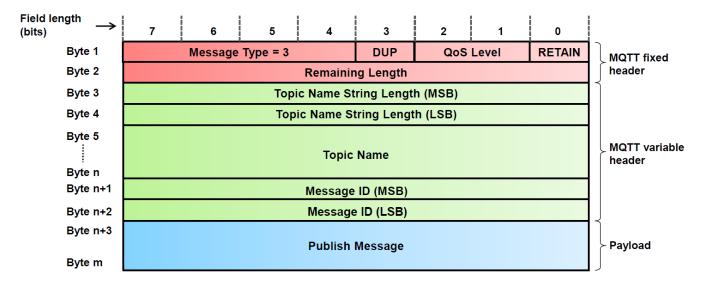


Figure 2: PUBLISH frame contents on TCP level

Message Id is only present in the PUBLISH message (Broker \rightarrow Data consumer) if the QoS level > 0 (Embedded in the SUBSCRIBE frame sent earlier).

Different fields of this frame (Except Payload contents which are Beanair specified) are well documented in the MQTT official Specifications.

The payload content changes according to the frame nature and data acquisition mode, each frame is preceded with a *Device type* and an *Acquisition type* fields, each mode can be distinguished using the tables below.

Device type	Value	Description
AX_3D	0x01	AX_3D device Id
HI_INC_MONO	0x02	HI_INC_MONO Device Id
HI_INC_BI	0x03	HI_INC_BI Device Id
AX_3D_HI_INC_MONO	0x04	AX_3D_HI_INC_MONO Device Id
AX_3D_HI_INC_BI	0x05	AX_3D_HI_INC_BI Device Id
AX_3DS	0x06	AX_3DS device Id

Table 21: Different Beanair devices types Ids

Data Acquisition mode	Value	Description
LDCDA mode	0x01	The Id of the Low Duty Cycle Data Acquisition mode
Alarm mode	0x02	The Id of the Alarm Data Acquisition mode
Streaming mode	0x03	The Id of the Streaming Data Acquisition mode

Table 22: Different Acquisition modes Ids

8.1 LDCDA MODE

In LDCDA mode, the payload content of the PUBLISH format is as follows.

Data meaning			Size
Device Type			1 byte
Acquisition type (Default 0x01)			1 byte
Channel Id			1 byte
Date in Unix time format (LSB First)			4 bytes
	Byte[0] data bits		1 byte
Data sample measured	Byte[1] da	ta bits	1 byte
(LSB First)	Byte[2]	Sign bit	8 th bit
	Dytte[2]	data bits	7 bits

Table 23: LDCDA frame contents seen from data consumer side

After reading "Data sample measured" field, the user must perform the following calculation:

Decimal value =
$$(-1)^{sign\ bit} * \frac{Remaining\ bits\ in\ decimal\ format}{1000}$$

8.2 ALARM AND LDCDA MODE

In ALARM mode, the payload content of the PUBLISH format is as follows.

Data meaning			Size			
Device T	Device Type			1 byte		
Acquisiti	on type	(Def	ault 0x02)		1 byte	
Channel	Id				1 byte	
Date In U	Date In Unix time format (LSB First)			4 bytes		
	0x00	No .	No Alarm			
Alarm	0x01	Alar	rm Start		1 byte	
status	0x02	Alar	m in progre	SS		
	0x03	Alar	m End			
			Byte[0] dat	ta bits	1 byte	
Data san measure	-		Byte[1] data bits		1 byte	
	(LSB First)	Byte[2]	Sign bit	8 th bit		
			5,00[2]	data bits	7 bits	

Table 24: ALARM frame contents seen from data consumer side

After reading "*Data sample measured*" field, the "*Average*" field, the "*Max*" field and the "*Min*" field the user must perform the following calculation:

Decimal value =
$$(-1)^{sign\ bit} * \frac{Remaining\ bits\ in\ decimal\ format}{1000}$$

8.3 STREAMING MODE

In STREAMING mode, the payload content of the PUBLISH format is as follows, further description on how to use the frame contents are explained below.

Data meaning		Size				
Device Type			1 byte			
Acquisition type (De	1 byte					
Reference time In Unix time format	Reference time In Unix time format (LSB First)			4 bytes		
Sampling frequency	(LSB First)		2 bytes			
Channels bitmap	O th Bit					
(LSB First)	Is channel 2 activated?	1 st Bit				
	Is channel 3 activated?	2 nd Bit	1 st Byte	4 bytes		
		•••••				
		:	2 nd Byte			
		:	3 rd Byte			
			4 th Byte			
	Is channel 32 activated ?	31 th Bit	4 Byte			
Frame Sequence Id (LSB First):(Begins from 0)		3 bytes			
Number of data acqu	Number of data acquisitions per channel			2 bytes		
Data Acquisition cycl	3 bytes					
Data acquisition duration		3 bytes				
Previous Number of data acquisitions per channel			2 bytes			
Future Use			1 byte			

Part 1: used to compute each data acquisition time

Network Quality (LQI)			1 byte	
Data Sample 1	Byte[1] data bits			1 byte	
of channel 1 (LSB First)	Byte[2]		_ 	1 byte	
(LSB First)	Byte[2]	Sign bit	acke	8 th bit	1 byte
	Dytte[2]	data bits	Sub Packet	7 bits	1 byte
			1 st S	3 b	oytes
Data Sample 1 of ch the "channels bitma	•			3 bytes	
Data Sample 2 of ch	annel 1 (LSE	3 First)		3 bytes	
Data Sample 2 of next channel (LSB First)			cket	3 bytes	
			ub Pa	3 bytes	
Data Sample 2 of channel n (last one present in the "channels bitmap" field) (LSB First)		2 nd Sub Packet	3 b	pytes	
			: :		
Data Sample M of channel 1 (LSB First)		B First)			
Data Sample M of n	ext channel	(LSB First)	acket	3 bytes	
			M th Sub Packet	3 bytes	
Data Sample M of channel n (last one present in the "channels bitmap" field) (LSB First)		Σ	3 b	pytes	

Table 25: STREAMING frame contents seen from data consumer side

Part 2: Data samples

8.4 S.E.T MODE

In S.E.T mode, the payload content of the PUBLISH format is as follows, further description on how to use the frame contents are explained below.

Data meaning	Data meaning				
Device Type			1 byte		
Acquisition type (De		1 byte			
Reference time In Unix time format	Reference time In Unix time format (LSB First)				
Sampling frequency		2 bytes			
	Is channel 1 activated?	O th Bit			
	Is channel 2 activated?	1 st Bit			
	Is channel 3 activated?	2 nd Bit	1 st Byte	4 bytes	
Channels bitmap (LSB First)			2 nd Byte		
		:			
		:			
			4 th Byte		
	Is channel 32 activated?	31 th Bit	- Dyte		
Frame Sequence Id ((Begins from 0)	LSB First):		3 bytes		
Number of data acqu	uisitions per channel	2 bytes			
Data Notification cyc	cle		3 bytes		
Data acquisition duration			3 bytes		
Previous Number of data acquisitions per channel			2 bytes		
Future Use			1 byte		
Network Quality (LQI)			1 byte		

Part 1: used to compute each data acquisition time

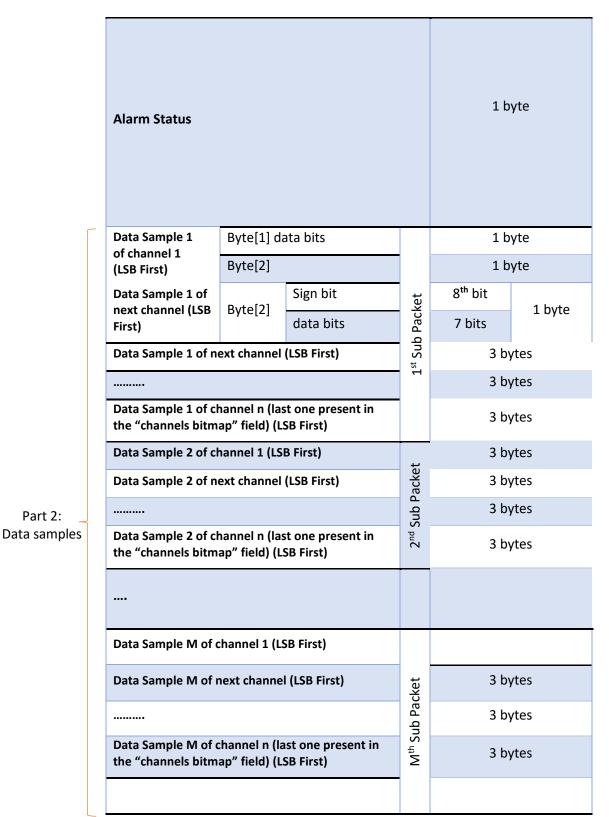


Table 26: S.E.T frame contents seen from data consumer side

Part 2:

8.5 SHOCK DETECTION

In Shock Detection mode, the payload content of the PUBLISH format is as follows, further description on how to use the frame contents are explained below.

Data meaning		Size			
Device Type			1 byte		
Acquisition type (De	Acquisition type (Default 0x04)				
Reference time In Unix time format	Reference time In Unix time format (LSB First)		4 bytes		
Sampling frequency	(LSB First)		2 bytes		
	Is channel 1 activated?	O th Bit			
	Is channel 2 activated?	1 st Bit	1 st Byte	4 bytes	
Channels bitmap (LSB First)	Is channel 3 activated?	2 nd Bit			
,		:	2 nd Byte	4	
		:	3 rd Byte		
			4 th Byte		
	Is channel 32 activated?	31 th Bit	4 Byte		
Frame Sequence Id (LSB First): (Begins from 0)			3 bytes		
Number of data acquisitions per channel			2 bytes		
Data Notification cycle			3 bytes		
Data acquisition duration			3 bytes		
Future Use			3 bytes		
1		•			

Part 1: used to compute each data acquisition time

LQI (Network Qua	ality)		1 by	/tes		
Shock source				1 byte		
X Axis First data				2 bytes		
Y Axis First data				2 bytes		
Z Axis First data				2 bytes		
Data Sample 1	Byte[1] da	ata bits		1 b	yte	
of channel 1 (LSB First)	Byte[2]		_	1 b	yte	
Data Sample 1 of		Sign bit	_	8 th bit		
next channel (LSB First)	Byte[2]	data bits	cket	7 bits	1 byte	
Data Sample 1 of no	ext channel	(LSB First)	1 st Sub Packet	3 by	/tes	
		•	1st Su	3 by		
Data Sample 1 of ch	-		•	3 bytes		
the "channels bitm			_	3 bytes		
Data Sample 2 of ch		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3 bytes		
Data Sample 2 of no	ext channel	(LSB FIRST)	ket	3 bytes		
			. Pac	3 0)	ries	
Data Sample 2 of channel n (last one present in the "channels bitmap" field) (LSB First)		2 nd Sub Packet	3 by	/tes		
Data Sample M of o	channel 1 (LS	SB First)	Sub Pack			
Data Sample M of next channel (LS		l (LSB First)	M th Sub Packet	3 by	/tes	
				3 by	/tes	
Data Sample M of channel n (last one present in the "channels bitmap" field) (LSB First)				3 by	/tes	

Table 27: Shock detection frame contents seen from data consumer side

Part 2: Data samples To meet the streaming mode, S.E.T mode and the Shock detection mode high frequency publishing, the data is compacted in a single packet and sent to the broker. The data consumer has to parse the frame (from Part 2) and compute its occurrence time (using Part 1).

<u>Note:</u> $M = Number of data acquisitions per channel in all frames; however this rule may be violated only with the last packet. This is because the user can update the acquisition mode (Example: Streaming <math>\rightarrow$ LDCDA or Streaming_at_frequency_X \rightarrow Streaming_at_frequency_X) at any given time, and thus data acquisition stops accordingly.

To compute current SubPacket time use the following formula:

$$T_{SubPacket} = Reference\ Time + \left(\frac{1}{Sampling\ frequency}\right) * SubPacket\ Index$$
 Where

SubPacket Index

= (Frame Sequence Id * Previous Number of data acquisitions per channel)

+ Current SubPacket row

The channels bitmap is important during parsing to know to what channel the data belongs to.

During parsing, the Current SubPacket row must be only incremented in every SubPacket.

To obtain a meaningful decimal value, the "Data Sample i of channel j" field must be used as follows:

Final decimal value =
$$(-1)^{sign\ bit} * \frac{Remaining\ bits\ in\ decimal\ format}{1000}$$

8.6 DIAGNOSTIC

The payload content of the PUBLISH Diagnostic message is as follows, further description on how to use the frame contents are explained below. The topic name is MACID/UPDATE

Device diagnostic header

Data meaning			Size
Reserved	I		17 bytes
	Year	2 bytes	
	Month	1 byte	
Date	Day	1 byte	7 bytes
	Hour	1 byte	, bytes
	Minute	1 byte	
	Second	1 byte	
Diagnost	ic type		1 byte
reserved			1 byte
PER (Packet Error Rate)		2 bytes	
LQI (Network Quality)			1 bytes
Reserved			2 bytes
Diagnostic Options			2 bytes
Internal ⁻	Temperature		2 bytes
Reserved	I		2 bytes
Datalogg	er Free Memory		1 byte
Energy h	Energy harvester Status		1 byte
Reserved			3 bytes
Battery voltage			2 bytes
Number	of available sensor channel		1 byte

Sensor diagnostic

_			Bit 0	1: SC		
				0 : SDC		
			Bit 1	1 : SE		
		First		0 :SDS		
		Sensor Status	Bit 2	1 : SF	1 byte	
				0:SWW		
			Bit 3 to	Not		
			Bit 7	used		
7	Sensor Status Bitmap	••••	•••		1 byte	(Number of sensor channel) bytes
			Bit 0	1: SC		
				0 : SDC		
			Bit 1	1 : SE		
		Last		0:SDS		
		Sensor Status	Bit 2	1 : SF		
				0:SWW		
			Bit 3 to	Not		
			Bit 7	used		

Table 28: Diagnostic frame contents seen from data consumer side

• <u>SC</u> : <u>Sensor connected</u>

• <u>SDC</u> : <u>sensor disconnected</u>

• **SE** : <u>Sensor Enabled</u>

• **SDS**: Sensor Disabled

• SF : Sensor Fail

• <u>SWW</u>: <u>Sensor Working Well</u>

9. PROFILES OVER_MQTT FRAME CONTENTS

All profiles are published on the MACID/CREATE topic.

9.1 GENERAL PROFILE

This profile contains the following information:

- BeanDevice® MAC ID
- IP Address and DHCP client Status (Enabled, Disabled)
- BeanDevice® Hardware Version
- BeanDevice® Software Version
- Data acquisition capability
- Number profile layers to be transmitted after this profile including the general profile
- Profile ID of the Profile to be sent in order (LSB = profile id of the first profile)

The profile data frame comes as follow:

GENERAL PROFILE						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information		
BeanScape® Header	17	0				
Profile Id	1	17	0x02			
Future Use	2	18				
MAC Id (Msb First)	8	20				
Future use	1	28				
IP Config Mode	1	29		see IP Config Mode table		
IP Address	6	30				
Hardware version	1	36				
Software version	1	37				
WSN Stack version	1	38	0x10			
Data acquisition capability	1	39		See data acquisition capability table		
Profiles number	1	40		Contains number of profile will be sent		
Profiles Id	26	41				

Ip Config Mode table		
IP config value	Description	
0	Static IP	
1	Dynamic IP	

Data acquisition capability table			
Bit number	Description		
	1: Alarm & low duty cycle are		
0	supported		
U	0: Alarm & low duty cycle are not		
	supported		
	1: Streaming and Set mode and		
1	commissioning are supported		
1	0: Streaming and Set mode and		
	commissioning are not supported		
2	1: Shock detection is supported		
	0: Shock detection is not		
	supported		

9.2 DAQ PROFILE

This Profile contains the following information:

- Data acquisition mode (streaming, Low duty cycle, SET mode...)
- DAQ options (TX for data transmission, TX & Log for data transmission and data logging, Standalone, Streaming Options...)
- Sampling rate and max sampling rate
- Data acquisition cycle
- Transmission ratio and Max Transmission ratio
- Data aging of the store and forward
- Data acquisition duration

DATA ACQUISITION PROFILE				
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
BeanScape® Header	17	0		
Profile Id	1	17	0x10	
Daq Mode	1	18		see Daq mode table
Daq options	2	19		see Daq option table
Future Use	2	21		
Daq Cycle(Lsb first)	3	23		
Max TX Ratio	1	26		
TX Ratio	1	27		
Daq Duration(Lsb first)	3	28		

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Max sampling rate(Lsb first)	3	31	
Sampling rate(Lsb first)	3	34	
Future Use	3	37	
Store and forward data aging(Lsb first)	2	40	
Future Use	2	42	

Daq mode	value	
Commissioning	0x01	
low duty cycle	0x02	
Streaming	0x03	
Alarm	0x04	
SET mode	0x05	
Shock	0x06	
Detection		
Daq mode Table		

Daq options bit	Signification		
	Datalogger bit:		
0	1 : datalogger enabled		
	0 : datalogger disabled		
	Store and forward bit		
1	1 : Store and forward enabled,		
	0 :Store and forward disabled		
2	Streaming (bit2,bit3,bit4):		
3	Streaming Continuous:(1,0,0) Streaming one shot:(0,1,0)		
4	Streaming burst:(1,1,0)		
5	Transmission TX bit:		
3	1 : TX enabled,0 : TX disabled		
	Stand Alone bit:		
6	1 : Stand Alone enabled		
	0 : Stand Alone disabled		
7->15	Future use		
Daq options table			

9.3 SYSTEM STATUS YSTEM STATUS PROFILE

This Profile contains the following information:

- Activity led status (Enabled/Disabled)
- OTAC status(locked/unlocked)
- Power source
- Power mode (Active/Sleep)
- Diagnostic cycle
- Listening cycle

The profile data frame is shown in the table below:

System Status Profile				
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
BeanScape Header	17	0		
Profile Id	1	17	0x21	
System Status	1	18		see system status
Power status	1	19		see power status table
Diagnostic cycle	1	20		
Network Listening cycle(Isb first)	2	21		

Config			
bit	Signification		
	OTAC Status bit:		
0	1 = OTAC locked,		
	0 = OTAC unlocked		
	Activity Led bit,		
1	1 = Activity Led enabled,		
	0 = Activity Led disabled		
2->7	Future use		
	System status		

Bit	Daq mode	value				
	Active mode	0xY1(Y any number)				
4 Low bits	Sleep with network listening	0xY3(Y any number)				
4 LC	Standby low battery	0xY5(Y any number)				
,	Standby	0xY6(Y any number)				
	next 4 bits are for power source type					
	External power supply	0x1Y(Y any number)				
bits	Internal Battery	0x2Y(Y any number)				
4 High bits	Energy harvesting	0x3Y(Y any number)				
	Power mode Table					

9.4 WIRELESS LINK PROFILE

This Profile contains the following information:

- SSID
- Wi-Fi authentication mode

The profile data frame is shown in the table below:

Wireless link Profile						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information		
BeanScape Header	17	0				
Profile Id	1	17	0x31			
Future Use	1	18				
Wi-Fi authentication mode	1	19		see authentification table		
SSID length	1	20				
SSID	30	21				
Future Use	2	51				

60

Authentication type table				
Authentication type	Value			
Open	0			
WEP	1			
WPA	2			
WPA2	3			

9.5 MAIN SENSOR PROFILE

This Profile contains the following information:

- Internal sensor profile
- Number of channels
- Shock available acceleration range
- Current Shock acceleration range
- Shock sampling rate
- Shock notification delay
- Shock threshold

Main Sensor PROFILE					
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information	
BeanScape Header	17	0			
Profile Id	1	17	0x42		
Number of channels	1	18			
Internal sensor profile	1	19		see internal sensor profile table	
Shock Available acceleration range	1	20		see available acceleration range table	
Shock acceleration range(Lsb First)	2	21			
Shock Available Sampling rate	1	23			
Shock Sampling rate((Lsb First)	2	24			
Shock notification delay	2	26			
Future Use	1	28			
Shock threshold(Lsb First)	2	29			
Future Use	4	31			

Sensor Type	Value	
AX3D	0x01	
Hi Inc mono Axial	0x02	
Hi Inc Bi Axial	0x03	
Xinc Mono	0x04	
Xinc Bi	0x05	
AX3DS	0x06	
Internal sensor profile table		

Range Type	value	
2G-4G-6G-8G-16G	0x01	
6G-12G-24G	0x02	
2G-4G-8G	0x03	
100G-200G-400G	0x04	
Available acceleration range table		

9.6 CHANNEL PROFILE

This Profile contains the following information:

- Sensor range
- Channel Id
- Alarm threshold levels(H1,H2,L1,L2)
- Channel Status
- Calibration date
- Calibration values
- Unit

Channel PROFILE					
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information	
BeanScape Header	17	0			
Profile Id	1	17	0x82		
Channel Id	1	18		0:ChannelZ 1:ChannelX 2:ChannelY 3:INCX 4:INCY	
Sensor range	1	19		in G	
Alarm threshold H1(float LSB first)	4	20			
Alarm threshold H2(float LSB first)	4	24			
Alarm threshold L1(float LSB first)	4	28			
Alarm threshold L2(float LSB first)	4	32			

Channel status	1	36	Bit 0 : Channel Status (1:Enabled/0:Disabled) Bit 1 : Sensor Calibration(1:calibrated/0:Not calibrated)
Calibration date(Year)	2	37	
Calibration date(Month)	1	39	
Calibration date(Day)	1	40	
Calibration date(Hour)	1	41	
Calibration date(Minute)	1	42	
Calibration date(Second)	1	43	
Offset(float LSB first)	4	44	
Ratio(float LSB first)	4	48	
Future Use	16	52	
Unit	1	68	7:mg,8:Deg

9.7 DATALOGGER STATUS PROFILE

This Profile contains the following information:

- Datalogger status
- End memory strategy
- Datalogger current action
- Free memory space

Datalogger status						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information		
BeanScape Header	17	0				
Profile Id	1	17	0xD0			
Datalogger status	1	18		see datalogger status table		
End Of memory strategy	1	19		see end of memory strategy table		
Datalogger current action	1	20		See table Datalogger current action values		
Future Use	4	21				
Free memory space	1	25		0→200 /0:full , 200 :empty		

Datalogger status	Value		
Not Init	0x01		
Initializing	0x02		
Ready	0x03		
Ready download only	0x04		
Logging	0x05		
Stopped	0x06		
Failure	0x07		
Erase in progress	0x08		
Memory Empty	0x09		
Memory full	0x10		
Download in progress	0x11		
canceled	0x12		
Download End	0x13		
Stand Alone	0x14		
Datalogger status table			

Config	Value	
Stop log	0x01	
Stop keep Daq	0x02	
Stop Go to Commissioning	0x03	
Stop auto download erase reset Daq	0x04	
Stop auto download switch to commissioning	0x05	
Stop auto download erase switch to commissioning	0x06	
Table end of memory strategy setting values		

Value				
0x01				
0x02				
0x03				
0x03				
0x04				
0x05				
0x06				
0x07				
Table Datalogger current action				
values				

9.8 CLOCK PROFILE

This Profile contains the following information:

- Time zone
- NTP server
- NTP port

The profile data frame is shown in the table below:

Ntp Config Profile								
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information				
BeanScape® Header	17	0						
Profile Id	1	17	0x91					
Time zone	2	18		in minutes				
Future Use	5	20						
NTP Port	2	25						
DNS Enabled/Disabled	1	27		0: DNS disabled 1: DNS enabled				
NTP server IP	4	28		in case DNS disabled				
NTP server Name length	1	32		in case DNS enabled				
NTP server URL	31	33		in case DNS enabled				

9.9 MQTT PROFILES

MQTT profiles published via MQTT come with the following structure:

Mqtt module status								
Name field Size in byte Byte index Value Additional information								
BeanScape Header	17	0						
Mqtt Profile Payload	1	17						

The Mqtt Profile Payload is listed in section 7.

10. APPENDIX 1:EXAMPLES

10.1 BEANDEVICE® WILOW VERSION PROFILE EXAMPLE

	Device Version PROFILE Example						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information			
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x42-0x4f-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4- 0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xff-0xFE-0x19-0x32				
Profile Id	1	17	0x02				
Future Use	2	18	0x01-0x00				
MAC Id (Msb First)	8	20	0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00	MAC ID = F4B85E00A4760000			
Future use	1	28	0x00				
IP Config Mode	1	29	0x01	dynamic IP set			
IP Address	6	30	0xC0-0xA8-0x01-0x02-0x00-0x00	0xC0-0xA8-0x01-0x02 = 192.168.1.2 0x00-0x00 for future use			
Hardware version	1	36	0x20	V2R0			
Software version	1	37	0x29	V2R9			
WSN Stack version	1	38	0x10				
Data acquisition capability	1	39	0x07	LDC STR STSD (all modes are supported by this device)			
Profile number	1	40	0x15	this device contains 21 other profiles (other than this one)			
Profiles Id	0xC0-0xD0-0x90-0x90-0x90-0x90-0x90-0x9		0x02-0x10-0x21-0x31-0x42-0x82-0x82-0x82- 0xC0-0xD0-0x90-0x90-0x90-0x90-0x90-0x90- 0x90-0x90-	List of the id of each profile that will be sent in order 0x00 means			

Whole frame

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{Buffer}[67] > 0 \times 42 - 0 \times 4F - 0 \times 01 - 0 \times F4 - 0 \times B8 - 0 \times 5E - 0 \times 00 - 0 \times 44 - 0 \times 76 - 0 \times 00 - 0 \times 00 - 0 \times 01 - 0 \times 02 - 0 \times FF - 0 \times FE - 0 \times 19 - 0 \times 32 - 0 \times 02 - 0 \times 01 - 0 \times 00 - 0 \times 64 - 0 \times 07 - 0 \times 04 - 0 \times 07 - 0 \times 01 - 0 \times 02 - 0 \times 01 - 0 \times 02 - 0 \times 01 - 0 \times 07 - 0 \times 15 - 0 \times 02 - 0 \times 10 - 0 \times 21 - 0 \times 21$

10.2 BEANDEVICE® WILOW WIRELESS LINK PROFILE EXAMPLE

	Wireless link Profile					
Name field Size in byte index			Value	Additional information		
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x34-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00- 0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x24			
Profile Id	1	17	0x31			
Future Use	1	18	0x01			
Wi-Fi authentication mode	1	19	0x03	WPA2		
SSID length	1	20	0x09			
SSID	30	21	0x5F-0x6C-0x6F-0x62-0x61-0x6C-0x6E-0x65-0x74-0x00- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x	_lobalnet		
Future Use	2	51	0x00-0x00			

Whole frame

10.3 BEANDEVICE® WILOW SYSTEM STATUS PROFILE EXAMPLE

	System Status Profile						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information			
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x16-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00- 0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x06				
Profile Id	1	17	0x21				
System Status	1	18	0x02	Led activated ,OTAC unlocked			
Power status	1	19	0x11	Power mode = Active, Power source = External power supply			
Diagnostic cycle	1	20	0x01	Diagnostic coefficient = 1			
Network Listening cycle(Isb first)	2	21	0x3C-0x00	Network listening cycle = 60s (not used here because it is in Active mode)			

Whole frame

Buffer[23]> 0x16-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x06-0x21-0x02-0x11-0x01-0x3C-0x00-

10.4 BEANDEVICE® WILOW DATA ACQUISITION PROFILE EXAMPLE

	DATA ACQUISITION PROFILE						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information			
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x2B-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00- 0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x1B				
Profile Id	1	17	0x10				
Daq Mode	1	18	0x02	Low duty cycle			
Daq options(Lsb First)	2	19	0x21-0x00	TX & Log			
Future Use	2	21	0x00-0x00				
Daq Cycle(Lsb first)	3	23	0x01-0x00-0x00	Daq cycle 1second			
Max TX Ratio	1	26	0x09	Max TX ratio =9			
TX Ratio	1	27	0x01	Current TX ratio =1			
Daq Duration(Lsb first)	3	28	0x00-0x00-0x00	Not used in low duty cycle			
Max sampling rate(Lsb first)	3	31	0xF4-0x01-0x00	500Hz			
Sampling rate(Lsb first)	3	34	0xE8-0x03-0x00	Not used in low duty cycle			
Future Use	3	37	0x00-0x00-0x00				
Store and forward data aging(Lsb first)	2	40	0x00-0x00	data aging = 0ms			
Future Use	2	42	0x10-0x0E				

Whole frame

10.5 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MAIN SENSOR PROFILE EXAMPLE

	Main Sensor PROFILE					
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information		
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x22-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8- 0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00- 0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE- 0x19-0x12			
Profile Id	1	17	0x42			
Number of channels	1	18	0x03	The device contains 3 channels		
Internal sensor profile	1	19	0x01	the device is Ax3D		
Shock Available acceleration range	1	20	0x01	acceleration range type 2G-4G-6G-8G- 16G		
Shock acceleration range(Lsb first)	2	21	0x10-0x00	16G		
Shock Available Sampling rate	1	23	0x01	25Hz,50Hz,100Hz,400Hz,800Hz,1600Hz		
Shock Sampling rate(Isb first)	2	24	0x20-0x03	800Hz		
Shock notification delay	2	26	0x00-0x00			
Future Use	1	28	0x00			
Shock threshold	2	29	0xD0-0x07	2000mg		
Future Use	4	31	0xD0-0x07-0xD0-0x0			

Whole frame

10.6 BEANDEVICE® WILOW CHANNEL PROFILE EXAMPLE

Channel PROFILE				
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x44-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00- 0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x34	
Profile Id	1	17	0x82	
Channel Id	1	18	0x00	0:ChannelZ
Sensor range	1	19	0x02	-2G/+2G
Alarm threshold H1(float LSB first)	4	20	0x1F-0x85-0xAB-0x3F	1.34
Alarm threshold H2(float LSB first)	4	24	0x0A-0xD7-0x63-0x3F	0.89
Alarm threshold L1(float LSB first)	4	28	0x29-0x5C-0x0F-0xBF	-0.56
Alarm threshold L2(float LSB first)	4	32	0xF6-0x28-0xBC-0xBF	-1.47
Channel status	1	36	0x03	Channel enabled and calibrated
Calibration date(Year)	2	37	0xE2-0x07	calibration date: 06/07/2018 10h8min15sec
Calibration date(Month)	1	39	0x07	
Calibration date(day)	1	40	0x06	
Calibration date(Hour)	1	41	0x0A	
Calibration date(Minute)	1	42	0x08	
Calibration date(Second)	1	43	ОхОЕ	
Offset(float LSB first)	4	44	0xAE-0x47-0x21-0x3F	0.63
Ratio(float LSB first)	4	48	0x00-0x00-0x20-0xC0	-2.5

MQTT Communication Protocol

Wilow® wireless sensors

Future Use	16	52	0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x0	
Unit	1	68	0x07	g

Whole frame

10.7 BEANDEVICE® WILOW DATALOGGER STATUS EXAMPLE

	Datalogger status							
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information				
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x19-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00- 0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF- 0xFE-0x19-0x09					
Profile Id	1	17	0xD0					
Datalogger status	1	18	0x02	Initializing				
End Of memory management	1	19	0x03	Stop Go to Commissioning				
Memory download setting	1	20	OxFF	None				
Future Use	4	21	0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00					
Free memory space	1	25	0xC3	195(96%)				

Whole frame

Buffer[26]> 0x19-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x09-0xD0-0x02-0x03-0xFF-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0xC3-

10.8 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT MODULE STATUS EXAMPLE

	Mqtt module status							
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information				
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x14-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00- 0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x04					
Profile Id	1	17	0x90					
Mqtt sub Id	1	18	0x02	Module Status				
Mqtt status	1	19	0x08	Connected				
fixed in Mqtt	1	20	0x00					

Whole frame

Buffer[21]> 0x14-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x04-0x90-0x02-0x08-0x00-

10.9 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT CLIENT ID & KEEP ALIVE PROFILE EXAMPLE

	Mqtt Client Id & Keep Alive profile						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information			
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x2E-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00- 0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF- 0xFE-0x19-0x1E				
Profile Id	1	17	0x90				
Mqtt Sub Id	1	18	0x03	Client Id and Keep Alive sub profile			
Keep Alive interval in seconds	2	19	0x3C-0x00	60 seconds			
Mqtt Protocol Version	1	21	0x04	Mqtt V3.1.1			
Auto generation Client	1	22	0x01	Auto generation enabled			
Client Id length	1	23	0x17	17			
Client Id	23	24	0x57-0x49-0x4C-0x4F-0x34-0x35-0x39- 0x34-0x38-0x36-0x31-0x35-0x33-0x30- 0x36-0x39-0x36-0x39-0x37-0x37-0x38- 0x31-0x39	WILO459486153069697781 9			

Whole frame

Buffer[47]> 0x2E-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x1E-0x90-0x03-0x3C-0x00-0x04-0x01-0x17-0x57-0x49-0x4C-0x4F-0x34-0x35-0x39-0x34-0x38-0x36-0x31-0x35-0x33-0x30-0x36-0x39-0x36-0x39-0x37-0x37-0x38-0x31-0x39-

10.10 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT BROKER DETAILS PROFILE EXAMPLE

	Mqtt Broker Details Profile							
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information				
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x4C-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76- 0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x3C					
Profile Id	1	17	0x90					
Mqtt Sub Id	1	18	0x04	Mqtt Broker Details sub profile				
Broker Port	2	19	0x5B-0x07	1883				
Broker DNS	1	21	0x00	DNS is disabled				
Broker IP	4	22	0xC0-0xA8-0x01-0xFC	192.168.1.252				
Broker DNS Length	1	26	0x00	0				
Broker DNS	50	27	0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x0	all bytes are null because DNS is disabled				

Whole frame

10.11 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT USER NAME & PASSWORD PROFILE EXAMPLE

Mqtt User Name & Password Profile					
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information	
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x7A-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76- 0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x6A		
Profile Id	1	17	0x90		
Mqtt Sub Id	1	18	0x05		
User Name Enabled/Disabled	1	19	0x01	Enabled	
Password Enabled/Disabled	1	20	0x01	Enabled	
User Name Length	1	21	0x07		
User Name	50	22	0x42-0x65-0x61-0x6E-0x41-0x69-0x72-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00	BeanAir	
Password Length	1	72	0x0B	11	
Password	50	73	0x6D-0x71-0x74-0x74-0x62-0x65-0x61-0x6E-0x61- 0x69-0x72-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00	mqttbeanair	

Whole frame

10.12 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT WILL TOPIC PROFILE EXAMPLE

			Mqtt Will Topic Profile	
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x7B-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4- 0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19- 0x6B	
Profile Id	1	17	0x90	
Mqtt Sub Id	1	18	0x06	
Will Enabled/Disabled	1	19	0x01	
Will retain flag Enabled/Disabled	1	20	0x00	
Will QoS	1	21	0x00	
Will topic Length	1	22	0x14	
Will topic	50	23	0x46-0x34-0x42-0x38-0x35-0x45-0x30-0x30- 0x41-0x34-0x37-0x36-0x30-0x30-0x30-0x30- 0x2F-0x4C-0x57-0x54-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x	F4B85E00A4760000/LWT
Will message Length	1	73	0x04	
Will message	50	74	0x44-0x45-0x41-0x44-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00	DEAD

Whole frame

10.13 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT STREAMING TOPIC PROFILE EXAMPLE

Mqtt Streaming Topic Profile						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information		
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x4F-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00- 0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF- 0xFE-0x19-0x3F			
Profile Id	1	17	0x90			
Mqtt Sub Id	1	18	0x07	Publish Topic		
Network Id	2	19	0x01-0x02			
Channel number	1	21	0xFA			
Publish status	1	22	0x01	Publish enabled		
Future Use	1	23	0x00			
Topic Name length	1	24	0x1A	26		
Mqtt publish fix header	3	25	0x30-0x91-0x01			
Reserved	2	28	0x00-0x1A			
Topic Name	50	30	0x46-0x34-0x42-0x38-0x35-0x45-0x30- 0x30-0x41-0x34-0x37-0x36-0x30-0x30- 0x30-0x30-0x2F-0x53-0x54-0x52-0x45- 0x41-0x4D-0x49-0x4E-0x47-0x00-0x00- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x	F4B85E00A4760000/STREAMING		

Whole frame

10.14 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT LDC PROFILE EXAMPLE

	Mqtt ldc Profile					
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information		
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x4F-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00- 0xA4-0x76-0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF- 0xFE-0x19-0x3F			
Profile Id	1	17	0x90			
Mqtt Sub Id	1	18	0x07			
Network Id	2	19	0x01-0x02			
Channel number	1	21	0x00	Channel Z		
Publish status	1	22	0x01	Publish Enabled		
Future use	1	23	0x00			
Topic Name length	1	24	0x19	25		
Mqtt publish fix header	3	25	0x00-0x30-0x25			
Reserved	2	28	0x00-0x19			
Topic Name	50	30	0x46-0x34-0x42-0x38-0x35-0x45-0x30- 0x30-0x41-0x34-0x37-0x36-0x30-0x30- 0x30-0x30-0x2F-0x53-0x45-0x4E-0x53- 0x4F-0x52-0x2F-0x30-0x00-0x00-0x00- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x0	F4B85E00A4760000/SENSOR/0		

Whole frame

10.15 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT OTAC TOPIC PROFILE EXAMPLE

	Mqtt OTAC topic Profile						
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information			
BeanScape Header	17	0					
Profile Id	1	17	0x90				
Mqtt Sub Id	1	18	8				
OTAC Subscribe status	1	19	0x01				
Reserved	1	20	0x00				
Topic Name length	1	21	0x15	21			
Topic Name	50	22	0x46-0x34-0x42-0x38-0x35-0x45-0x30- 0x30-0x41-0x34-0x37-0x36-0x30-0x30- 0x30-0x30-0x2f-0x4f-0x54-0x41-0x43- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00- 0x00	F4B85E00A4760000/OTAC			

Whole frame

10.16 BEANDEVICE® WILOW MQTT NTP CONFIG PROFILE EXAMPLE

	Ntp Config Profile					
Name field	Size in byte	Byte index	Value	Additional information		
BeanScape Header	17	0	0x3F-0x4F-0x01-0xF4-0xB8-0x5E-0x00-0xA4-0x76- 0x00-0x00-0x01-0x02-0xFF-0xFE-0x19-0x2F			
Profile Id	1	17	0x91			
Time zone	2	18	0x3C-0x00	60 minutes		
Future Use	5	20	0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00			
Ntp Port	2	25	0x7B-0x00	123		
DNS Enabled/Disable d	1	27	0x01	DNS enabled		
Ntp server IP	4	28	0x00-0x00-0x00	DNS is enabled IP is not filled		
Ntp server Name length	1	32	0x0F	15		
Ntp server URL	31	33	0x74-0x69-0x6D-0x65-0x2E-0x67-0x6F-0x6F-0x67- 0x6C-0x65-0x2E-0x63-0x6F-0x6D-0x00-0x00-0x00- 0x00-0x00-0x00-0x00-0x	time.google.com		

Whole frame

10.17 EXAMPLE OF DOWNLOAD FRAMES

1. The first frame

1.1. The whole frame before decomposition

The whole size of the first frame is 576 bytes

1.2. Decomposition of the frame

1.2.1. BeanDevice® Wilow® Frame Header

ff-3f-2-4f-1-f4-b8-5e-0-a1-4b-0-0-1-b4-ff-fe-19-2c-2

The total length = the whole size of the frame - size of the first field

Total length = 576 – 1(size of the frame length version) =575bytes=0x23F

Field name	Size in bytes	Index	Value
Frame length version	1	0	0xFF
Total Length (LSB)	2	1	0x3F
Total Length (LSD)	2	2	0x02
Fixed(LSB)	2	3	0x4F
Placu(LSD)	2	4	0x01
		5	0xF4
		6	0xB8
		7	0x5E
MAC ID (MSB)	8	8	0x00
MAC ID (MSB)	· ·	9	0xA1
		10	0x4B
		11	0x00
		12	0x00
		13	0x01
		14	0xB4
Fixed(LSB)	5	15	0xFF
		16	0xFE
		17	0x19
Remaining Bytes(LSB)	2	18	0x2c
	_	19	0x02

1.2.2. Datalogger frame header

f1-0-0-1-0-0-0-11-ac

Beanair GmbH

Field Name	Size in bytes	Value	Additional information
Frame type	1	0xf1	
File Index(LSB)	2	0x00	

Download proces	1		AC	1Lsb =0.5% =>0xAC=86%	
Ack requested/Not requested Frame ID			0x2	0x1	
4 Highest bits 4 lowest bits		1	4H bits	4L bits	
Datalogger frame fl	Datalogger frame flags			21	
		0x00 0x00			
Surrent sequence muc	•				
Current Sequence Inde	4	0x	:00		
			0x	01	
			0x	00	

1.2.3. Payload First frame

Field Name	Size in bytes	Byte index	Value	Additional information		
Fixed	2	0	0x01	0x0001		
rixeu	2	1	0x00	00001		
Software Version	1	2	0x28	V2R8		
Hardware Version	1	3	0x20	V2R0		
Profile Version	1	4	0x02	Device Wilow		
		5	0xf4			
		6	0xb8			
		7	0x5e			
MACID/MCP)	8	8	0x00	0xf4b85e00a14b0000		
MAC ID(MSB)	0	9	0xa1	0x14D65e00a14D0000		
		10	0x4b			
		11	0x00			
		12	0x00			
Fixed	4	13	0x01			

		14	0xb4	
		15	0xff	
		16	0xfe	
		17	0x07	Bit 0 set(channel Z activated) Bit 1 set(channel X activated)
Channel bitmap(LSB)	4			Bit 2 set(channel Y activated)
		18	0x00	
		19	0x00	
		20	0x00	
Main channel payload Id	1	21	0x42	
Number of channels	1	22	0x03	Channel Z,X,Y
Fixed	1	23	0x01	
Shock Detection Available Acceleration Range	1	24		
Shock Detection Acceleration Range	2	25		
Natige		26		
Shock Detection Available sampling rate	1	27		
Shock Detection Sampling rate	2	28		
		29		
Shock notification	2	30		
delay		31		
Fixed	1	32	0x00	

Threshold X (signed short)		2	33			
(Signed Short)			34			
Threshold Y (signed short)		2				
(signed short)			36			
Threshold Z (signed short)		2	37			
(signed short)			38			
Specific channel Payload Id		1	39		0x82	
Channel Id		1	40		0x00	Channel Z
Sensor Range		1	41		0x02	Range -2/2g
			42		0x00	
Threshold		4	43		0x00	
alarm(float)		4			0x00	
			45		0x00	
			46		0x00	
Threshold		4			0x00	
alarm(float)	•		48		0x00	
			49		0x00	
			50		0x00	
Threshold		4	51	0x00		
alarm(float)		·	52	0x00		
			53		0x00	
			54		0x00	
Threshold		4	55		0x00	
alarm(float)			56		0x00	
			57		0x00	
		Bit0 Enable/Disable		1		
Channel Status	1	Bit 1 Sensor Calibrated/not calibrated	58	1	0x03	
		Bit 2 (future use)		0		
		Bit 3(future use)		0		

		Bit 4(future use)		0		
		Bit 4(luture use)		0		
		Bit 5(future use)		0		
		Bit 6(future use)		0		
		Bit 7(future use)		0		
			59	0xe7		Date:
		Year(2 bytes)(Lsb)	60	0x07	(0x7e7)2018	01/02/2018 at 15h:31m:27s
Calibration		Month(1 byte)	61	0x02	2	
date	7	Day(1 byte)	62	0x01	1	
		Hour(1 byte)	63	0x0f	15	
		Minute(1 byte)	64	0x1f	31	
		Second(1 byte)	65	0x1b	27	
		Offset(float)(LSB)	66	0x9a		
			67	0x99	0xbd99999a	-0,075
			68	0x99		0,075
			69	0xbd		
			70	0x03		
		Ratio(Float)(LSB)	71	0x42	0x40c94203	6,28931
			72	0xc9		
			73 74	0x40		
			75			
Calibration	24		76			
parameters			77			
			78			
			79			
		Future use	80			
			81			
			82			
			83			
			84			
			85			
			86			

			87			
			88			
			89			
Measurement unit		1	90		0x07	mg
Padding bytes		46	91- >136		X	
Specific channel Payload Id		1	137		0x82	
Channel Id		1	138		0x01	Channel X
Sensor Range		1	139		0x02	Range -2/2g
			140		0x00	
Threshold		4	141		0x00	
alarm(float)		·	142		0x00	
			143 144		0x00	
					0x00	
Threshold		4	145		0x00	
alarm(float)		146 147		0x00		
					0x00	
			148		0x00	
Threshold		4	149		0x00	
alarm(float)			150		0x00	
			151		0x00	
			152		0x00	
Threshold		4	153		0x00	
alarm(float)			154		0x00	
		Т	155		0x00	
		Bit0 Enable/Disable		1		
Channal Status	4	Bit 1 Sensor Calibrated/not calibrated	150	1	003	
Channel Status	1	Bit 2 (future use)	156	0	0x03	
		Bit 3(future use)		0		
		Bit 4(future use)		0		

		Bit 5(future use)		0		
		Bit 6(future use)		0		
		Bit 7(future use)		0		
			157	0xe7		Date:
		Year(2 bytes)(Lsb)	158	0x07	(0x7e7)2018	01/02/2018 at 15h:32m:55s
Calibration		Month(1 byte)	159	0x02	2	
date	7	Day(1 byte)	160	0x01	1	
		Hour(1 byte)	161	0x0f	15	
		Minute(1 byte)	162	0x20	32	
		Second(1 byte)	163	0x37	55	
			164	0x96		
		Offset(float)(LSB)	165	0x43	0xbd8b4396	-0,068
			166	0x8b		3,555
			167	0xbd		
			168	0x00	0x40c80000	
		Ratio(Float)(LSB)	169	0x00		6,25
			170	0xc8		
			171	0x40		
			172			
			173			
Calibration	24		174 175			
parameters	24		176			
			177			
			178			
		Future use	179			
			180			
			181			
			182			
			183			
			184			
			185			
			186			

			187			
Measurement unit		1	188		0x07	mg
Padding bytes	46		189- >234		х	
Specific channel Payload Id		1	235		0x82	
Channel Id		1	236		0x02	Channel Y
Sensor Range		1	237		0x02	Range -2/2g
			238		0x00	
Threshold		4	239		0x00	
alarm(float)		·	240		0x00	
			241		0x00	
			242		0x00	
Threshold		4	243		0x00	
alarm(float)			244	0x00		
			245	0x00		
			246 247		0x00 0x00	
Threshold alarm(float)		4			0x00	
			248 249		0x00	
			250		0x00	
Threshold			251	0x00		
alarm(float)		4	252	0x00		
			253		0x00	
		Bit0 Enable/Disable		1		
		Bit 1 Sensor Calibrated/not calibrated	254	1	0x03	
Channel Status	1	Bit 2 (future use)		0		
		Bit 3(future use)		0		
		Bit 4(future use)		0		
		Bit 5(future use)		0		

		Bit 6(future use)		0		
		Bit 7(future use)		0		
			255	0xe7		
		Year(2 bytes)(Lsb)	256	0x07	(0x7e7)2018	Date: 01/02/2018 at 15h:33m:55s
Calibration	_	Month(1 byte)	257	0x02	2	
date	7	Day(1 byte)	258	0x01	1	
		Hour(1 byte)	259	0x0f	15	
		Minute(1 byte)	260	0x21	33	
		Second(1 byte)	261	0x37	55	
		Offset(float)(LSB)	262	0x4e		
			263	0x62	0xbed0624e	-0,407
			264	0xd0	OADCGOOZ-C	0,407
			265	0xbe		
		Ratio(Float)(LSB)	266	0x7f	0x40c8a07f	
			267	0xa0		6,26959
			268	0xc8		
			269	0x40		
			270 271			
			272			
Calibration			273			
parameters	24		274			
			275			
			276			
			277			
		Future use	278			
			279			
			280			
			281			
			282			
			283			
			284			
			285			

Measurement unit		1	286		0x07	mg
Padding bytes		46	287- >332		х	
Specific channel Payload Id		1	333		х	
Channel Id		1	334		×	Channel not used here
Sensor Range		1	335		x	
			336		х	
Threshold		4	337		х	
alarm(float)		7	338		х	
			339		х	
			340		Х	
Threshold	4	4	341		Х	
alarm(float)			342		Х	
			343		х	
			344		Х	
Threshold		4	345		Х	
alarm(float)		346		Х		
			347		Х	
			348		Х	
Threshold		4	349		Х	
alarm(float)			350		Х	
			351		Х	
		Bit0 Enable/Disable		х		
Channel Status	1	Bit 1 Sensor Calibrated/not calibrated	252	x		
Channel Status	1	Bit 2 (future use)	352	х	Х	
		Bit 3(future use)		x		
		Bit 4(future use)		х		

		Bit 5(future use)		X		
		Bit 6(future use)		х		
		Bit 7(future use)		х		
		Year(2	353	х		
		bytes)(Lsb)	354	х	Х	
		Month(1 byte)	355	х	х	
C.Ph. arthur		Day(1 byte)	356	х	х	
Calibration date	7	Hour(1 byte)	357	х	х	
		Minute(1 byte)	358	х	х	
		Second(1 byte)	359	х	х	
			360	х		
		Offset(float)(LSB)	361	х	x	
		Onsei(nodi)(100)	362	х	^	
			363	Х		
		Ratio(Float)(LSB)	364	Х	x	
			365	Х		
			366	Х		
			367	Х		
			368	Х		
			369	Х		
			370	Х		
Calibration	24		371	X		
parameters			372	X		
			373 374	X		
			374	x		
		Future use	376	X		
			377	x		
			378	x		
			379	х		
			380	х		
			381	х		
			382	х		
			383	х		
Measurement unit		1	384		х	

Padding bytes		46	385- >430		х	
Specific channel Payload Id	1		431		х	
Channel Id		1	432		х	
Sensor Range		1	433		x	
			434		Х	
Threshold		4	435		х	
alarm(float)		4	436		Х	
			437		х	
			438		х	
Threshold		4	439		х	
alarm(float)		7	440		х	
			441		Х	
			442		Х	
Threshold		4	443	х		
alarm(float)		444		х		
			445		х	
					х	
Threshold		4	447		Х	
alarm(float)			448		х	
			449		х	
		Bit0 Enable/Disable		х		
		Bit 1 Sensor Calibrated/not calibrated		х		
Channel Status	1	Bit 2 (future use)	450	x	х	
		Bit 3(future use)		х		
		Bit 4(future use)	-	x		
		Bit 5(future use)		x		
		Bit 6(future use)		х		

		Bit 7(future use)		х		
		Year(2	451	х	v	
		bytes)(Lsb)	452	х	Х	
		Month(1 byte)	453	х	х	
Calibration		Day(1 byte)	454	х	х	
date	7	Hour(1 byte)	455	х	х	
		Minute(1 byte)	456	x	x	
		Second(1 byte)	457	x	x	
			458	х		
		Offset(fleat)(LSP)	459	х	x	
		Offset(float)(LSB)	460	x	^	
			461	х		
		Ratio(Float)(LSB)	462	х		
			463	х	x	
		Ratio(Float)(L3B)	464	х	^	
			465	х		
			466	X		
		24	467	x		
			468	х		
Calibration	24		469	х		
parameters			470	х		
			471	х		
			472	х		
		Future use	473	х		
		1 4441 6 436	474	х		
			475	х		
			476	х		
			477	х		
			478	Х		
			479	х		
			480	Х		
			481	Х		
Measurement unit		1	482		x	
Padding bytes		46	483- >528	V		
Measurement mode		1	529		0x03	Streaming

Low duty Cycle(LSB) in seconds		3	530 531 532		0x00 0x00 0x00		
Tx Ratio		1	533		0x00		
Streaming	3		534	0x0a			
Frequency(LSB)		3	535		0x00	10Hz	
			536		0x00		
Duration in	ration in		537	0x01			
seconds		1		0x00		1Second	
			539	0x00			
	Vaar	2 h. +-/1 CD)	540	0xe2	0x7e2		
	Year	2 byte(LSB)	541	0x07	=2018		
	Month	1	542	0x05	May		
Start logging date	Day	1	543	0x16	22	22/05/2018 at 12	
	Hour	1	544	0х0с	12		
	Minute	1	545	0x25	37		
	Second	1	546	0x3a	58		

2. Data frame

2.1. The whole frame before decomposition

73-4f-1-f4-b8-5e-0-a1-4b-0-0-1-b4-ff-fe-19-63-<mark>f2-0-0-1-0-0-0-12-c8</mark>-d6-3-0-b-0-0-18-1-80-d8-3-0-8-0-0-18-1-80-d9-3-0-9-0-0-18-1-80-d6-3-0-b-0-0-18-1-80-d7-3-0-9-0-0-19-1-80-d2-3-0-9-0-0-19-1-80-d4-3-0-d-0-0-18-1-80-d2-3-0-7-0-0-1a-1-80-d3-3-0-9-0-0-1b-1-80-d7-3-0-d-0-0-1a-1-80-

2.2. Decomposition of the frame

2.2.1. BeanDevice® Wilow® frame header

NB: If the first byte of the Wilow® frame header equals 0xff we have a long frame and the <u>total length</u> is contained on the two next bytes otherwise we have a short frame and the <u>total length</u> is contained on the first byte.

In our example we have the frame starting with a 0x73 = /= 0xff hence we have a short frame and the first byte refers to Total length.

73-4f-1-f4-b8-5e-0-a1-4b-0-0-1-b4-ff-fe-19-63

Field name	Size in bytes	Byte Index	Value
Total Length	1	0	0x73
Fived/LCD)	2	1	0x4F
Fixed(LSB)	2	1	0x01

			0xF4
			0xB8
			0x5E
MAC ID	8	2	0x00
(MSB)	8	3	0xA1
			0x4B
			0x00
			0x00
			0x01
			0xB4
Fixed(LSB)	5	11	0xFF
			0xFE
			0x19
Remaining Bytes	1	16	0x63

2.2.2. Datalogger frame header

f2-0-0-1-0-0-0-12-c8

Field Name		Size in bytes	Va	lue	Additional informations
Frame type		1	0xf2		
File Index(LSB)		2	0x00 0x00		
The maca(ESB)		2			
		0x	01		
Current Sequence Index(LSB)		4	0x00		
Current Sequence mue.	(LSD)	7	0x00		
			0x00		
Datalogger frame fl	ags		0x	12	
4 Highest bits	4 lowest bits	1	4H bits	4L bits	
Ack requested/Not requested	Frame ID		0x1	0x2	
Download process		1	0xc8		1Lsb =0.5% =>0xc8=100%

2.2.2.1. Frame types

Frame type	value
First frame	0xf1
Data frame	0xf2

2.2.2.2. Datalogger flags

flags	values
Acknowledgment requested	0x10
Acknowledgment not requested	0x20
First frame id	0x01
Data frame id	0x02

2.2.3. Payload

The payload is a set of data acquired each data is signed using sign-magnitude and 3 bytes sized generally the data is organized as follow:

Index in payload	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21
Corresponding data	channelZ	ChannelX	ChannelY	INCX	INCY	channelZ	ChannelX	•••

This frame depends on channel status Enabled/Disabled found in Channel bitmap field in the First frame payload index 17, for example:

• If channel bitmap = $0x01 \rightarrow$ only channel Z is activated and the frame will be like

Index in	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	2
payload								1
Correspondin	channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	channel	Channel	•••
g data	Z	\boldsymbol{Z}	Z	Z	\boldsymbol{Z}	\boldsymbol{Z}	\boldsymbol{Z}	

• If the channel bitmap = 0x05 → channel Z and Channel Y are activated and the frame will be like

Index in	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	2
payload								1
Correspondin	channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	channel	Channel	
g data	\boldsymbol{z}	Y	\boldsymbol{Z}	Y	\boldsymbol{Z}	Y	\boldsymbol{Z}	

• If the channel bitmap = 0x18 → channel IncX and Channel IncY are activated and the frame will be like (wich not the case in AX3D we do not have inclinometer sensors)

Index in payload	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21
Corresponding data	INCX	INCY	INCX	INCY	INCX	INCY	INCX	•••

Back to our example where we have the following payload:

d6-3-0-<mark>b-0-0-18-1-80</mark>-d8-3-0-<mark>8-0-0-18-1-80</mark>-d9-3-0-<mark>9-0-0-18-1-80</mark>-d6-3-0-<mark>b-0-0-18-1-80</mark>-d7-3-0-<mark>9-0-0-</mark>19-1-80-d2-3-0-<mark>9-0-0-19-1-80</mark>-d4-3-0-d-0-0-18-1-80-d2-3-0-7-0-0-1a-1-80-d3-3-0-9-0-0-1b-1-80-d7-3-0-d-0-0-1a-1-80

The number of data depends on channel activated and sampling rate and duration of acquisition:

Here we have streaming (as mentioned in the first frame Measurement mode index number 529)10hz (as mentioned in the first frame Streaming Frequency index number 534,535,536) one shot with 1s duration (as mentioned in the first frame Duration index number 537,538,539)

Channel Z: d6-3-0 =0x3d6 =982mg

Channel X: b-0-0=0xb=11mg

Channel Y: 18-1-80 = 0x800118(negative value) = 0b 1000 0000 0000 0001 0001 1000 = -280mg