Subject Name: Event Driven Programming Module: 2

Quarter: Prelim

Identification: (Sa ubos magtuon)

1.	- a group of objects that provides a standard set of types for storing and managing			
	collections of objects, which contains lists, linked lists, dictionaries, and arrays to manage			
	collections of objects.			
2.	these are found in the System.Collections namespace.			
3.	these are found in the System.Collections.Generic namespace.			
4.	this is a collections class that is known for an ordered collection of objects.			
5.	this class stores key or value pairs where the key represents the value in			
	collection.			
6.	this class is a combination of ArrayList and Hashtable, it stores key or value			
	pairs where the key values sort values.			
7.	It gets or sets the capacity of the SortedList.			
8.	It gets the count of the number of elements in the SortedList.			
9.	It gets and sets the value associated with a specific key in the SortedList.			
10.				
11.				
12.				
13.				
14.	If the SortedList contains the specified key, then it will return the Boolean value			
	true.			
15.				
	value true.			
16.	This method returns the value of the specified index.			
17.	This method returns the key of the specified index.			
18.	In the SortedList, a key that is specified will remove its element.			
19.	It is an index that is specified will remove its element in the SortedList.			
20.	this represents a Last In, First Out (LIFO) collection of objects.			
21.	this class represents a First In, First Out (FIFO) collection of objects.			
22.	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —			
23.	It is an interface that allows you to determine the number of elements in a			
	collections and copy them in a simple array type.			

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24	·	It is an interface that provides a list of elements that	t are accessible via a key	
	or value rather	than an index.		
25	·	This makes the code reusable across different types b	y creating a template that	
	contains place	holder types.		
26	i	avoids creation of custom collections for each type in	the application.	
27	•	is a generic collection that provides an efficient and dy	namically allocated array,	
	which is comm	only used to store a list of duplicate objects.		
28	·	this method is used to add items and is placed to the	end of a list.	
29	L	this method removes the specified item from the list o	of object.	
30	L	this method is used to check the specified element in	the specified list object.	
31		this method is used to sort the element in the list obje	ect.	
32		is a generic collection that represents a First In, Firs	t Out (FIFO) collection of	
	objects.			
33	·	This method adds an element to the end of queue.		
34	·	This will return the element at the beginning of the qu	eue without removing it.	
35		This method removes and returns the value at the be	ginning of the queue.	
36	i	This generic collection represents the Last In, First	Out (LIFO) collection of	
	instances.			
37	· 	this method adds an element at the top in the stack.		
38	i	this will return the element at the top of the stack with	out removing it.	
39		this method removes and returns the value at the top	of the stack.	
Two (2) Types of Co	llections:		
Sorte	dList Propertie	es:		

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Answer Key:

 Collections - a group of objects that provides a standard set of types for storing and managing collections of objects, which contains lists, linked lists, dictionaries, and arrays to manage collections of objects.

- 2. **Standard collections** these are found in the System.Collections namespace.
- 3. **Generic collections** these are found in the System.Collections.Generic namespace.
- 4. ArrayList this is a collections class that is known for an ordered collection of objects.
- 5. **Hashtable** this class stores key or value pairs where the key represents the value in the collection.
- 6. **SortedList** this class is a combination of ArrayList and Hashtable, it stores key or value pairs where the key values sort values.
- 7. **Capacity** It gets or sets the capacity of the SortedList.
- 8. **Count** It gets the count of the number of elements in the SortedList.
- 9. **Item** It gets and sets the value associated with a specific key in the SortedList.
- 10. **Keys** These carry the keys in the SortedList.
- 11. **Values** These carry the values in the SortedList.
- 12. **void Add(object key, object value)** It adds an item with the specified key and value into the SortedList.
- 13. void Clear() It is used to remove all the items in the SortedList.
- 14. **bool ContainsKey(object key)** If the SortedList contains the specified key, then it will return the Boolean value true.
- 15. **bool ContainsValue(object value)** If the SortedList contains the specified value, then it will return the Boolean value true.
- 16. **object GetByIndex(int index)** This method returns the value of the specified index.
- 17. **object GetKey(int index)** This method returns the key of the specified index.
- 18. void Remove(object key) In the SortedList, a key that is specified will remove its element.
- 19. void RemoveAt(int index) It is an index that is specified will remove its element in the SortedList.
- 20. Stack this represents a Last In, First Out (LIFO) collection of objects.
- 21. Queue this class represents a First In, First Out (FIFO) collection of objects.
- 22. **IEnumerable** It is an interface that allows you to loop through elements in a collection.

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23. **ICollection** – It is an interface that allows you to determine the number of elements in a collections and copy them in a simple array type.

- 24. **IDictionary** It is an interface that provides a list of elements that are accessible via a key or value rather than an index.
- 25. **Generics** This makes the code reusable across different types by creating a template that contains placeholder types.
- 26. **Generic Collections** avoids creation of custom collections for each type in the application.
- 27. **List<T>** is a generic collection that provides an efficient and dynamically allocated array, which is commonly used to store a list of duplicate objects.
- 28. Add() this method is used to add items and is placed to the end of a list.
- 29. Remove() this method removes the specified item from the list of object.
- 30. IndexOf() this method is used to check the specified element in the specified list object.
- 31. **Sort()** this method is used to sort the element in the list object.
- 32. Queue<T> is a generic collection that represents a First In, First Out (FIFO) collection of objects.
- 33. Enqueue() This method adds an element to the end of queue.
- 34. **Peek()** This will return the element at the beginning of the queue without removing it.
- 35. **Dequeue()** This method removes and returns the value at the beginning of the queue.
- 36. **Stack<T>** This generic collection represents the Last In, First Out (LIFO) collection of instances.
- 37. **Push()** this method adds an element at the top in the stack.
- 38. **Peek()** this will return the element at the top of the stack without removing it.
- 39. **Pop()** this method removes and returns the value at the top of the stack.

Two (2) Types of Collections:

- Standard collections
- Generic collections

SortedList Properties:

- Capacity
- Count

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- Keys	
- Values	
- void Add(object key, object value)	
- void Clear()	
- bool ContainsKey(object key)	
- bool ContainsValue(object value)	
- object GetByIndex(int index)	
- object GetKey(int index)	
- void Remove(object key)	
- void RemoveAt(int index)	
Few methods that be used in List Collection:	
- Add()	
- Remove()	
- IndexOf()	
- Sort()	
Methods of Queue <t>:</t>	
- Enqueue()	
- Peek()	
- Dequeue()	
Methods of Stack <t>:</t>	
- Push()	
- Peek()	
- Pop()	