Find the maximum difference between any two elements in the array

```
#include <stdio.h>
int maxDiff(int arr[], int n) {
  if (n < 2) {
     return -1;
  }
  int maxDiff = arr[1] - arr[0];
  int minElement = arr[0];
  for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
     if (arr[i] - minElement > maxDiff) {
       maxDiff = arr[i] - minElement;
     if (arr[i] < minElement) {</pre>
       minElement = arr[i];
  }
  return maxDiff;
int main() {
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

The given array is: 7 9 5 6 13 2

The elements which provide maximum difference is: 5, 13

The Maximum difference between two elements in the array is: 8

Given an array of integers, find the longest increasing subarray.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void longestIncreasingSubarray(int arr[], int n) {
  int maxLength = 1;
  int currentLength = 1;
  int startIndex = 0;
  int maxStartIndex = 0;
  for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    if (arr[i] > arr[i - 1]) {
       currentLength++;
       if (currentLength > maxLength) {
         maxLength = currentLength;
         maxStartIndex = startIndex;
       }
    } else {
       currentLength = 1;
       startIndex = i;
    }
  }
  printf("Longest increasing subarray: ");
  for (int i = maxStartIndex; i < maxStartIndex + maxLength; i++) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  }
  printf("\n");
int main() {
  int arr[] = {1, 3, 8, 4, 5, 6, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11};
  int n = sizeof(arr[0]);
  longestIncreasingSubarray(arr, n);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Longest increasing subarray: 3 4 5 9 10 11

Find the common elements between them

```
#include <stdio.h>
void findCommonElements(int arr1[], int size1, int arr2[], int size2) {
  printf("Common elements: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < size1; i++) {
     for (int j = 0; j < size2; j++) {
       if (arr1[i] == arr2[i]) {
          printf("%d ", arr1[i]);
          break;
       }
  }
  printf("\n");
int main() {
  int arr1[] = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\};
  int size1 = sizeof(arr1) / sizeof(arr1[0]);
  int arr2[] = {2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 7};
  int size2 = sizeof(arr2) / sizeof(arr2[0]);
  findCommonElements(arr1, size1, arr2, size2);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Common elements: 7

ANALYTICAL SESSION:

Longest substring without repeating characters in a given string.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX_LENGTH 100
int longestSubstringWithoutRepeating(char *str) {
  int n = strlen(str);
  int visited[256] = {0};
  int maxLength = 0;
  int start = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     start = (visited[str[i]] > start) ? visited[str[i]] : start;
    visited[str[i]] = i + 1;
    maxLength = (i - start + 1 > maxLength) ? i - start + 1 : maxLengt;
  }
  return maxLength;
int main() {
  char str[MAX_LENGTH];
  printf("Enter a string: ");
  fgets(str, sizeof(str), stdin);
  str[strcspn(str, "\n")] = '\0';
  int length = longestSubstringWithoutRepeating(str);
  printf(" longest substring without repeating: %d\n", length);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter a string: Yerriswamy

The length of the longest substring without repeating characters is: 7

Find the maximum product subarray in a given array of integers:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int maxProductSubarray(int arr[], int n) {
  if (n == 0) {
    return 0;
  }
  int maxEndingHere = arr[0];
  int minEndingHere = arr[0];
  int maxSoFar = arr[0];
  for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    int temp = maxEndingHere;
    maxEndingHere = maximum(arr[i], maximum(arr[i] * maxEndingHere, arr[i] *
minEndingHere));
    minEndingHere = minimum(arr[i], minimum(arr[i] * temp, arr[i] * minEndingHere));
    maxSoFar = maximum(maxSoFar, maxEndingHere);
  }
  return maxSoFar;
}
int maximum(int a, int b) {
  return (a > b) ? a : b;
}
int minimum(int a, int b) {
  return (a < b) ? a : b;
int main() {
  int arr [] = {2, 3, -2, 4};
  int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
  int maxProduct = maxProductSubarray(arr, n);
  printf("Maximum product subarray: %d\n", maxProduct);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Maximum product subarray: 6