

Teamline: Visualizing small team code contributions

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1 PREVIOUS WORK

Our visualization is designed to show each person's contribution to a team-based project. Previous work by Kelly [3] examined whether visualizing contributions in a team-based, collaborative game leads to fairer contribution amongst team members. Their approach was based on using the attribute, *meters*, which is derived from existing artifacts that enable awareness of contributions in the game. We use a similarly-purposed derived attribute, *contribution*, that indicates how much each team member contributed to the overall grade. They found that only using this single attribute could undermine the efforts of collaborators if it doesn't adequately "reflect important aspects of individual work in the context of team activity" and that these tools should be combined with other methods to more robustly evaluate contribution in real-time or retrospectively. This describes exactly the use-case for which Teamline was designed. We want to allow team members to be able to see who is contributing to the overall grade of the project and to help the TA better understand how the work was divided between the team during the retrospective meeting.

The most critical aspect of our visualization is the ability to easily and accurately compare indicators of contribution over time. Much work has been done exploring effective ways to visualize comparisons between objects. Gleicher, et. al. [2] give a taxonomy of visual designs used for comparison tasks noting that all designs are assembled using juxtaposition, superposition and explicit encodings (computing the relationships between objects and providing a visual encoding of the relationships). The authors distinguish these categories by the principal mechanism used to make connections between objects: juxtaposition uses the viewers memory, superposition uses the visual system and explicit encodings use computation to determine the relationships. These categories can be combined to form hybrid categories. Munzner talks about these approaches in detail in [4]. Teamline takes a hybrid approach by both superimposing each contributors' metrics in the same view and by visually encoding the computed contribution score.

Our vis was inspired by ShiViz¹ [1] which shows messages being passed among a collection of processes to verify the happens-before relation is not violated, commit graphs like the one built into BitBucket² which visualize commits in time, the map view on Craigslist³ which shows size-encoded point marks, and the magnifying effect for the OSX dock.

Visualization tools exist that can be used to show contribution to team-based projects. The most relevant to our specific use-case would be GitHub's *Contributors graph*⁴. It uses a filled line graphs, one for each contributor, that shows the number of commits over time. Users can

This visualization is not sufficient for our task because it only shows the number of commits made by each team member which may not be indicative of their actual contribution to the final grade. Other tools exist that also visualize metrics exposed by the git source control system,

for instance GitHub Visualizer⁵, but share similar shortcomings as GitHub's Contributors graph.

REFERENCES

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¹<https://bestchai.bitbucket.io/shiviz/>

²<https://marketplace.atlassian.com/plugins/com.plugin.commitgraph.commitgraph/server/overview>

³<https://vancouver.craigslist.ca/search/hhh>

⁴<https://help.github.com/articles/viewing-contribution-activity-in-a-repository/>

⁵<https://help.github.com/articles/viewing-contribution-activity-in-a-repository/>