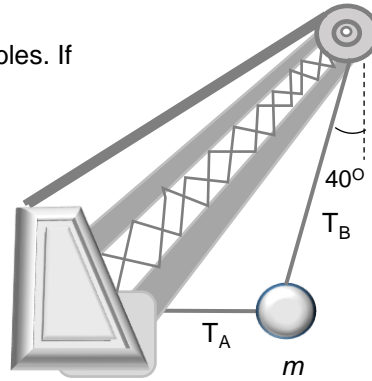


Class Problems - Chapter 5

Problem 1)

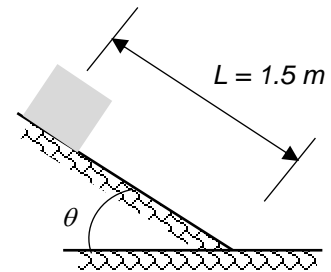
A large wrecking ball is held in place by two light steel cables. If the mass of the wrecking ball $m = 4090$ kg, what are the tension T_A and T_B in the cables.



Problem 2)

An 8.00-kg block of ice, released from rest at the top of a 1.5-m-long frictionless ramp, slides downhill, reaching a speed of 2.5 m/s at the bottom.

- What is the angle between the ramp and the horizontal?
- What would be the speed of the ice at the bottom if motion were opposed by a constant friction force of 10.0 N parallel to the surface of the ramp?



Problem 3)

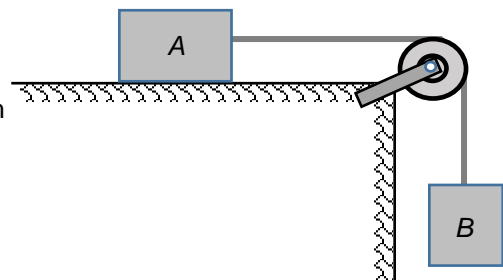
A stockroom worker pushes a box with mass 11.2 kg on a horizontal surface with constant speed of 3.50 m/s. The coefficient of kinetic friction between the box and the surface is 0.20.

- What horizontal force must the worker apply to maintain the motion?
- If the force calculated in part (a) is removed, how far does the box slide before coming to rest?

Problem 4)

Block A (mass 2.25 kg) rests on a tabletop. It is connected by a horizontal cord passing over a light, frictionless pulley to a hanging block B (mass 1.30 kg). The coefficient of kinetic friction between block A and the tabletop is 0.450. After the blocks are released from rest, find

- speed of each block after moving 3.0 cm, and
- the tension in the cord. Include the free-body diagram or diagrams you used to determine the answer.



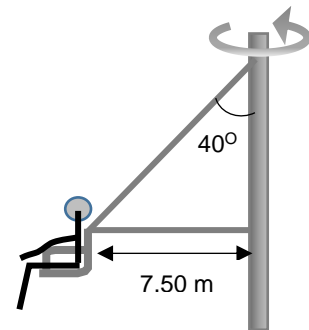
Problem 5)

A machine part consists of a thin 40.0-cm-long bar with small 1.15 kg masses fastened by screws to its ends. The screws can support a maximum force of 75.0 N without pulling out. This bar rotates about an axis perpendicular to it at its center.

- As the bar is turning at a constant rate on a horizontal, frictionless surface, what is the maximum speed the masses can have without pulling out the screw?
 - Suppose the machine is redesigned so that the bar turns at a constant rate in a vertical circle. Will one of the screws be more likely to pull out when the mass is at the top of the circle or at the bottom? Use a free-body Diagram to see why.
 - Using the result of part (b), what is the greatest speed the masses can have without pulling a screw?
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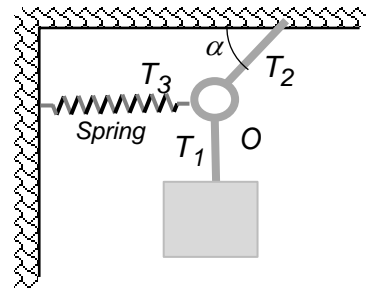
Problem 6)

The Giant Seat at a county fair, the seat is connected to two cables as shown, one of which is horizontal. The seat swings in a horizontal circle at a rate of 32.0 rpm (rev / min). If the seat weighs 255 N and an 825-N person is sitting in it, find the tension in each cable.



Problem 7)

A block of weight W is suspended from a chain linked at O to two other chains. Draw the free-body-diagrams of the block, and ring.



Problem 8)

A block is held at rest by a cable on a frictionless ramp ($0 < \alpha < 90^\circ$). The ramp exerts a normal force, n , on the block. How does the magnitude of the normal force compare to the weight W of the block. Explain for full credit.

- $n = W$
- $n < W$
- $n > W$
- Depending on the slope of the ramp, two of these are possible.
- Depending on the slope of the ramp, all three of these are possible.

