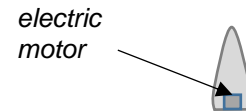


**Problem 1)**

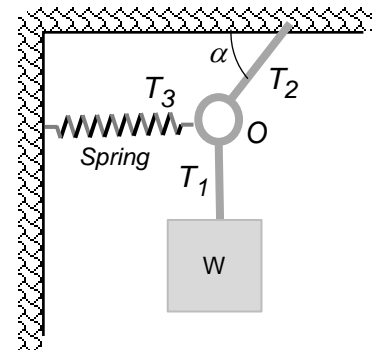
A 125-kg (including all the content) rocket has an engine that produces a constant vertical force (the thrust) of 1720 N. Inside this rocket, a 15.5-N electrical power supply rests on the floor.

- Find the acceleration of the rocket.
- When it has reached an altitude of 120 m, how hard does the floor push on the power supply?



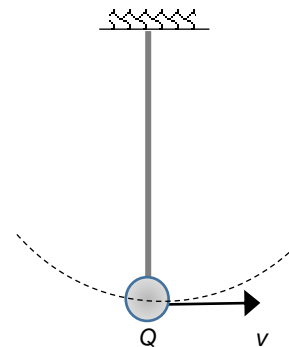
**Problem 2)**

A block of weight  $W$  is suspended from a chain linked at  $O$  to two other chains. Draw the free-body-diagrams of the block, and ring.



**Problem 3)**

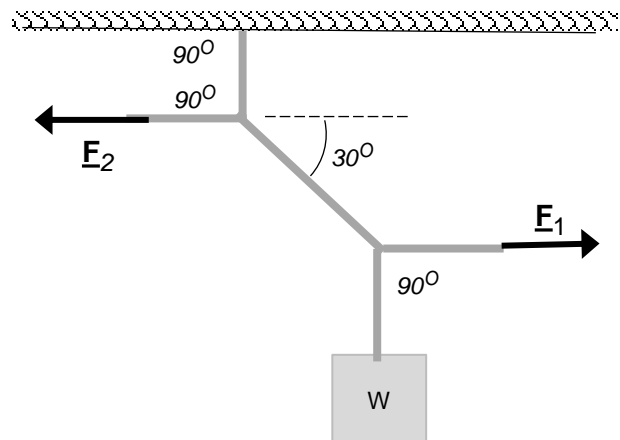
A pendulum of length  $L$  with a bob of mass  $m$  swings back and forth. At the low point of its motion (point  $Q$ ), the tension in the string is  $3mg$ . Calculate the speed of the bob at this point.



**Problem 4)**

A block with mass 50.0 kg is suspended as shown.

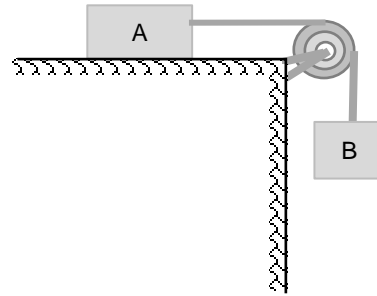
- What is the tension in the diagonal string  $AB$ ?
- Find the magnitudes of the forces  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  that must be applied to hold the system in the position shown.



**Problem 5)**

Block A weighs 45.0 N, and block B weighs 25.0 N. Once block B is set into downward motion, it descends at a constant speed.

- Calculate the coefficient of kinetic friction between block A and the tabletop.
- A cat, also of weight 45.0 N, falls asleep on top of block B. If block B is now set into downward motion, what is its acceleration (magnitude and direction)?



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**Problem 6)**

Block B with a mass of 30 kg is connected to block A with mass  $m$  by an inextendable cable which goes around a frictionless pulley. The coefficients of static frictions between slope and blocks A and B are 0.40 and 0.25, and coefficients of kinetic friction are 0.3, and 0.20, respectively.

Determine

- the minimum mass  $m$  of the block A for equilibrium
- the maximum mass  $m$  of the block A for equilibrium
- The range of mass of block A so that the system remains in static equilibrium

