



L-1

CSN-361

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SUBMITTED TO

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SUBMITTED BY

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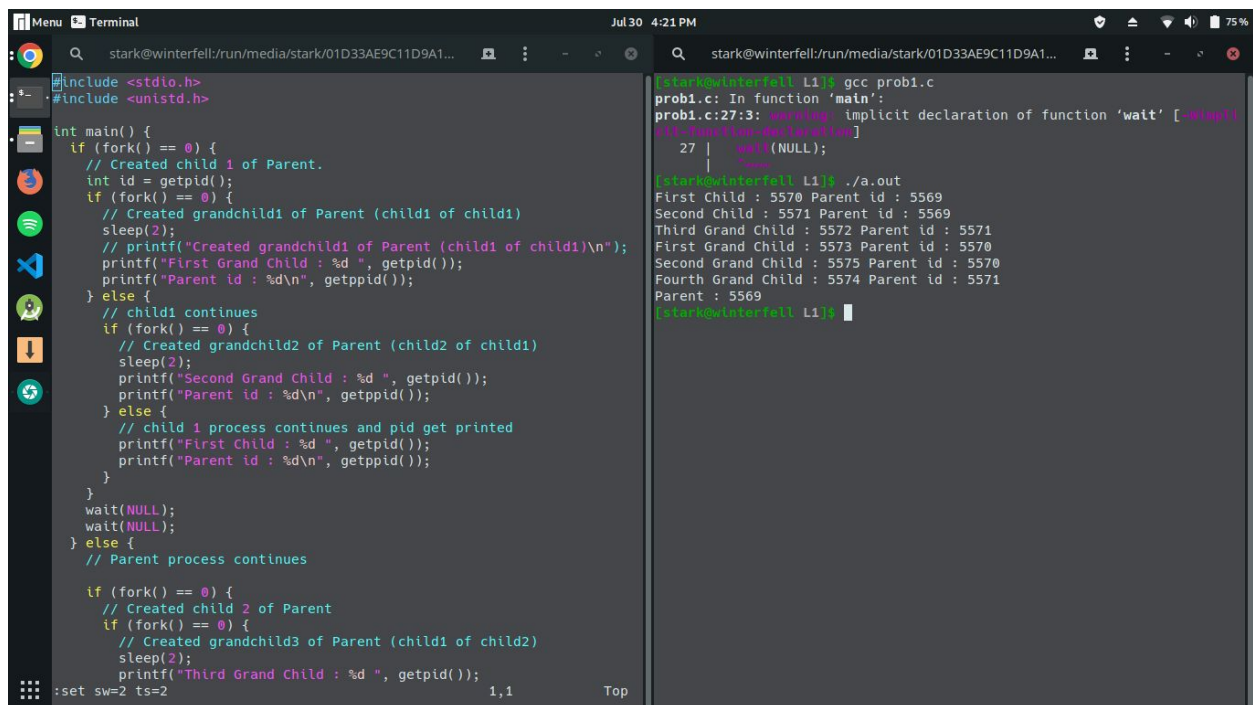
Problem 1

Write a C program in the UNIX system that creates two children and four grandchildren (two for each child). The program should then print the process-IDs of the two children, four grandchildren and the parent in this order.

Data Structures and Algorithms used:

None

Screenshots:



```
stark@winterfell:~$ cat probi.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>

int main() {
    if (fork() == 0) {
        // Created child 1 of Parent.
        int id = getpid();
        if (fork() == 0) {
            // Created grandchild1 of Parent (child1 of child1)
            sleep(2);
            // printf("Created grandchild1 of Parent (child1 of child1)\n");
            printf("First Grand Child : %d ", getpid());
            printf("Parent id : %d\n", getppid());
        } else {
            // child1 continues
            if (fork() == 0) {
                // Created grandchild2 of Parent (child2 of child1)
                sleep(2);
                printf("Second Grand Child : %d ", getpid());
                printf("Parent id : %d\n", getppid());
            } else {
                // child 1 process continues and pid get printed
                printf("First Child : %d ", getpid());
                printf("Parent id : %d\n", getppid());
            }
        }
        wait(NULL);
        wait(NULL);
    } else {
        // Parent process continues

        if (fork() == 0) {
            // Created child 2 of Parent
            if (fork() == 0) {
                // Created grandchild3 of Parent (child1 of child2)
                sleep(2);
                printf("Third Grand Child : %d ", getpid());
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
stark@winterfell:~$ gcc probi.c
probi.c: In function 'main':
probi.c:27:3: warning: implicit declaration of function 'wait' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
    27 |     wait(NULL);
        |     ^~~~~
stark@winterfell:~$ ./a.out
First Child : 5570 Parent id : 5569
Second Child : 5571 Parent id : 5569
Third Grand Child : 5572 Parent id : 5571
First Grand Child : 5573 Parent id : 5570
Second Grand Child : 5575 Parent id : 5570
Fourth Grand Child : 5574 Parent id : 5571
Parent : 5569
stark@winterfell:~$
```

Write a C++ program to print the MAC address of your computer.

Data Structures and Algorithms used:

mac: It is a character array used to store Mac Address.

ifreq: ioctl requests to obtain addresses and requests both to set and retrieve other data and takes the ifreq data structure as a parameter this purpose.

Screenshots:

Menu Terminal

Jul 30 4:23 PM

stark@winterfell:~/run/media/stark/01D33AE9C11D9A1...

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <net/if.h>
#include <unistd.h>

using namespace std;
void getMacAddress(char * uc_Mac)
{
    int fileDescriptor;

    struct ifreq ifr;
    char *iface = "wlo1"; // use ifconfig to get device specific iface
    unsigned char *mac;

    fileDescriptor = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0);

    ifr.ifr_addr.sa_family = AF_INET;
    strncpy((char *)ifr.ifr_name, (const char *)iface, IFNAMSIZ-1);

    ioctl(fileDescriptor, SIOCGIFHWADDR, &ifr);

    close(fileDescriptor);

    mac = (unsigned char *)ifr.ifr_hwaddr.sa_data;

    //display mac address
    printf((char *)uc_Mac,(const char *)"%02x:%02x:%02x:%02x:%02x:%02x\n",
        mac[0], mac[1], mac[2], mac[3], mac[4], mac[5]);
}
```

1,1 Top

stark@winterfell:~/run/media/stark/01D33AE9C11D9A1...

```
stark@winterfell L1:~$ g++ prob2.cpp
prob2.cpp: In function 'void getMacAddress(char*)':
prob2.cpp:20:16: warning: ISO C++ forbids converting a string constant
to 'char*' [-Werror=stringop-overflow]
   20 |   char *iface = "wlo1"; // use ifconfig to get device specific i
       |   ~~~~~^~~~~~
stark@winterfell L1:~$ ./a.out

Mac Address : 10:f0:05:72:a5:51

stark@winterfell L1:~$
```



Problem 3

Write your own version of the ping program in C language.

Data Structures and Algorithms used:

The steps followed by a ping program are:

1. Take a hostname as input and do a DNS lookup using `gethostbyname()`
2. Open a Raw socket using `SOCK_RAW` with the protocol as `IPPROTO_ICMP`. Raw socket requires superuser rights so you have to run this code using `sudo`.
3. Create icmp packet and calculate the checksum to be sent.
4. Send the packet.
5. Wait for it to be received

Data structures used are:

struct **sockaddr_in**: It is a structure containing an internet address.

struct **icmphdr**: This is a header (and structure) which is Linux-specific, and will not be present in other operating systems.

struct **pingpacket**: data packet sent during ping containing request and icmp header

struct **timeval**: represents time interval passed.

struct **timespec**: Structure holding an interval broken down into seconds and nanoseconds.

Screenshots:

```
Menu Terminal Jul30 4:25 PM stark@winterfell:run/media/stark/01D33AE9C11D9A1... stark@winterfell:run/media/stark/01D33AE9C11D9A1...

// compile as -o <compilefilename>
// run as sudo ./<compilefilename> <hostname>

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/ip_icmp.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <time.h>

# Screenshot NG_PKT_S 64
#define PORT_NO 0
#define PING_SLEEP_RATE 1000000
#define REC_TIMEOUT 1
int pingloop=1;

struct ping_pkt
{
    struct icmphdr hdr;
    char msg[PING_PKT_S-sizeof(struct icmphdr)];
};

unsigned short checksum(void *b, int len)
{
    unsigned short *buf = (unsigned short *)b;
    unsigned int sum=0;
    unsigned short result;

    :set sw=2 ts=2 9,1 Top

[stark@winterfell L1]$ g++ prob3.cpp
[stark@winterfell L1]$ sudo ./a.out www.google.com
[sudo] password for stark:

Resolving DNS..

Trying to connect to 'www.google.com' IP: 172.217.18.196

Reverse Lookup domain: ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net
Socket file descriptor 3 received

Socket set to TTL..
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=1 ttl=64rtt = 11.917774 ms.
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=2 ttl=64rtt = 3.802418 ms.
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=3 ttl=64rtt = 4.203270 ms.
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=4 ttl=64rtt = 6.542234 ms.
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=5 ttl=64rtt = 3.879640 ms.
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=6 ttl=64rtt = 3.668179 ms.
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=7 ttl=64rtt = 4.696561 ms.
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=8 ttl=64rtt = 3.749099 ms.
64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=9 ttl=64rtt = 3.901619 ms.
^C64 bytes from ham02s14-in-f196.1e100.net (h: www.google.com)(172.217.18.196) msg_seq=10 ttl=64rtt = 3.586446 ms.

===172.217.18.196 ping statistics===
10 packets sent, 10 packets received, 0.000000 percent packet loss. Total time: 9895.879857 ms.
```

Problem 4

Write a C program to find the hostname and the IP address of your computer.

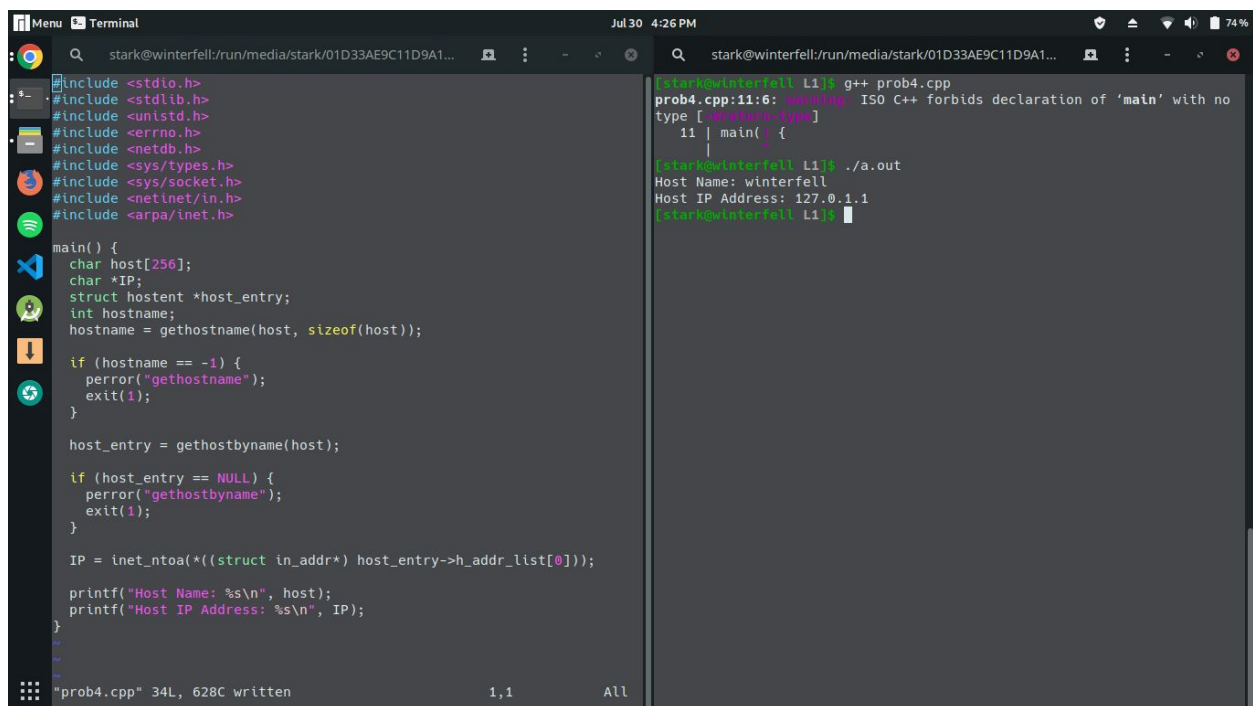
Data Structures and Algorithms used:

hostent: This data structure is used by functions to store information about a given host, such as hostname, IPv4 address, and so forth.

In_addr: This struct data structure stores s_addr field which is internet addresses.

IP: char array to store IP address.

Screenshots:



```
Menu Terminal Jul 30 4:26 PM
stark@winterfell: /run/media/stark/01D33AE9C11D9A1...
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>

main() {
    char host[256];
    char *IP;
    struct hostent *host_entry;
    int hostname;
    hostname = gethostname(host, sizeof(host));

    if (hostname == -1) {
        perror("gethostname");
        exit(1);
    }

    host_entry = gethostbyname(host);

    if (host_entry == NULL) {
        perror("gethostbyname");
        exit(1);
    }

    IP = inet_ntoa(*(struct in_addr*) host_entry->h_addr_list[0]);

    printf("Host Name: %s\n", host);
    printf("Host IP Address: %s\n", IP);
}

"prob4.cpp" 34L, 628C written 1,1 All

[stark@winterfell L1]$ g++ prob4.cpp
prob4.cpp:11:6: warning: ISO C++ forbids declaration of 'main' with no
type [-Werror-type]
11 | main() {
    |      ^
[stark@winterfell L1]$ ./a.out
Host Name: winterfell
Host IP Address: 127.0.1.1
[stark@winterfell L1]$
```



Thank You!