

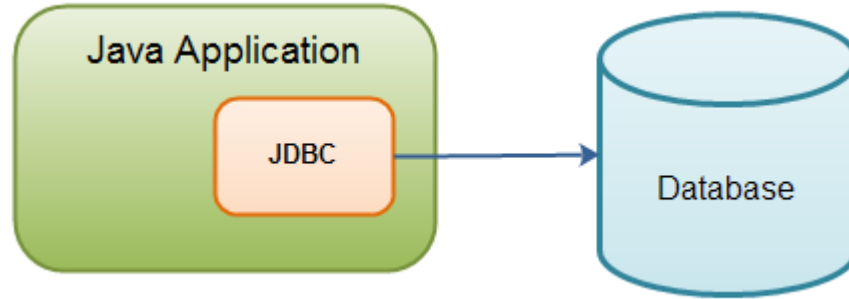
JDBC



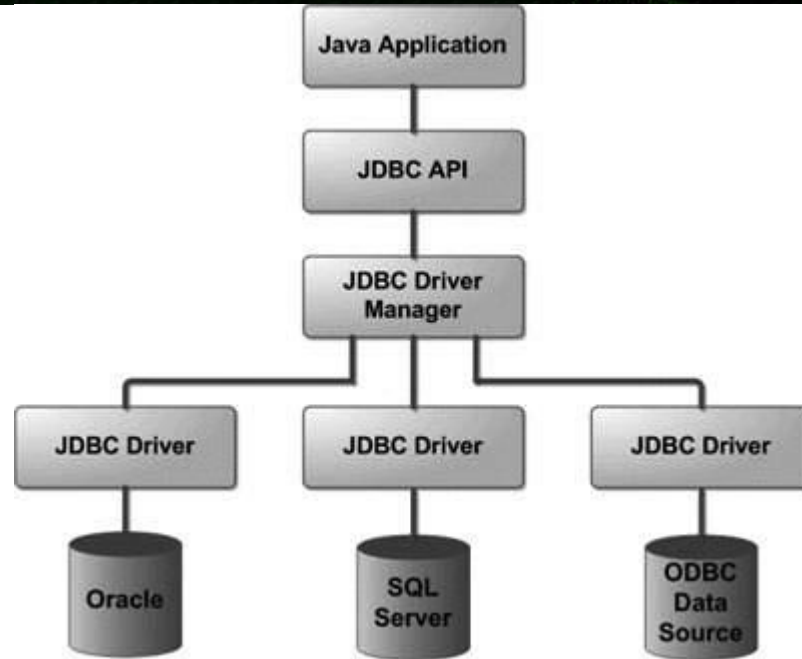
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- Java database connectivity (JDBC) is an API that enables java application to connect to relational database like oracle, SQL server, MySQL etc.



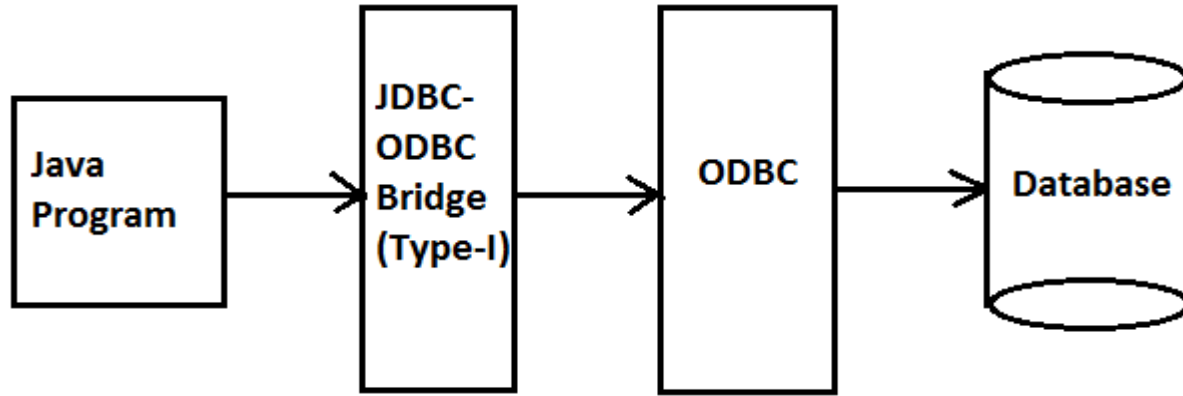
- JDBC driver is a program that enables java application to communicate with database.
- Thus, every database will have its own JDBC driver.

There are different ways to communicate with database using JDBC drivers. These ways are known as type drivers.

JDBC offers 4 type drivers:

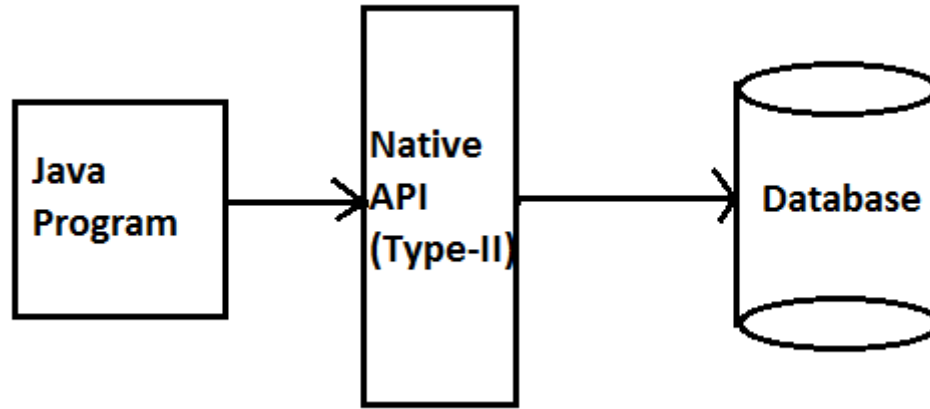
- Type-I (JDBC-ODBC bridge)
- Type-II (Native-API)
- Type-III (Network protocol driver)
- Type-IV (Pure java driver)

Type-I driver (JDBC-ODBC bridge)



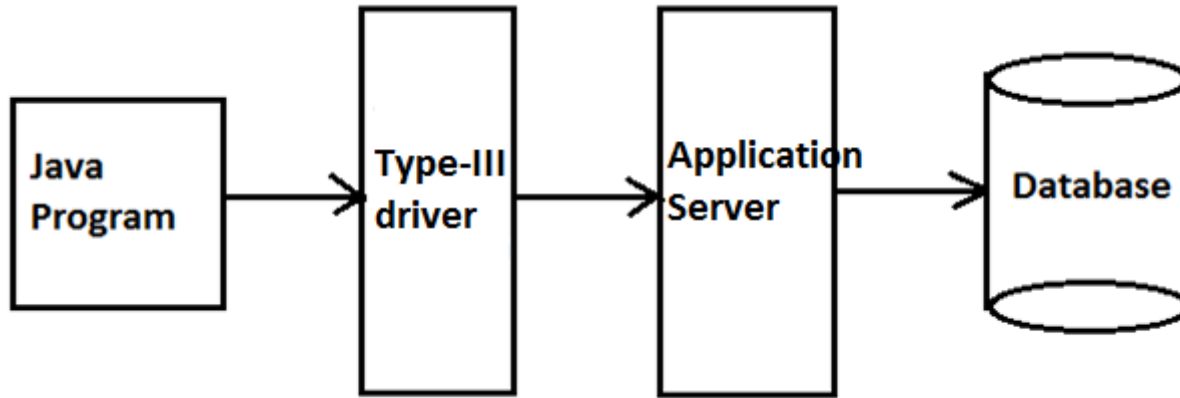
- Since type-I driver connects to ODBC, it is database independent.
- ODBC is available only for windows & hence type-I is a platform dependent driver. Hence, in professional environment, type-I driver is never used.
- Type-I driver class comes along with JDK installation itself.
- No support for type-I driver from JDK 1.8 onwards.

Type-II driver (Native driver)



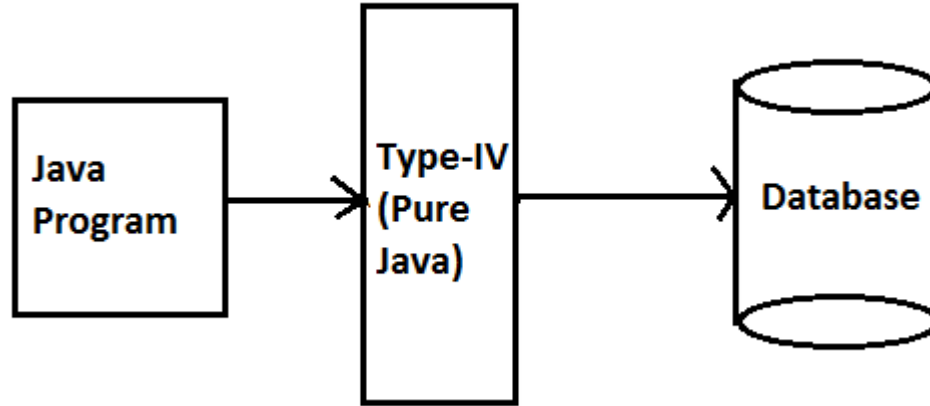
- The ODBC layer is completely removed & hence it is little faster than type-I.
- The driver code is in java & native language i.e. C or C++.
- Due to native code, type-II driver implementation is platform independent.
- Oracle type-II driver is also called as OCI driver.

Type-III driver (Network protocol driver)



- Type-III is a pure java driver.
- Type-III communicates with application server instead of database. And application server connects to actual database.
- Type-III is a database independent driver.
- Type-II driver is provided by application server itself.

Type-IV driver (Pure Java)



Type-IV is a pure java driver & hence it is a platform independent driver.

Type-IV directly communicates with database & hence it is database specific driver.

Type-IV driver in oracle is called as '*thin*' driver.

Database communication with JDBC

```
Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe",
"system", "tiger");
Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM DEPT");
while(rs.next()) {
    System.out.println(rs.getInt("ID") + " - " + rs.getString("NAME"));
}
rs.close();
stmt.close();
con.close();
```

CRUD operations

Create new record:

```
int updated_records = statement.executeUpdate("INSERT INTO DEPT VALUES (2, 'Sales')");
```

Read table records:

```
ResultSet rs = statement.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM DEPT");
```

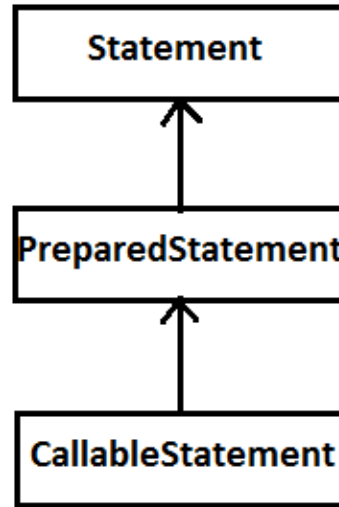
Update records:

```
int updated_records = statement.executeUpdate("UPDATE DEPT SET name = 'Sales' WHERE ID = 2");
```

Delete records:

```
int updated_records = statement.executeUpdate("DELETE FROM DEPT WHERE ID = 2");
```

Types of statements



Statement allows us to fire SQL query on database. However, there are 3 types of statements provided by JDBC API:

- Statement
- PreparedStatement &
- CallableStatement

- PreparedStatement is a pre-compiled SQL statement.
- If you wish to fire same query repeatedly then it is advisable to use PreparedStatement. It is because PreparedStatement compiles the query only once & hence it is faster in execution than ordinary statement.

```
PreparedStatement pstmt = dbcon.prepareStatement("INSERT INTO EMP VALUES  
(?,?,?)");  
pstmt.setInt(1, 222); //emp id  
pstmt.setString(2, "Tom"); //emp name  
pstmt.setDouble(3, 20000.70); //emp salary  
int updates = pstmt.executeUpdate();  
pstmt.close();  
dbcon.close();
```

- CallableStatement is used to call stored procedure on database.

```
CallableStatement stmt=con.prepareCall("{call insertRecord(?,?)}");  
stmt.setInt(1,1011);  
stmt.setString(2,"Amit");  
stmt.execute();  
Stmt.close();
```

Thank You!

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