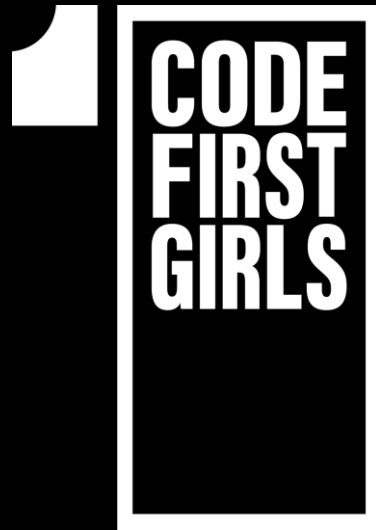


PYTHON

LESSON 3



NANODEGREE → FOUNDATION MODULE

AGENDA



01 Comparison operators

02 Logical operators

03 If Statements

04 Random library

05 Practice

LOGICAL OPERATORS

DEFINITION

- **Boolean:** A data-type that is either `True` or `False`
- **Comparison operator:** compare values to determine whether something is `True` or `False`

| Name | Python |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Equal to | <code>==</code> |
| Not equal | <code>!=</code> |
| Greater than | <code>></code> |
| Less than | <code><</code> |
| Greater than or equal | <code>>=</code> |
| Less than or equal | <code><=</code> |

EXAMPLE

This code checks if the user has input `'Monday'` using the `==` operator

```
today = input('What day is it? ')\n\nis_monday = today == 'Monday'\n\nprint('Today is Monday: {}'.format(is_monday))
```

COMPARISON OPERATORS

DEFINITION

- There are logical operators to combine multiple checks

EXAMPLE

| Python | What it does |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| and | both expressions are True |
| or | at least one expression is True |
| not | reverse the expression (True becomes False and vice-versa) |

IF STATEMENT



DEFINITION

- **if statement:** used to run a block of code depending on whether a condition is True or False
- The if keyword
- A condition (comparison)
- A colon
- Body (indented four spaces)

EXAMPLE

```
password = input('password: ')\n\nif password == 'jumanji':\n    print('Success!')
```

ELIF & ELSE

DEFINITION

- **elif statement:** used after if statements to check whether another condition is True or False
- **else statement:** Used with an if statement and will run when the if condition is False

EXAMPLE

```
if password == 'jumanji':  
    print('Success!')  
else:  
    print('Failure!')
```

RANDOM

PYTHON LIBRARY

- Python has a built-in library for random data
- The `randint()` function generates a random number between two values
- This program uses `randint()` to simulate dice with any number of sides

EXAMPLE

```
import random

random_integer =
random.randint(1, 100)

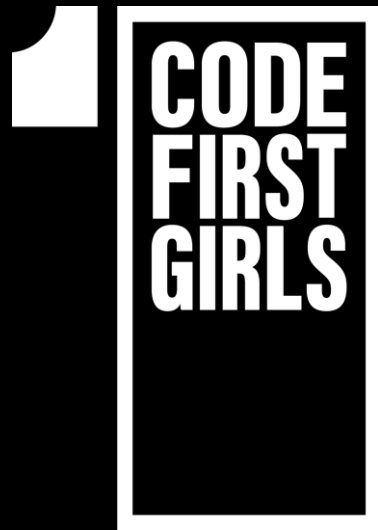
print(random_integer)
```

PRACTICE



PALINDROME CHECK

- This is a very important algorithm that is OFTEN used in tech interviews!
- A palindrome is defined as a string that's written the same forward and backward.
- Note that single-character strings are palindromes
- **Palindrome examples: "hannah", "abccdba", "a"**



THANK YOU!