

CSE 4126
Assignment – 1

Student (snum: integer, sname: string, major: string, slevel: string, age: integer)
Course (cnum: integer, cname: string, meets_at: string, room: string, fid: integer)
Enrolled (snum: integer, cnum: int)
Faculty (fid: integer, fname: string, deptid: integer)

First execute the DB.sql script (provided with the assignment) to create the tables and insert data of the above relational schema.

Task: Create a PL/SQL anonymous block that –

- A. [4 marks] Prints the last student ID stored in `student` table.
- B. [6 marks] And inserts 10 more tuples in the `student` table, where IDs will be incremented by 1 starting from the last ID stored (from part - A). Other fields will be just repeated.

Example: Say, we have 5 tuples in student table.

```
SQL> select * from student;
```

SNUM	SNAME	MAJ	S	AGE
1	Sajid Abdullah	CSE	1	19
2	Abdullah Karim	CSE	1	19
3	Sajid Rahmatullah	CSE	2	20
4	Abid Barkatullah	CSE	2	22
5	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19

After executing your code, the result should be –

```
last id: 5
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL> select * from student;
```

SNUM	SNAME	MAJ	S	AGE
1	Sajid Abdullah	CSE	1	19
2	Abdullah Karim	CSE	1	19
3	Sajid Rahmatullah	CSE	2	20
4	Abid Barkatullah	CSE	2	22
5	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
6	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
7	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
8	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
9	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
10	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
11	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
12	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
13	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
14	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19
15	Barkatullah Shahid	CSE	3	19

```
15 rows selected.
```

Note:

1. Use cursor and control statements.
2. Do not use any aggregate functions (i.e. `count()` function) in your code.
3. Do not use any selection operation inside of the `begin-end` section.
4. Bring the solution in one script. Please bring printed and soft copy with you. Put your name, id and group at the top of your script within comments. Cover page is optional.