



Elements of the H.264 Video/AAC Audio MP4 Movie

Application Note: AN101

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Construction of the MP4 Movie Container

The present application note describes the core elements of a canonically constructed MPEG-4 movie using H.264 video and AAC-LC audio encapsulated in a media container commonly termed a MP4 movie. The MP4 movie elements described here were generated by the RTP A/V Streaming Client/Server Applications—available as part of the Cimarron Systems Digital Media Software Development Kits (DMSDK)—and, while the MP4 movie container complies with ISO/IEC 14496-12 *Information technology — Coding of audio-visual objects Part 12: ISO base media file format* and the *QuickTime Movie File Format Specification*, Apple, August, 2010, the discussion here focuses on a subset of the container elements defined in both specifications.

DMSDK Development Environment

Figure 1 shows a context diagram of the typical development environment in which the DMSDK operates, including: the TM320DM36x DVEVM running a number of the DMSDK components, a Ubuntu Linux Host computer, an audio/video source, and a video display/audio output device.

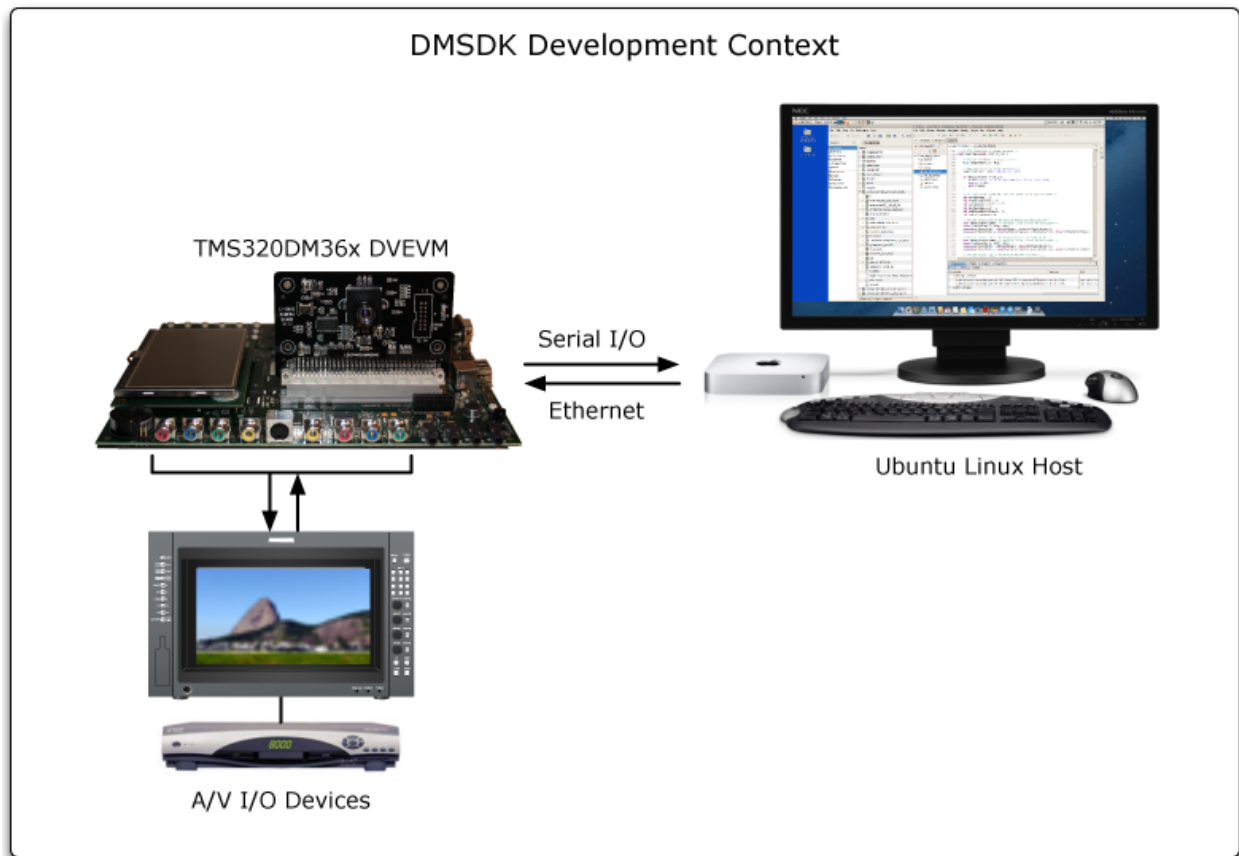


Figure 1: DMSDK Development Context Diagram.

MP4 Atom Descriptions

As illustrated in Figure 2, the MP4 movie container file format has a very specific hierarchy of elements called Atoms (in MPEG-4 terminology, they are called Boxes). Using Apple's naming convention, each of these movie container elements are described briefly below (Color Code for Atom Description Figures: blue represents the 'atom size'; green represents the 'atom content'; yellow represents the 'NAL Unit Size'; and watermelon represents the NAL Unit Byte Sequence).

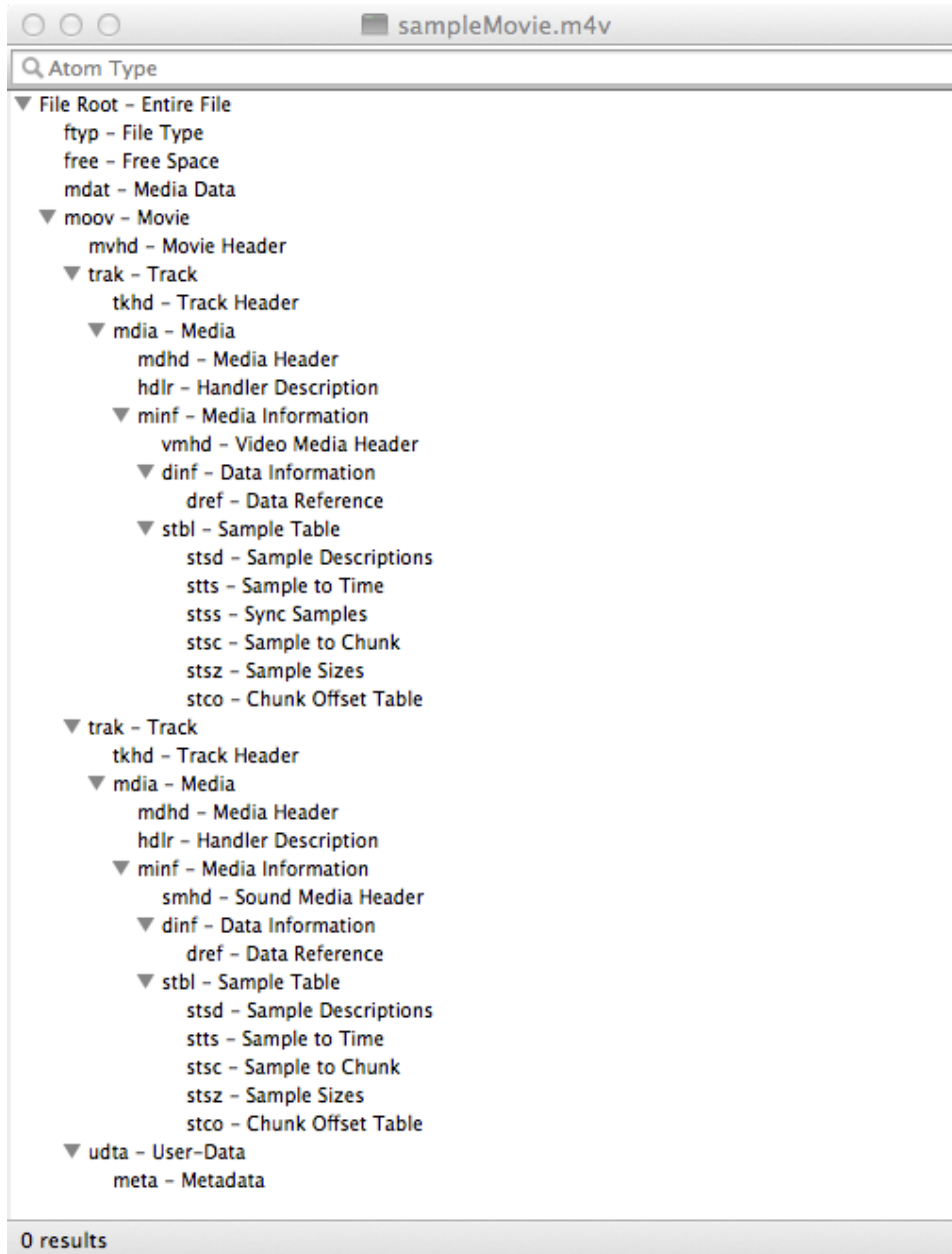


Figure 2: MP4 Movie Container Overview.

File Type, Free, and Media Data Atoms

Figure 3 illustrates the general structure of the MP4 movie container file structure, specifically the: 'ftyp' atom; 'free' atom; 'mdat' A/V media data block; and two full (plus one partial) H.264 NAL Units .

- **ftyp** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this File Type atom; set here to '0x0000001C'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the atom type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'ftyp'.
 - Major Brand—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the movie file type, represented as a four-character code; is set to 'm4v ' (note the trailing ASCII space character).

- Minor Version—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the movie file type Minor Version, represented as a four-byte number represented in binary coded decimal (BCD) form; is set to '0x00000200'.
- Compatible Brands—A series of unsigned 32-bit integers listing compatible file formats; set here to 'isom', 'iso2', and 'avc1'.
- **free** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Free atom; set here to '0x00000008'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the atom type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'free'.
 - Free Space—The number of bytes of Free Space; a place holder not allocated here.

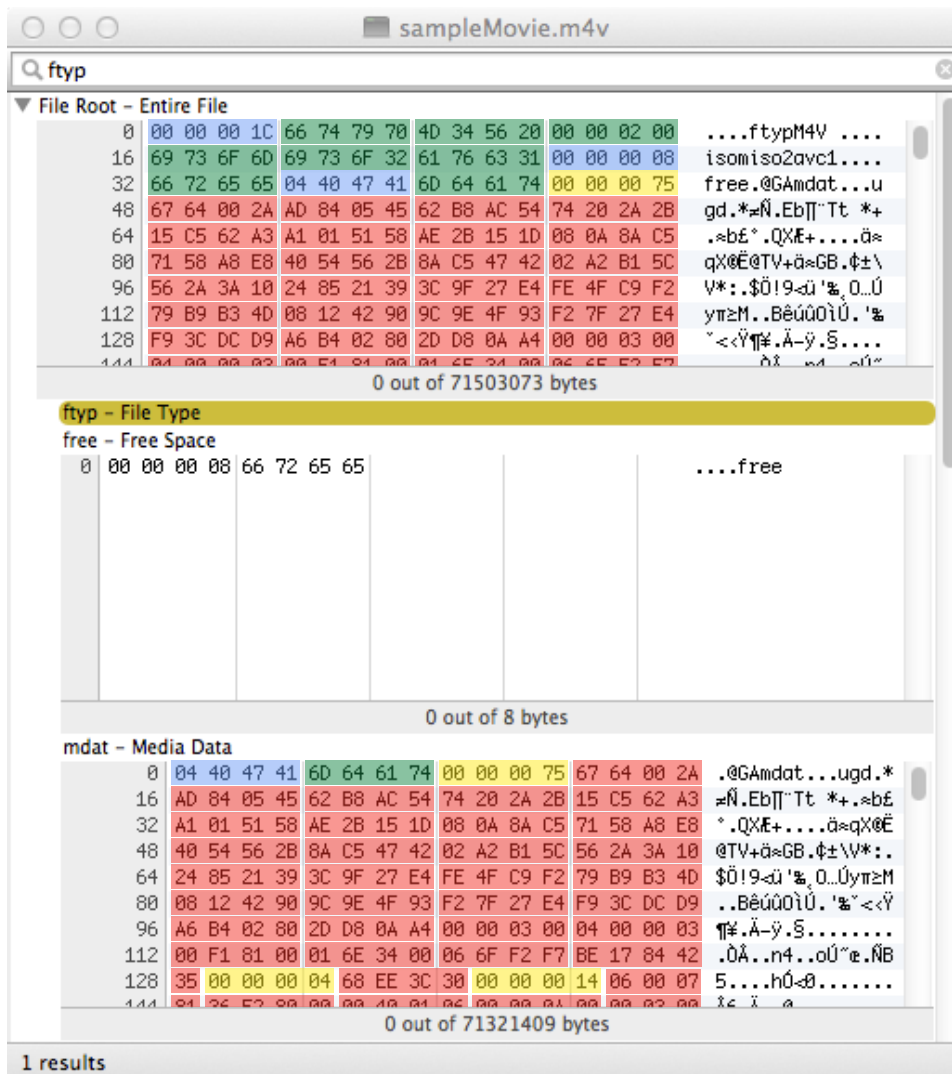


Figure 3: MP4 Movie Container 'ftyp', 'free', and 'mdat' Structures.

- **mdat** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Media Data portion of the MP4 movie file; set here to '0x04404741'.

- Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'mdat'. Note: 'mdat' is technically not an atom rather it is the actual A/V Media Data that other atoms may reference via a byte offset into the data block.

Movie and Movie Header Atoms

Figure 4 shows the structure of the 'moov' and 'mvhd' atoms:

- **moov** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Movie atom; set here to '0x0002C57C'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'moov'.

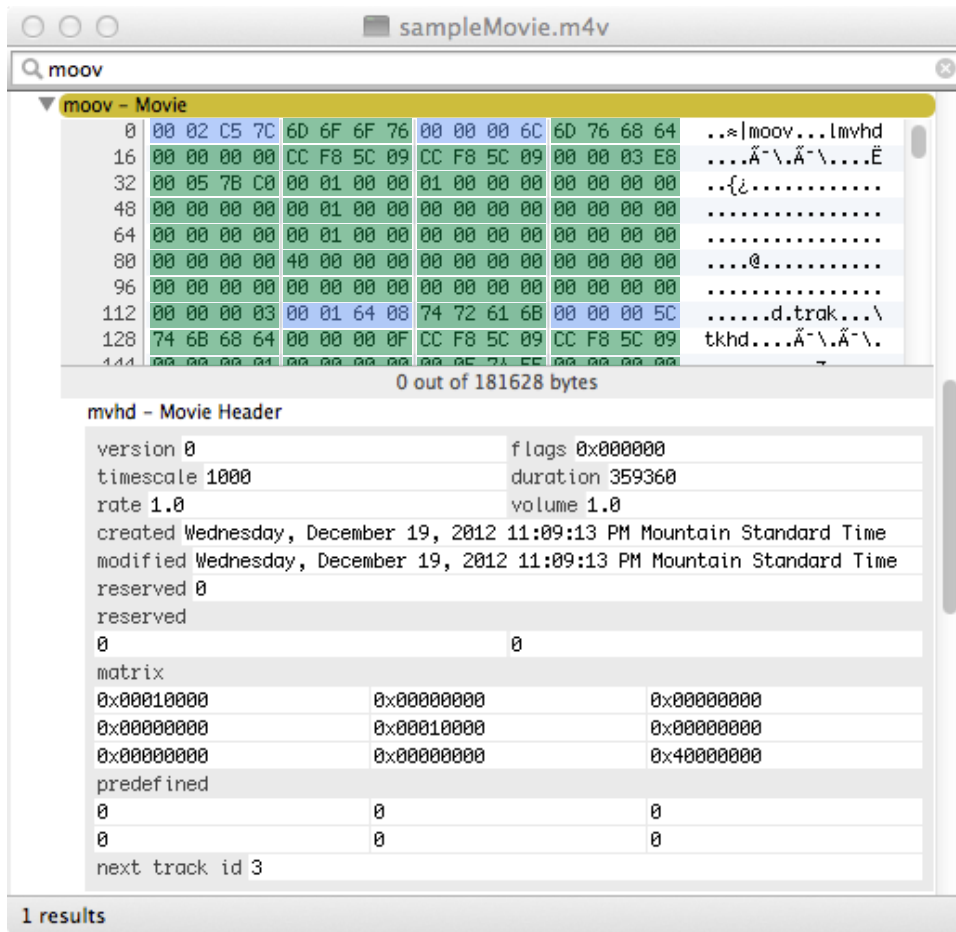


Figure 4: MP4 Movie Container 'moov' and 'mvhd' Structures.

- **mvhd** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Movie Header atom; set here to '0x0000006C'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'mvhd'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Movie Header atom; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—Three bytes of space for future movie header flags; set here to '0x000000'.
 - Creation Time—A 32-bit integer that specifies the calendar date and time (in seconds since

midnight, January 1, 1904) when the movie atom was created in coordinated universal time (UTC); set here to '0xCCF85C09'.

- Modification Time—A 32-bit integer that specifies the calendar date and time (in seconds since midnight, January 1, 1904) when the movie atom was created in coordinated universal time (UTC); set here to '0xCCF85C09'.
- Time Scale—A time value that indicates the time scale for this movie—that is, the number of time units that pass per second in its time coordinate system; set here to '0x000003E8'.
- Duration—A time value that indicates the duration of the movie in time scale units, derived from the movie's tracks, corresponding to the duration of the longest track in the movie; set here to '0x00057BC0'.
- Preferred Rate—A 32-bit fixed-point number that specifies the rate at which to play this movie (a value of 1.0 indicates normal rate); set here to '0x00010000'.
- Preferred Volume—A 16-bit fixed-point number that specifies how loud to play this movie's sound (a value of 1.0 indicates full volume); set here to '0x0100'.
- Reserved—Ten reserved bytes set to zero.
- Matrix—A transformation matrix that defines how to map points from one coordinate space into another coordinate space (please reference to the *QuickTime File Format Specification* for details).
- Predefines—Media Header predefines; set to zero (please refer to the *QuickTime File Format Specification* for details).
- Next Track ID—The number of the Next Track ID; set here to '3'.

Track and Track Header Atoms

Figure 5 shows the structure of the 'trak' and 'tkhd' atoms:

- **trak** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this first Movie Track atom; set here to '0x00016408'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'trak'.
- **tkhd** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this first Movie Track Header atom; set here to '0x0000005C'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'tkhd'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this first Movie Track Header atom; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—Three bytes specification of the version of this first Movie Track Header atom; set here to 0x00000F (please refer to the *QuickTime File Format Specification* for details).
 - Creation Time—A 32-bit integer that specifies the calendar date and time (in seconds since midnight, January 1, 1904) when the movie atom was created in coordinated universal time (UTC); set here to '0xCCF85C09'.
 - Modification Time—A 32-bit integer that specifies the calendar date and time (in seconds since midnight, January 1, 1904) when the movie atom was created in coordinated universal time (UTC); set here to '0xCCF85C09'.
 - Track ID—A 32-bit integer that uniquely identifies the track; the value 0 cannot be used.
 - Reserved—A 32-bit integer that is reserved; this field is set to '0x00000000'.
 - Duration—A time value that indicates the duration of this track (in the movie's time coordinate system). Note that this property is derived from the track's edits: the value of this field is equal to the sum of the durations of all of the track's edits and that if there is no edit list, the duration is the

sum of the sample durations, converted into the movie timescale; set here to '0x00057AFE'.

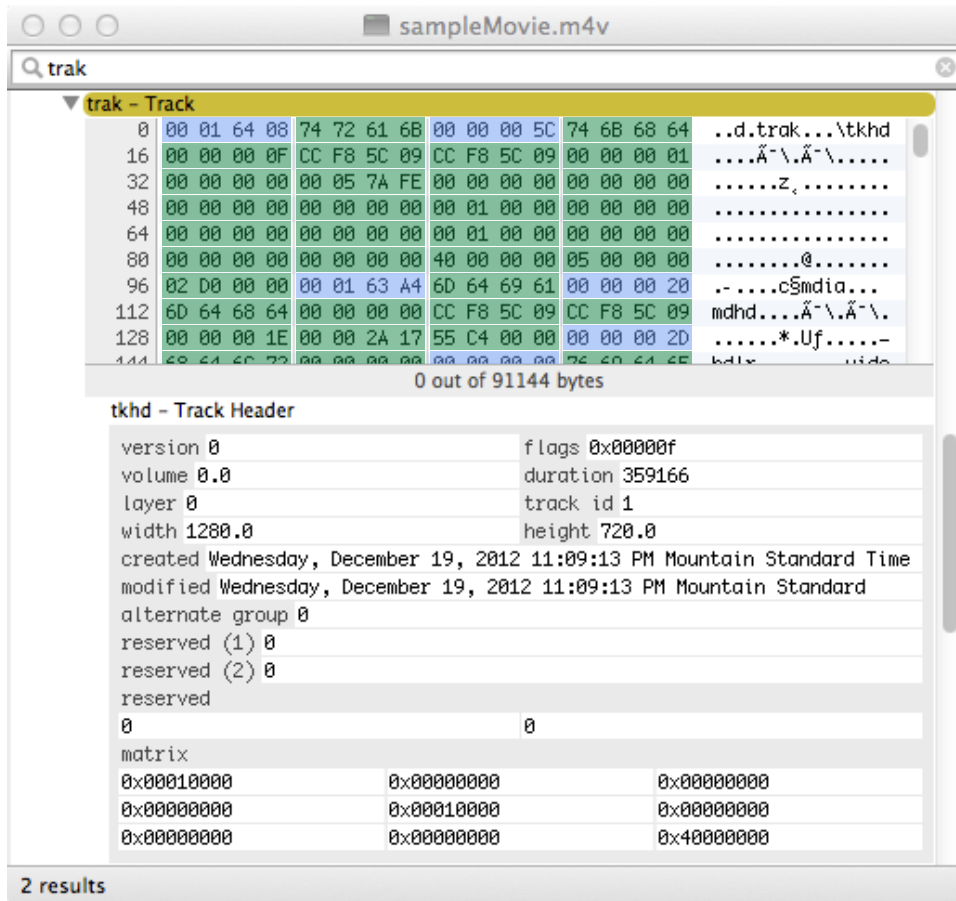


Figure 5: MP4 Movie Container 'trak' and 'tkhd' Structures.

- Reserved—An 8-byte value that is reserved; this field is set to 0.
- Layer—A 16-bit integer that indicates this track's spatial priority in its movie (the QuickTime Movie Toolbox uses this value to determine how tracks overlay one another). Tracks with lower layer values are displayed in front of tracks with higher layer values.
- Alternative Group—A 16-bit integer that specifies a collection of movie tracks that contain alternate data for one another; set here to '0x0000'.
- Volume—A 16-bit fixed-point value that indicates how loudly this track's audio is to be played; a value of 1.0 indicates normal volume.
- Reserved—A 16-bit integer that is reserved; this field is set to '0x0000'.
- Matrix Structure—The matrix structure associated with this track (please refer to the *QuickTime File Format Specification* for details).
- Track Width—A 32-bit fixed-point number that specifies the width of this track in pixels; set here to '0x05000000'.
- Track Height—A 32-bit fixed-point number that specifies the height of this track in pixels; set here to '0x02D00000'.

Movie Media, Movie Media Header, and Media Handler Reference Atoms

Figure 6 shows the structure of the 'mdia', 'mdhd', and 'hdlr' atoms:

- **mdia** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this first Movie Media atom; set here to '0x000163A4'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'mdia'.

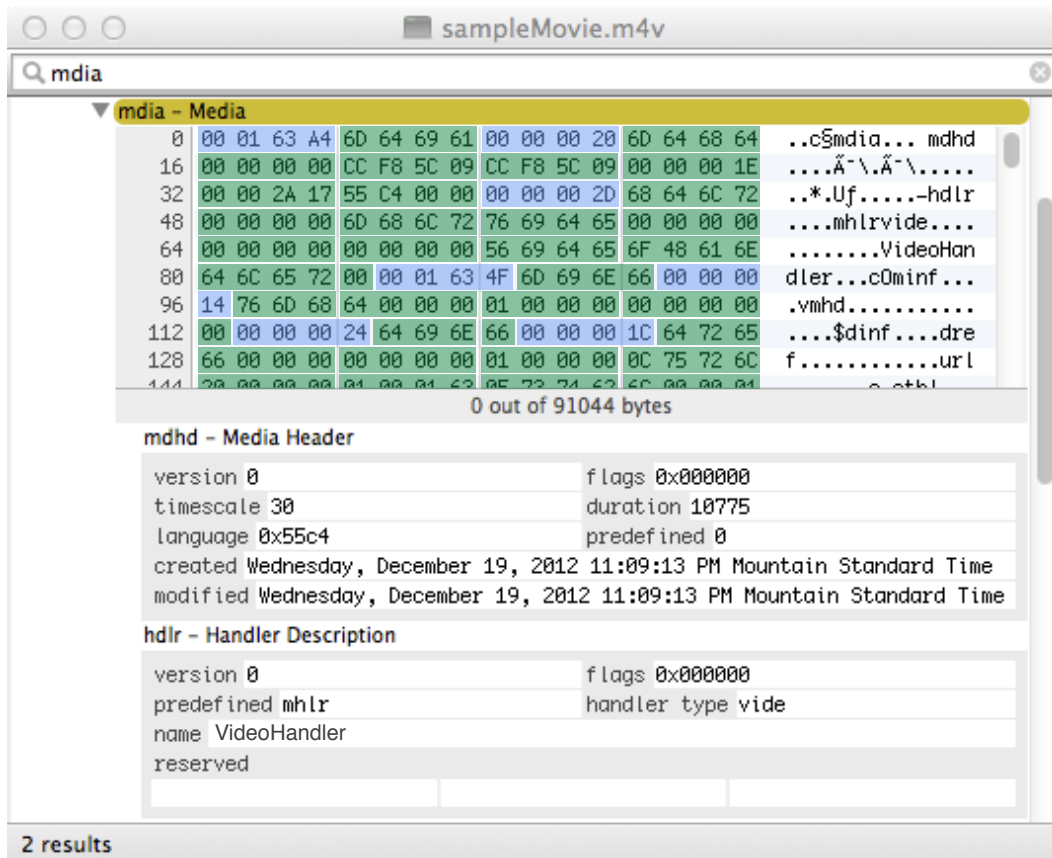


Figure 6: MP4 Movie Container 'mdia', 'mdhd', and 'hdlr' Structures.

- **mdhd** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this first Movie Media Header atom; set here to '0x00000020'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'mdhd'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this first Movie Track Header atom; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—Three bytes specification of the version of this first Movie Media Header atom; set here to 0x000000 (please refer to the *QuickTime File Format Specification* for details).
 - Creation Time—A 32-bit integer that specifies the calendar date and time (in seconds since midnight, January 1, 1904) when the movie atom was created in coordinated universal time (UTC); set here to '0xCCF85C09'.
 - Modification Time—A 32-bit integer that specifies the calendar date and time (in seconds since

midnight, January 1, 1904) when the movie atom was created in coordinated universal time (UTC); set here to '0xCCF85C09'.

- Time Scale—A time value that indicates the time scale for this media—that is, the number of time units that pass per second in its time coordinate system; set here to '0x0000001E' which represents 30 fps.
- Duration—Duration of the media in Time Scale units; set here to '0x00002A17' which represents 10,775 frames (or 323,250 seconds).
- Language—A 16-bit integer that specifies the language code for this media; set here to '0x55C4'.
- Predefined—Set here to '0x0000'.
- **hdlr** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this first Movie Media Handler Reference atom; set here to '0x0000002D'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'hdlr'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this first Movie Track Header atom; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—Three bytes specification of the version of this first Movie Media Header atom; set here to '0x000000' (please refer to the *QuickTime File Format Specification* for details).
 - Component Type—A four-character code that identifies the type of the handler (normally only two values are valid for this field: 'mhlr' for media handlers and 'dhlr' for data handlers); set here to '0x6D686C72'.
 - Component Subtype—A four-character code that identifies the type of the media handler or data handler. For media handlers, this field defines the type of data—for example, 'vide' for video data or 'soun' for sound data.; set here to '0x76696465'.
 - Component Name—A (counted) string that specifies the name of the component; set here to 'VideoHandler'.

Media Information, Media Information Header, Media Data Information, and Media Data Reference Atoms

Figure 7 shows the structure of the 'minf', 'vmhd', 'dinf', and 'dref' atoms:

- **minf** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Video Media Information atom; set here to '0x0001634F'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'minf'.
- **vmhd** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Video Media Information Header atom; set here to '0x00000014'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'vmhd'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Video Media Information Header; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—A 3-byte space for video media information flags; set here to '0x000001'.
 - Graphics Mode—A 16-bit integer that specifies the transfer mode; set here to '0x0000'.
 - Opcolor—Three 16-bit values that specify the red, green, and blue colors for the transfer mode operation indicated in the graphics mode field; all set here to '0x0000'.
- **dinf** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Video Media Data

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Information atom; set here to '0x00000024'.

- Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'dinf'.
- **dref** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Media Data Reference atom; set here to '0x0000001C'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'dref'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Data Reference; set here to '0x00'.

sampleMovie.m4v

minf

minf - Media Information

0	00 01 63 4F	6D 69 6E 66	00 00 00 14	76 6D 68 64	..c0minf....vmhd
16	00 00 00 01	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 24\$
32	64 69 6E 66	00 00 00 1C	64 72 65 66	00 00 00 00	dinf....dref....
48	00 00 00 01	00 00 00 0C	75 72 6C 20	00 00 00 01	.....url
64	00 01 63 0F	73 74 62 6C	00 00 01 0F	73 74 73 64	..c.stbl....std
80	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 01	00 00 00 FF	61 76 63 31	....."avc1
96	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 01	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	.....
112	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	05 00 02 D0	00 48 00 00	.....- .H..
128	00 48 00 00	00 00 00 00	00 01 00 00	00 00 00 00	.H.....
144	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	

0 out of 90959 bytes

vmhd - Video Media Header

version 0

flags 0x000001

graphics mode 0

opcolor

opcolor 0.0

opcolor 0.0

opcolor 0.0

dinf - Data Information

0	00 00 00 24	64 69 6E 66	00 00 00 1C	64 72 65 66	...\$dinf....dref
16	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 01	00 00 00 0C	75 72 6C 20	.....url
32	00 00 00 01				....

0 out of 36 bytes

dref - Data Reference

version 0

flags 0x000000

entry count 1

url

version 0

flags 0x000001

2 results

Figure 7: MP4 Movie Container 'minf', 'vmhd', 'dinf', and 'dref' Structures.

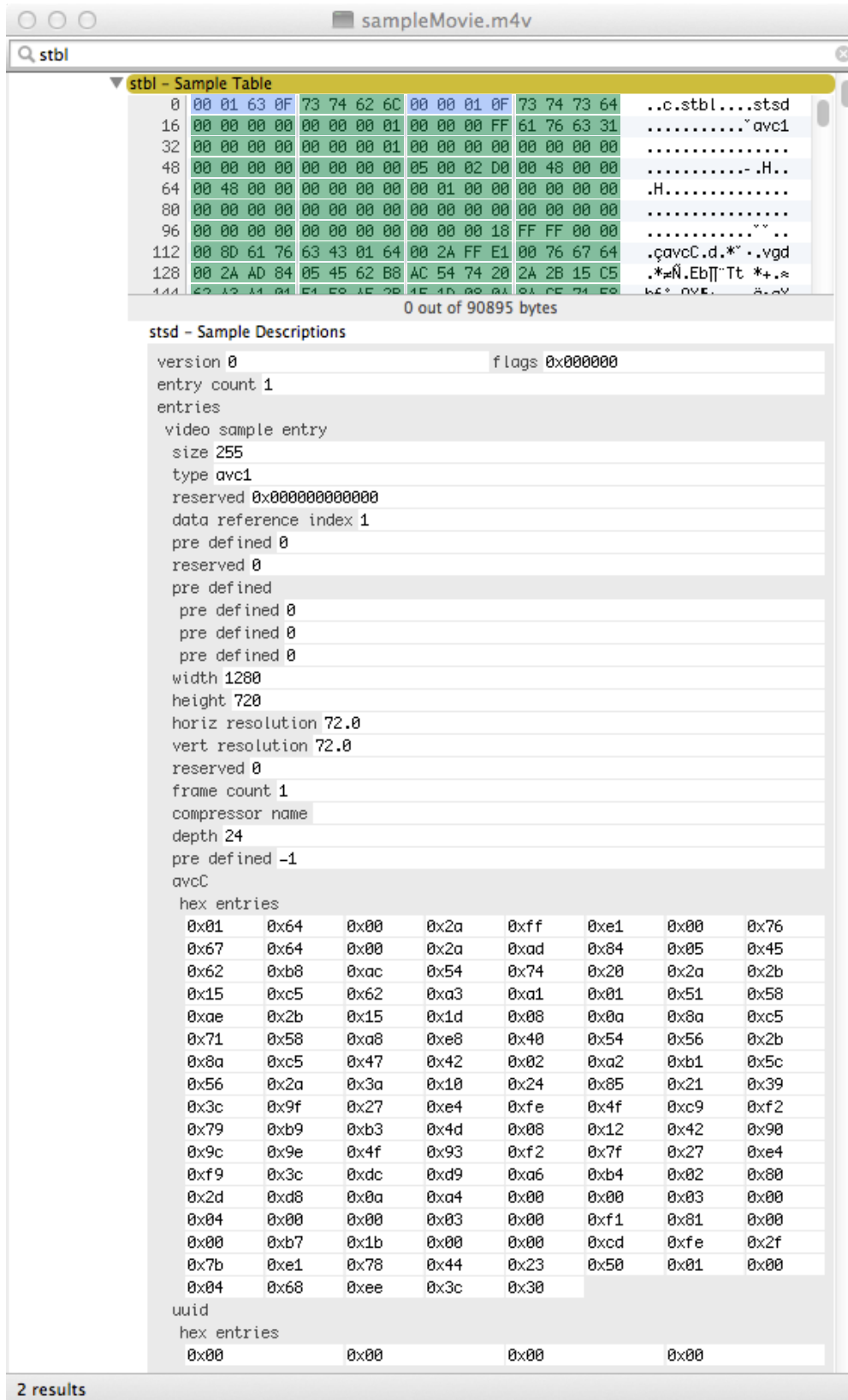
- Number of Entries—A 32-bit integer containing the count of data references that follow; set here to '0x000001'.
- Data References—An array of data references: Each data reference is formatted like an atom and contains the following data elements.
- **url** referenced data item:
- Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Data atom; set here to '0x0000000C'.
- Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field is set to 'url'.
- Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Data atom; set here to '0x00'.
- Flags—A 3-byte space for Data flags; set here to '0x000001'.

Sample Table and Sample Description Atoms

Figure 8 shows the structure of the 'stbl' and 'stsd' atoms:

- **stbl** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Sample Table atom; set here to '0x0001630F'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'stbl'.
- **stsd** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Sample Description atom; set here to '0x0000010F'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'stsd'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Sample Description; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—A 3-byte space for Data Reference flags; set here to '0x000000'.
 - Number of Entries—A 32-bit integer containing the count of data references that follow; set here to '0x000001'.
 - Sample Description Size—A 32-bit integer indicating the number of bytes in the sample description; set here to '0x0000FF'.
 - Data Format/Type—A 32-bit value indicating the format of the stored data: this depends on the media type, but is usually either the compression format or the media type; set here to 'avc1'.
 - Reserved—Six bytes that must be set to '0x00000000'.
 - Data Reference Index—A 16-bit integer that contains the index of the data reference to use to retrieve data associated with samples that use this sample description (data references are stored in data reference atoms); set here to '0x0001'.
 - Predefines—Values set here to 0.
 - Reserved—Values set here to 0.
 - Media Width—Video Width is 1280 pixels.
 - Media Height—Video Height is 720 pixels.
 - Horizontal Resolution—Horizontal Video Resolution is 72 pixels/inch.
 - Vertical Resolution—Vertical Video Resolution is 72 pixels/inch.
 - Reserved—Values set here to 0.
 - Frame Count—A 16-bit integer that indicates how many frames of compressed data are stored in each sample; set here to 1.

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sampleMovie.m4v

stbl

stbl - Sample Table

0	00 01 63 0F	73 74 62 6C	00 00 01 0F	73 74 73 64	..c.stbl....std
16	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 01	00 00 00 FF	61 76 63 31	.....~avc1
32	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 01	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	.....
48	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	05 00 02 D0	00 48 00 00	.....-H..
64	00 48 00 00	00 00 00 00	00 01 00 00	00 00 00 00	.H.....
80	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	.....
96	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00	00 00 00 18	FF FF 00 00~
112	00 8D 61 76	63 43 01 64	00 2A FF E1	00 76 67 64	.çavcC.d.*~ .vgd
128	00 2A AD 84	05 45 62 B8	AC 54 74 20	2A 2B 15 C5	.*N.Eb]Tt *+.*
144	62 42 44 84	54 58 45 28	4E 4D 88 8A	84 CE 74 E8	kf* OVK. 8..v

0 out of 90895 bytes

stds - Sample Descriptions

version 0 flags 0x000000

entry count 1

entries

video sample entry

size 255

type avc1

reserved 0x000000000000

data reference index 1

pre defined 0

reserved 0

pre defined

pre defined 0

pre defined 0

pre defined 0

width 1280

height 720

horiz resolution 72.0

vert resolution 72.0

reserved 0

frame count 1

compressor name

depth 24

pre defined -1

avcC

hex entries

0x01	0x64	0x00	0x2a	0xff	0xe1	0x00	0x76
0x67	0x64	0x00	0x2a	0xad	0x84	0x05	0x45
0x62	0xb8	0xac	0x54	0x74	0x20	0x2a	0x2b
0x15	0xc5	0x62	0xa3	0xa1	0x01	0x51	0x58
0xae	0x2b	0x15	0x1d	0x08	0x0a	0x8a	0xc5
0x71	0x58	0xa8	0xe8	0x40	0x54	0x56	0x2b
0x8a	0xc5	0x47	0x42	0x02	0xa2	0xb1	0x5c
0x56	0x2a	0x3a	0x10	0x24	0x85	0x21	0x39
0x3c	0x9f	0x27	0xe4	0xfe	0x4f	0xc9	0xf2
0x79	0xb9	0xb3	0x4d	0x08	0x12	0x42	0x90
0x9c	0x9e	0x4f	0x93	0xf2	0x7f	0x27	0xe4
0xf9	0x3c	0xdc	0xd9	0xa6	0xb4	0x02	0x80
0x2d	0xd8	0x0a	0xa4	0x00	0x00	0x03	0x00
0x04	0x00	0x00	0x03	0x00	0xf1	0x01	0x00
0x00	0xb7	0x1b	0x00	0x00	0xcd	0xfe	0x2f
0x7b	0xe1	0x78	0x44	0x23	0x50	0x01	0x00
0x04	0x68	0xee	0x3c	0x30			

uuid

hex entries

0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
------	------	------	------

2 results

Figure 8: MP4 Movie Container 'stbl' and 'stds' Structures.

Sample-to-Time Table and Sync Sample Atoms

Figure 9 shows the structure of the 'stts' and 'stss' atoms:

- **stts** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Sample-to Time Table atom; set here to '0x00000018'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'stts'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Sample-to-Time Table; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—A 3-byte space for Sample-to-Time Table flags; set here to '0x000000'.
 - Number of Entries—A 32-bit integer containing the count of the Sample-to-Time Table entries that follow; set here to '1078'.
 - Sample Duration—A 32-bit integer that specifies the duration of each sample; set here to '1'.
 - Sample Count—A 32-bit integer that specifies the number of consecutive samples that have the same duration; set here to '10775'.

The screenshot shows a window titled 'sampleMovie.m4v' with a search bar containing 'stts'. The results are displayed in two sections: 'stts - Sample to Time' and 'stss - Sync Samples'.

stts - Sample to Time

version 0	flags 0x000000
entry count 1	
sample count 10775	sample duration 1

stss - Sync Samples

version 0	flags 0x000000
entry count 1078	
sample number	
1	11
41	51
81	91
121	131
161	171
201	211
241	251
281	291
321	331
361	371
401	411

2 results

Figure 9: MP4 Movie Container 'stts' and 'stss' Structures.

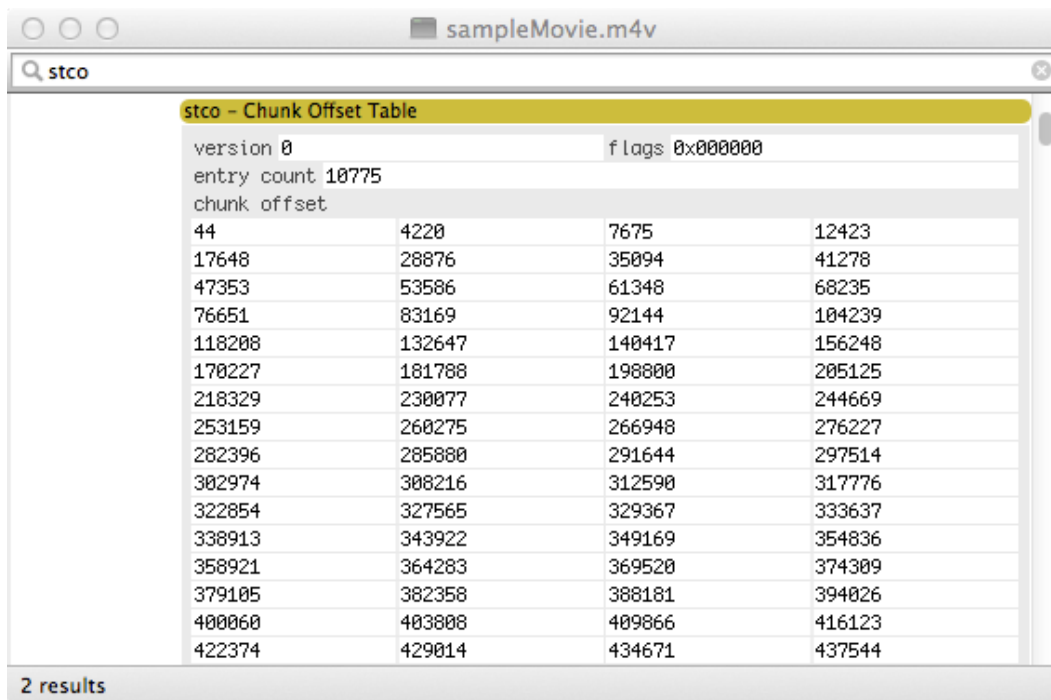
- **stss** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Sync Sample atom; set here to '0x00000018'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'stss'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Sync Sample atom; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—A 3-byte space for Sync Sample atom flags; set here to '0x000000'.
 - Number of Entries—A 32-bit integer containing the count of the Sync Sample Table entries that follow; set here to '1078'.

- Sample Size—A 32-bit integer specifying the sample size: if all the samples are the same size, this field contains that size value. If this field is set to 0, then the samples have different sizes, and those sizes are stored in the sample size table.
- Number of Entries—A 32-bit integer containing the count of the Time-to-Chunk Table entries that follow; set here to '10775'.
- Sample-to-Chunk Table—The table that maps samples to chunks. Each Sample-to-Chunk atom contains such a table, which identifies the chunk for each sample in a media. Each entry in the table contains a first chunk field, a samples per chunk field, and a sample description ID field. From this information, you can ascertain where samples reside in the media data.

Chunk Offset Atom

Figure 11 shows the structure of the 'stco' atom:

- **stco** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this Sample Offset Table atom; set here to '0x0000A86C'.
 - Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'stsc'.
 - Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Sample Offset Table atom; set here to '0x00'.
 - Flags—A 3-byte space for Sample Offset Table atom flags; set here to '0x000000'.
 - Number of Entries—A 32-bit integer containing the count of the Sample Offset Table entries that follow; set here to '10775'.



stco - Chunk Offset Table			
version 0		flags 0x000000	
entry count 10775			
chunk offset			
44	4220	7675	12423
17648	28876	35094	41278
47353	53586	61348	68235
76651	83169	92144	104239
118208	132647	140417	156248
170227	181788	198800	205125
218329	230077	240253	244669
253159	260275	266948	276227
282396	285880	291644	297514
302974	308216	312590	317776
322854	327565	329367	333637
338913	343922	349169	354836
358921	364283	369520	374309
379105	382358	388181	394026
400060	403808	409866	416123
422374	429014	434671	437544

Figure 11: MP4 Movie Container 'stco' Structure.

User Data Atom

Figure 12 shows the structure of the 'udta' atom:

- **udta** contains the following fields:
 - Size—A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes in this User Data atom; set here

to '0x00000060'.

- Type—A 32-bit unsigned integer that identifies the type, represented as a four-character code; this field must be set to 'udta'.
- Version—A 1-byte specification of the version of this Sample Offset Table atom; set here to '0x00'.
- Flags—A 3-byte space for Sample Offset Table atom flags; set here to '0x000000'.
- User Data List—A user data list that is formatted as a series of atoms. Each data element in the user data list contains size and type information along with its data. For historical reasons, the data list is optionally terminated by a 32-bit integer set to 0. If you are writing a program to read user data atoms, you should allow for the terminating 0. However, if you are writing a program to create user data atoms, you can safely leave out the trailing 0.

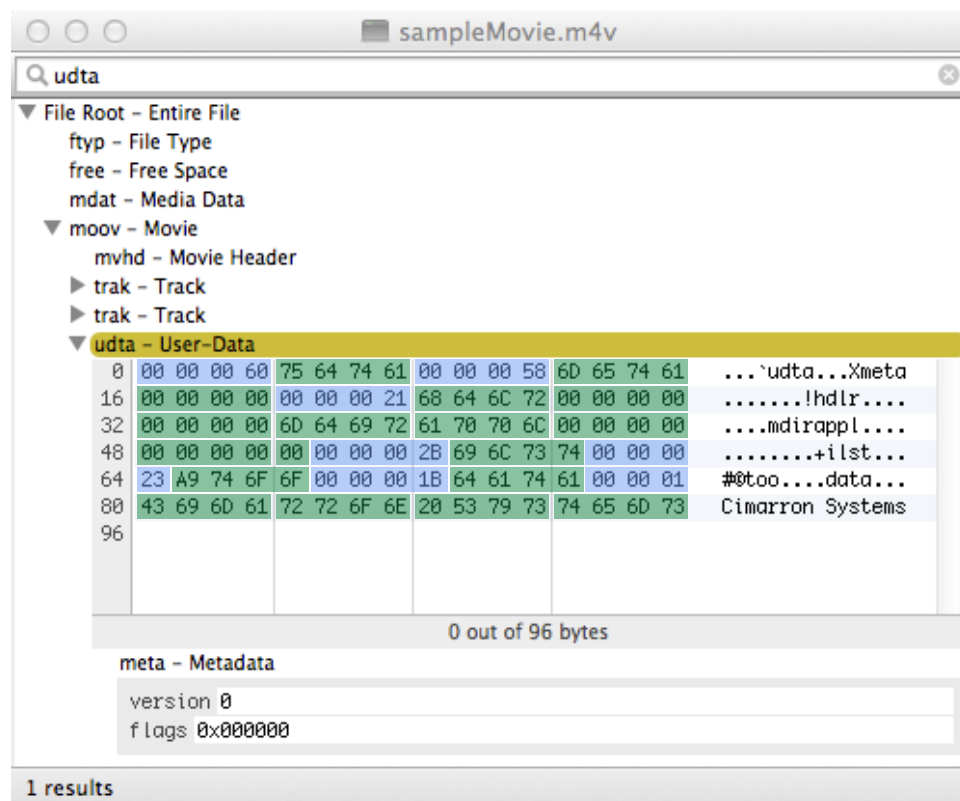


Figure 12: MP4 Movie Container ‘udta’ Structure.

In this Application Note 101, we have presented an overview of the elements of a canonically constructed MP4 Movie Container encapsulate H.264 Video and AAC-LC Audio. Although we have not presented the MP4 atoms used to encapsulate the AAC-LC Audio, the hierarchy and structure of these atoms are very similar to the video atoms.

Additional Resources

In addition to those already described, listed below are a number of resources that may be helpful:

1. [QuickTime File Format](#)
2. [M4V File Format](#)
3. [MPEG-4 Part 14](#)

For more information regarding this and other Cimarron Systems products, please contact us using the

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10/15/2012	version 1.0	Initial version
4/28/2014	version 2.0	Minor editorial updates