Домашня робота 8

6.9 1.
$$I_1 = \int_0^1 x^2 dx$$
, $I_2 = \int_0^1 x^3 dx$

$$[0, 1]: \quad x^3 \le x^2$$

$$I_2 \le I_1$$

2.
$$I_1 = \int_{1}^{2} x^2 dx$$
, $I_2 = \int_{1}^{2} x^3 dx$
 $[1, 2]: x^3 \ge x^2$
 $I_2 \ge I_1$

6.10 1.
$$I_1 = \int_0^1 2^{x^2} dx$$
, $I_2 = \int_0^1 2^{x^3} dx$

$$[0, 1]: \quad x^3 \le x^2$$

$$\quad 2^{x^3} \le 2^{x^2}$$

$$\quad I_2 \le I_1$$

2.
$$I_1 = \int_{1}^{2} x^2 dx$$
, $I_2 = \int_{1}^{2} x^3 dx$
 $[1, 2]: \quad x^3 \ge x^2$
 $2^{x^3} \ge 2^{x^2}$
 $I_2 \ge I_1$

3.
$$I_1 = \int_1^2 \ln x dx$$
, $I_2 = \int_1^2 \ln^2 x dx$
 $[1, 2]: \ln 1 = \ln^2 1$
 $\ln 2 > \ln^2 2$
 $\ln x \ge \ln^2 x$
 $I_2 > I_1$

4.
$$I_1 = \int_3^2 \ln x dx$$
, $I_2 = \int_3^2 \ln^2 x dx$
 $[3, 4]: \ln 3 < \ln^2 3$
 $\ln 4 < \ln^2 4$
 $\ln x \le \ln^2 x$
 $I_2 \le I_1$

6.11 1.
$$I = \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{5\pi}{4}} (1 + \sin^2 x) dx$$
$$f(x) = 1 + \sin^2 x : \quad 0 \le \sin|x| \le 1$$

$$0 \le \sin^2 x \le 1$$
$$1 \le 1 + \sin^2 x \le 2$$

$$f(x) = 1 + \sin^2 x: \quad 0 \le \sin|x| \le 1 0 \le \sin^2 x \le 1 1 \le 1 + \sin^2 x \le 2$$

$$1 \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \le I \le 2 \cdot \frac{5\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} \le I \le \frac{5\pi}{2}$$

2.
$$I = \int_{\frac{1}{e}}^{e} x^2 e^{-x^2} dx$$

 $f(x) = x^2 e^{-x^2}$

6.12
$$I = \int_0^1 \frac{x^n}{1+x} dx$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^n}{1+x} - \text{ неперервна на } [0, 1] \Rightarrow I = \frac{\xi^n}{1+\xi} (b-a)$$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\xi^n}{1+\xi} = \frac{\infty}{1+x}$$

6.13
$$\frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{d}x} \int_{\sin x}^{\cos x} \cos \pi t^2 \mathbf{d}t = (\cos x)'(\cos(\pi \cos x)) - (\sin x)'(\cos(\pi \sin x)) =$$
$$= -\sin x(\cos(\pi \cos x)) - \cos x(\cos(\pi \sin x))$$

6.14 1.