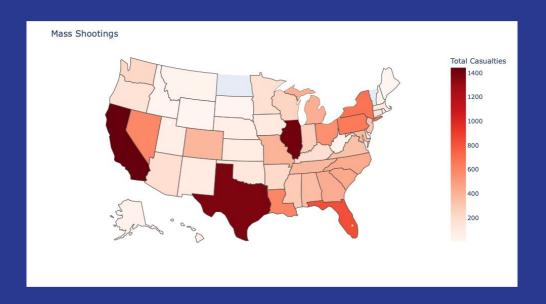
Mass Shootings, 1920-2022



An Analysis of Mass Shootings and Gun Ownership in the United States

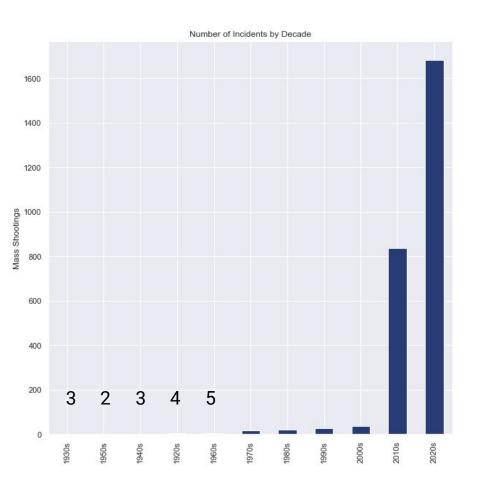
Data Overview

Two datasets:

- Mass shootings from 1920 to 2022, with a full breakdown of casualties, year, and description
- Registered guns by State in 2019 and 2021

Research Questions

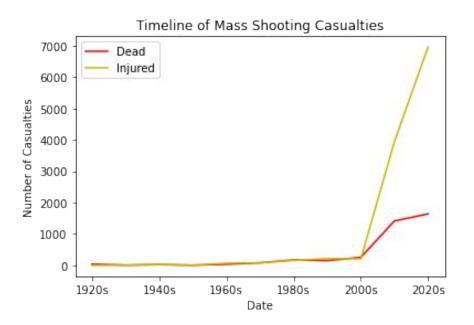
- 1. Is there a relationship between gun ownership and gun violence in the United States?
- 2. What parts of the United States have been most afflicted with mass shootings?



What is a mass shooting? Incident of public firearm violence, in which the shooter claims at least <u>four</u> victims.

There has been a 41,975% increase in mass shootings over the last 100 years.

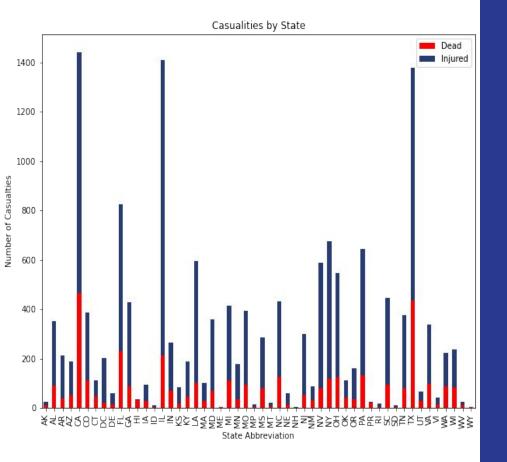
The United States has had 372 mass shootings in 2022, so far. We have not gone a single week without a mass shooting.



There has been a steady increase in casualties from 1920 to 2000 in the United States.

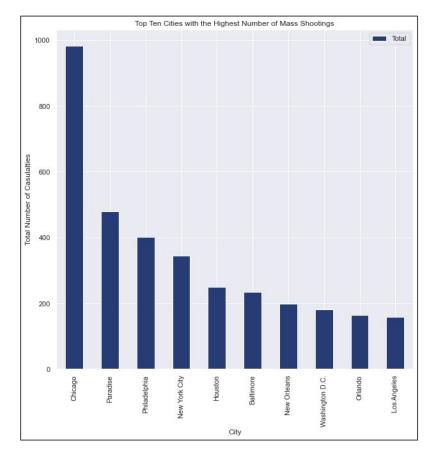
From 2000 to present we see a sharp increase, with casualties rising by 1,051% from 2000 to 2010.

Since 2010, we have seen a 60% increase in gun violence in the U.S.

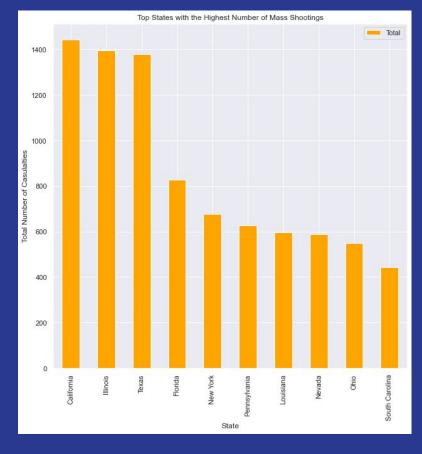


Overall, individuals were 100 times more likely to be injured versus killed in a mass shooting.

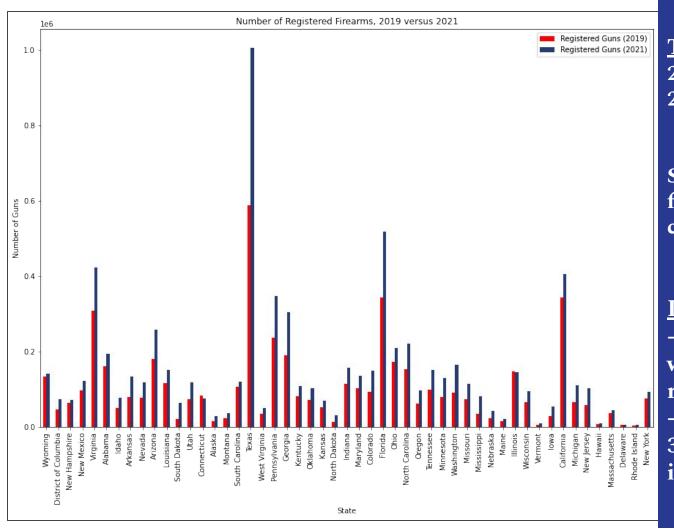
On average, there are four people injured for every person killed.



Cities with the highest number of mass shootings casualties: Chicago, Paradise (NV), Philadelphia



States with the highest number of mass shooting casualties
: California, Illinois, Texas

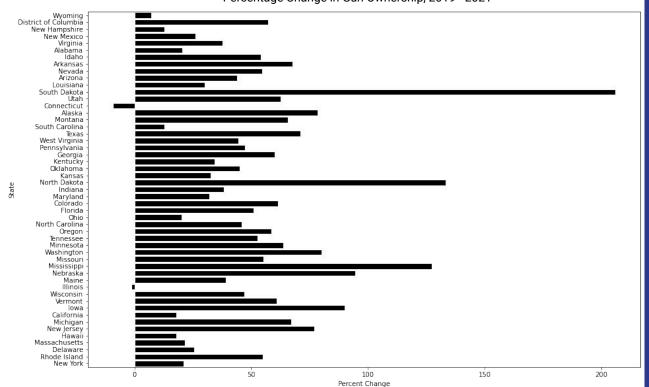


Total Registered Firearms 2019: 5,201,947 2021: 7,511,303

Southern states have more federal registered firearms compared to the Northeast.

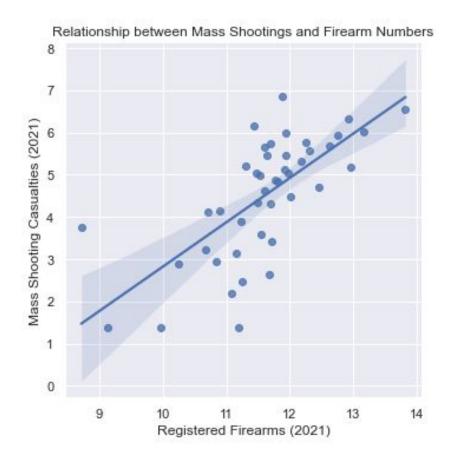
Important caveats
-There are only six states
which require the
registration of firearms.
-There is an estimated
393 million total firearms
in the United States.

Percentage Change in Gun Ownership, 2019 - 2021



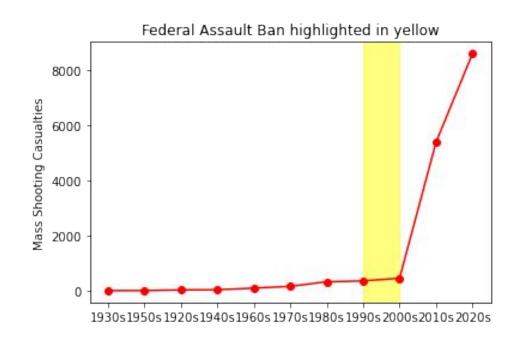
Only two states showed a decrease in registered firearms from 2019 to 2021: Connecticut (-9.13%) and Illinois (-1.18%).

The three states with the highest increase are South Dakota (206%), North Dakota (133.3%), and Mississippi (127.3%).



Overall, there appears to be a relationship between number of firearms and risk of gun violence by state.

The states with a higher number of registered firearms generally have a higher number of gun violence casualties.



The Federal Assault Weapons Ban lasted from 1994 to 2004.

After its expiration in 2004, we can see a dramatic increase into present day. Mass shootings were 70% less likely to occur during the ban compared to present day.

Some of the deadliest mass shootings in US history have occurred in our lifetime.

Future Work

- Accessing earlier records for firearm ownership
- Additional data on shooter demographics (age, gender, race, income, etc.)
- Further breakdown mass shooting incidents, looking at political party of state leadership

References

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/rprkh15/history-of-mass-shootings-in-the-usa

https://www.thoughtco.com/gun-owners-percentage-of-state-populations-3325153

https://www.cbsnews.com/pictures/gun-ownership-rates-by-state/

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Federal Assault Weapons Ban