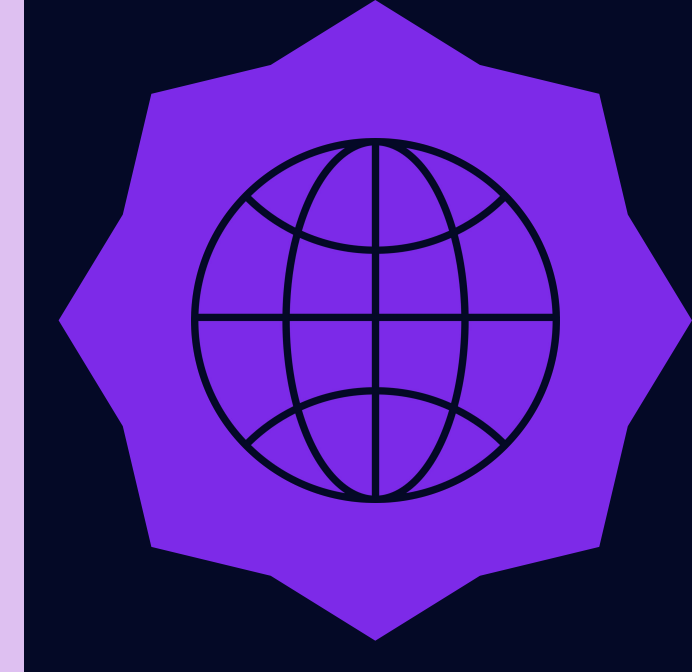


Banco de Dados I - PostgreSQL

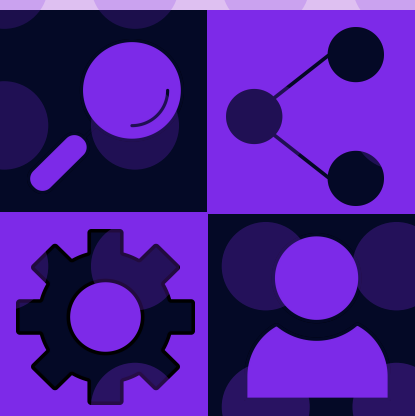
Grupo 3



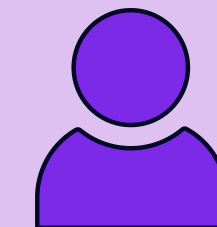
Modelagem de dados de manutenção preditiva de máquinas



Consult Data+



Quem Somos



Nossos Consultores



Alex Amaro



Luana Rodrigues



Lucas Guimarães



Natalia Loeblein



Rafael Becker



Thaísa Elvas



Consult Data+

Contexto

Condições e uso da máquina

As condições de operação de uma máquina, por ex. dados coletados de sensores.

Histórico de falha

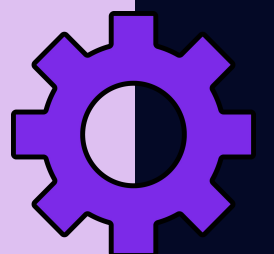
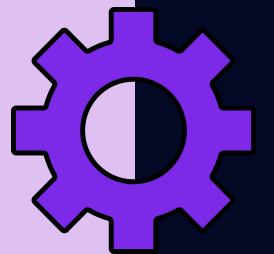
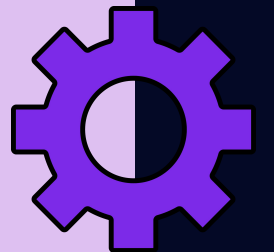
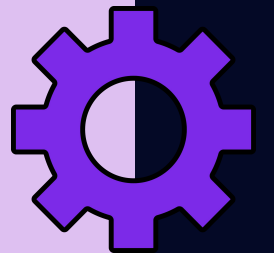
O histórico de falhas de uma máquina ou componente da máquina.

Histórico de manutenção

O histórico de reparos de uma máquina, por ex. códigos de erro, atividades de manutenção anteriores ou substituições de componentes.

Recursos da máquina

As características de uma máquina, como tamanho do motor, marca e modelo, localização.





Métricas

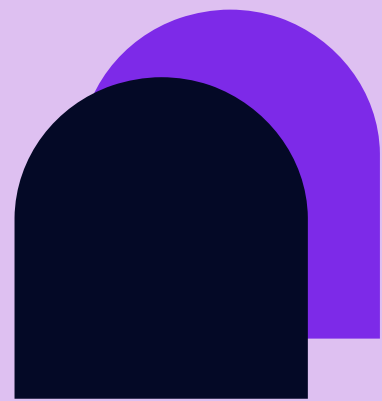
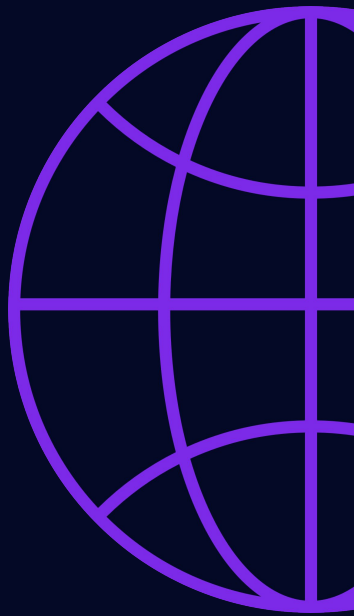
100 máquinas

5 tipos de erro

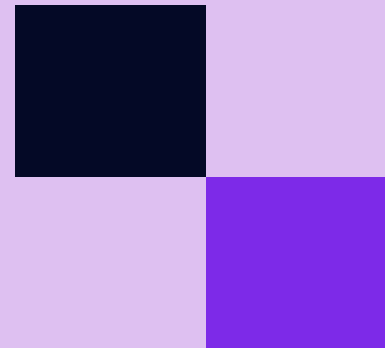
4 tipos de modelo

4 componentes

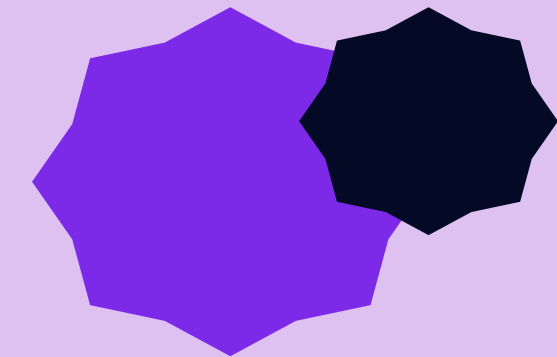
Etapas



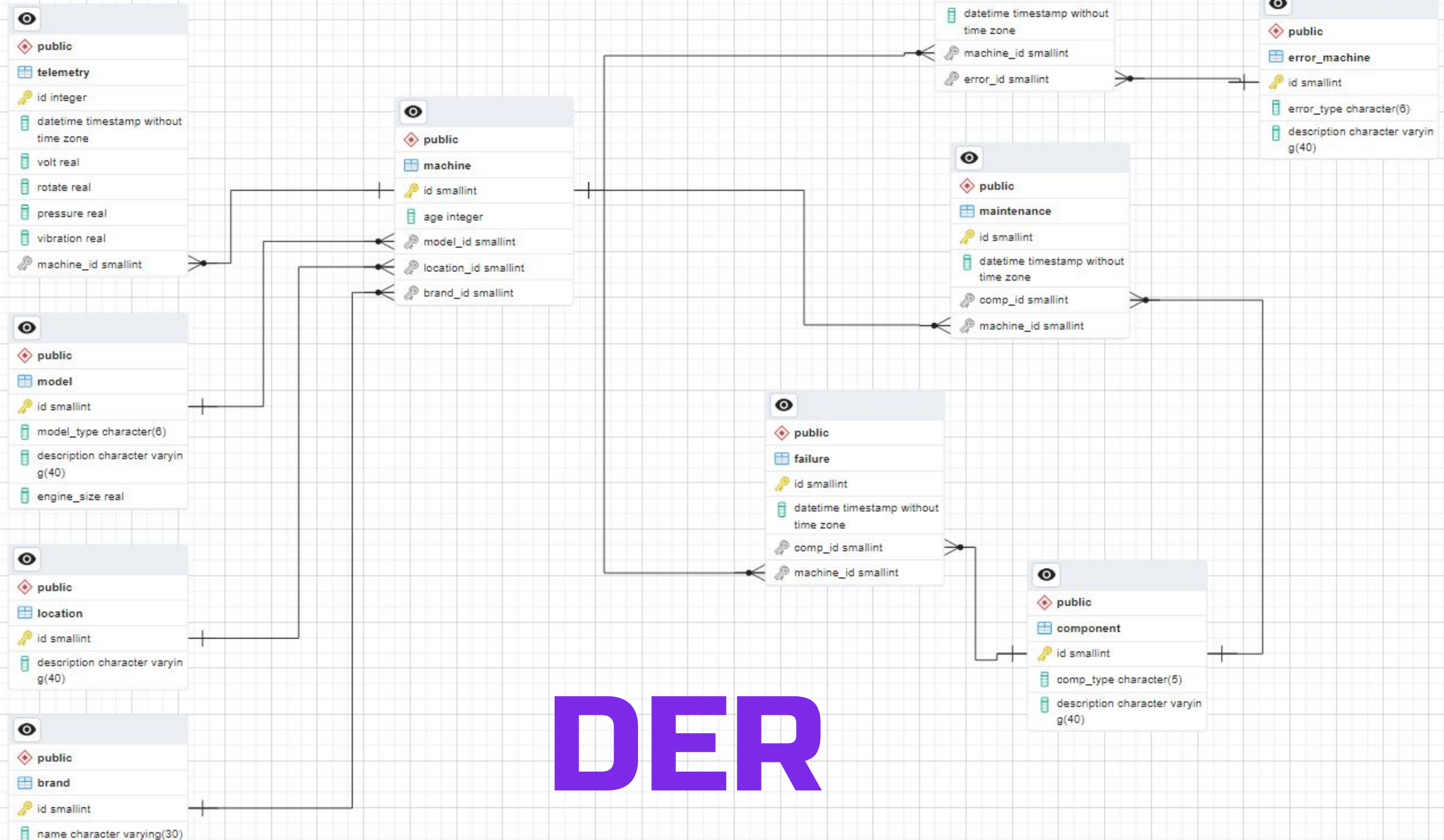
**Criar MER respeitando
a 3FN**



**Criar modelo físico no
PostgreSQL**



**Criar scripts para dar
carga dos dados dos
arquivos CSV e criar as
queries necessárias**



DER



Resultados

Modelo de máquina que mais apresentou falha

■ model3

Nº de falhas

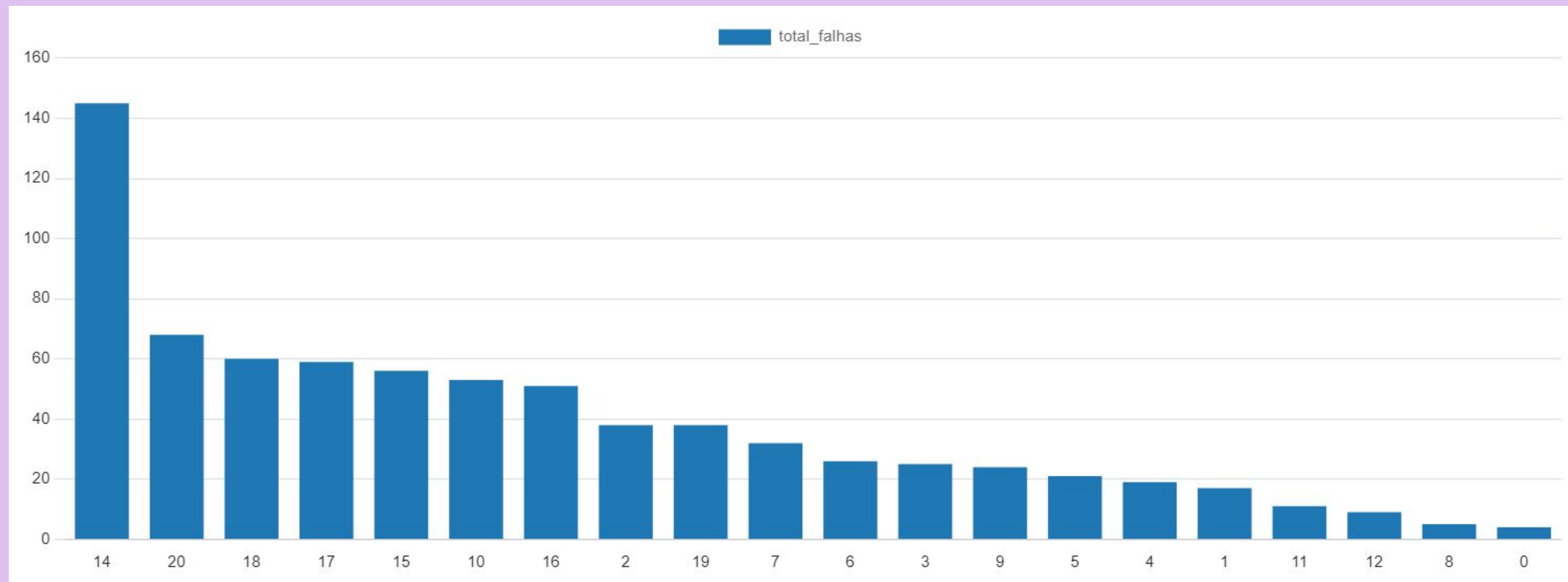
■ 221

```
SELECT model.model_type, COUNT(failure.id) AS  
num_failures  
FROM machine  
JOIN model ON machine.model_id = model.id  
JOIN failure ON machine.id =  
failure.machine_id  
GROUP BY machine.model_id,  
model.model_type  
ORDER BY (num_failures) DESC
```


Quantidade de falhas por idade da máquina

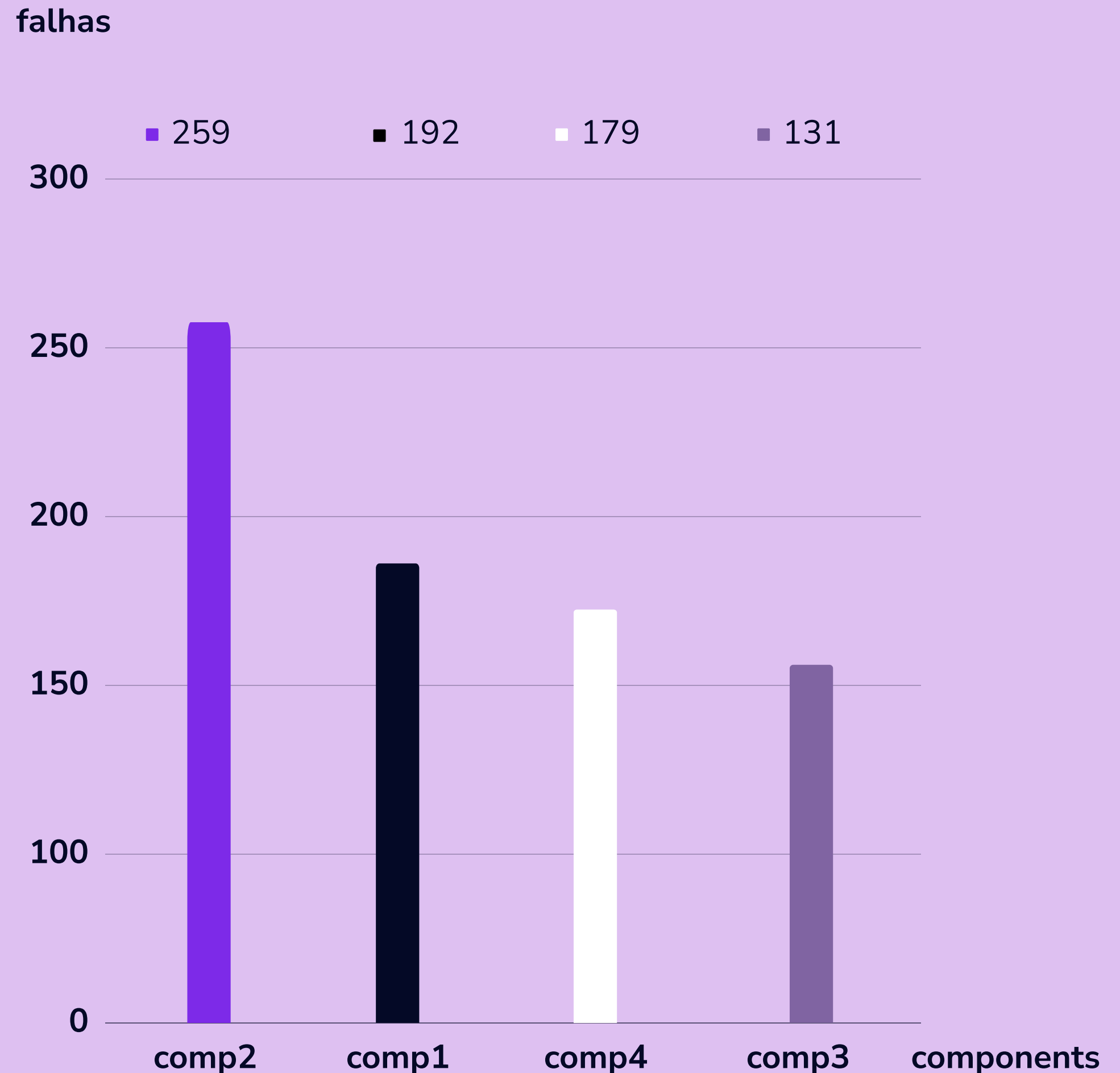
```
SELECT age AS faixa_idade, COUNT(failure.id) AS  
total_falhas  
FROM machine  
JOIN failure ON machine.id = failure.machine_id  
GROUP BY faixa_idade  
ORDER BY total_falhas DESC;
```

número total de falhas



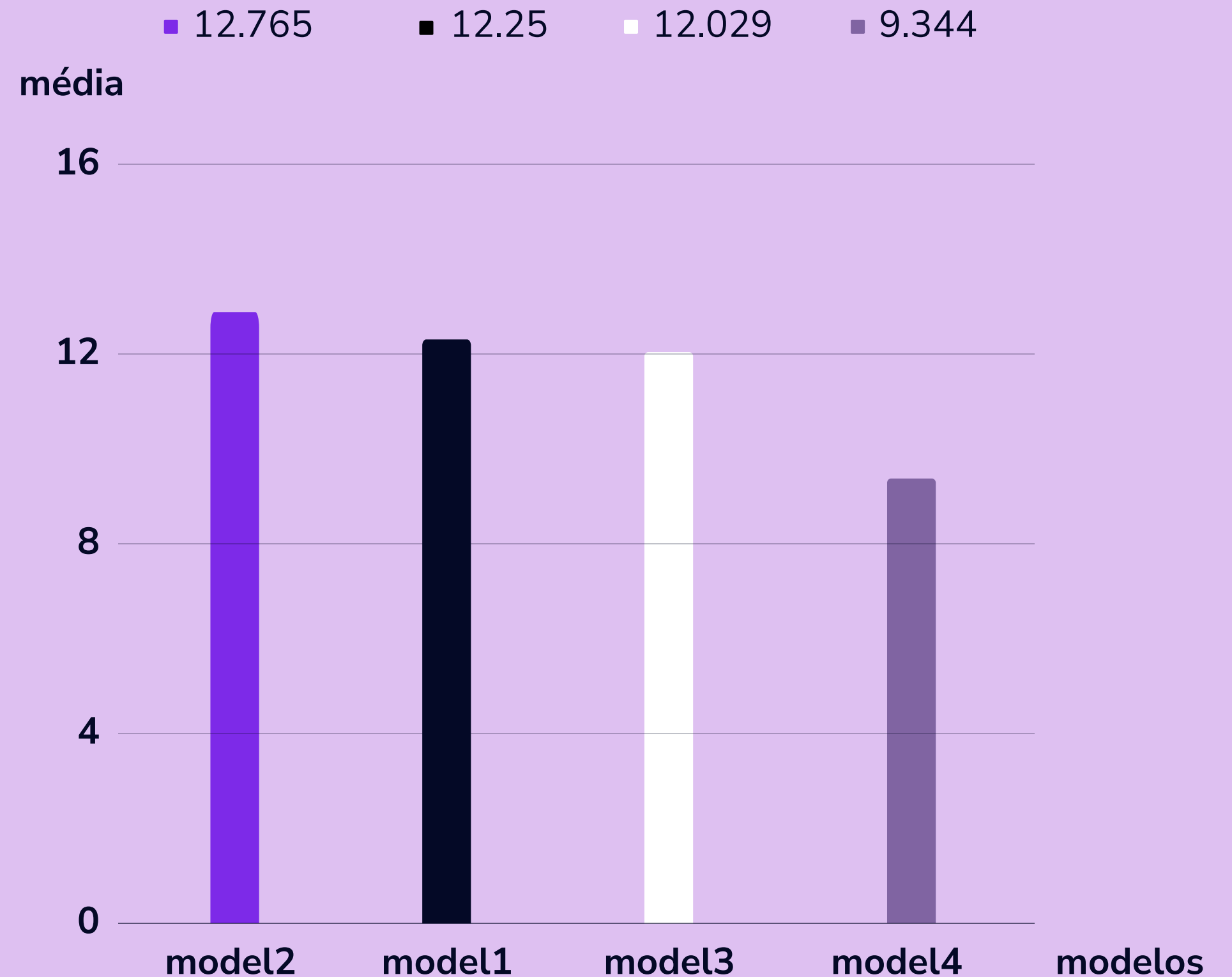
Quantidade de falhas por componente

```
SELECT component.comp_type,  
COUNT(failure.id) AS num_failures  
FROM component  
JOIN failure ON component.id =  
failure.comp_id  
GROUP BY component.comp_type  
ORDER BY num_failures DESC;
```



Média de idade por modelo

```
SELECT model.model_type, AVG(age)
FROM machine
JOIN model ON machine.model_id =
model.id
GROUP BY model_type
ORDER BY AVG(machine.age) DESC;
```



Quantidade de erro por tipo de erro e modelo da máquina.

```
SELECT error_machine.error_type, model.model_type,
COUNT(register_error.error_id) AS num_errors
FROM error_machine
JOIN register_error ON error_machine.id =
register_error.error_id
JOIN machine ON register_error.machine_id = machine.id
JOIN model ON machine.model_id = model.id
GROUP BY error_type, model.model_type
ORDER BY error_type;
```

	error_type character	model_type character	num_errors bigint
1	error1	model1	152
2	error1	model2	176
3	error1	model3	352
4	error1	model4	330
5	error2	model1	154
6	error2	model2	164
7	error2	model3	346
8	error2	model4	324
9	error3	model1	139
10	error3	model2	119
11	error3	model3	317
12	error3	model4	263
13	error4	model1	152
14	error4	model2	181
15	error4	model3	193
16	error4	model4	201
17	error5	model1	75
18	error5	model2	62
19	error5	model3	120
20	error5	model4	99



Obrigada