

## **LAB01 : SITL & ARDUPILOT**

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### **1) OBJECTIVES**

- Introduce the use of Ardupilot's SITL for simulating autonomous vehicles.
- Configure and run a simulation environment to test configurations and commands for a drone or rover.
- Familiarize with complementary tools like Mission Planner or QGroundControl to monitor and control the simulation.

### **2) REQUIRED MATERIALS**

- A computer running Linux (Ubuntu) or Windows with WSL enabled.
- Pre-installed software :
  - Python (version 3.8 or higher)
  - Ardupilot SITL tools : ardupilot and sim\_vehicle.py
  - Mission control software : Mission Planner (Windows) or QGroundControl.
- Internet Connection

### **3) ACTIVITIES**

#### **ACTIVITY 1: SETTING UP THE ENVIRONMENT**

- 1) Clone the Ardupilot repository :

Unset

```
git clone https://github.com/ArduPilot/ardupilot.git
cd ardupilot
git submodule update --init --recursive
```

- 2) Install dependencies : Run the installation script for Ubuntu :

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```
./Tools/environment_install/install-prereqs-ubuntu.sh -y
```

3) Source the configurations :

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```
. ~/.profile
```

4) Compile SITL: Navigate to the Ardupilot folder and compile:

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```
cd ArduCopter (in ardupilot)
sim_vehicle.py -w

// si tarda mucho, hay que pararlo y poner
sudo /etc/init.d/clamav-daemon stop
```

## ACTIVITY 2: STARTING THE SIMULATION

1) Basic SITL execution: To simulate a drone, run:

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```
sim_vehicle.py -v ArduCopter --map --console
--out=udp:127.0.0.1:14550
```

This will open:

- A console with flight information.
- A map to monitor the drone's position.

etting SIM\_SPEEDUP=1.00000  
uggested EK3\_DRAG\_BCOEF\_\* = 17.209, EK3\_DRAG\_MCOEF = 0.209  
tarting sketch 'ArduCopter'  
tarting SITL input  
sing Irlock at port : 9005  
ind port 5760 for SERIAL0  
ERIAL0 on TCP port 5760  
aiting for connection ....  
onnection on serial port 5760  
oaded defaults from ../Tools/autotest/default\_params/copter.parm  
ind port 5762 for SERIAL1  
ERIAL1 on TCP port 5762  
ind port 5763 for SERIAL2  
ERIAL2 on TCP port 5763  
ome: -35.363262 149.165237 alt=584.000000m hdg=353.000000  
oothing reset at 0.001  
alidate structures:526: Validating structures  
aiting for internal clock bits to be set (current=0x00)  
oaded defaults from ../Tools/autotest/default\_params/copter.parm  
oaded defaults from ../Tools/autotest/default\_params/copter.parm  
oaded defaults from ../Tools/autotest/default\_params/copter.parm  
oaded defaults from ../Tools/autotest/default\_params/copter.parm

AAVProxy Vehicle Link Mission Rally Fence Parameter Tools

ABILIZE	ARM	GPS: OKS (10)	Vcc 5.00	Radio:-	INS	MAG	AS	RNG	AHRS	EKF	LOG	FE
ttt: 100%/12.60v 0.0A	Link 1 OK 100.0% (6930 pkts, 0 lost, 0.00s delay)	jg 354/ 0	Alt m	AGL0m/0m	AltSpeed 0m/s	GPSSpeed 0m/s	Thr 0	Roll 0	Pitch 0	Wind -180/0m/s		
P: 0	D: 0	Distance 0m	Bearing 0	AltError m(H)	AspdError 0m/s(H)	FlightTime -	ETR: 0:00	Param				

P: GPS 1: probing for ublox@:23400 baud  
P: EKF1 detected ublox  
P: EKF1 IMU1 origin set  
P: Field Elevation Set: 584  
P: EKF3 MU0 origin set  
e-arm good  
P: EKF3 MU1 is using GPS  
P: EKF3 MU1 is using GPS  
ight battery 100 percent

Map

View  
Cursor: -35.36308598 149.16686955 (5 55 696868 6084535) 583.4m 1914ft

2) Change vehicle model: To simulate a different vehicle (e.g., a rover):

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```
sim_vehicle.py -v Rover --map --console --out=udp:127.0.0.1:14550
```

## **ACTIVITY 3 : CONNECTING WITH QGROUNDCONTROL**

## 1) Step 1: Install QGroundControl

- Download QGroundControl (<https://qgroundcontrol.com/>):
  - On Linux, you might need to make the downloaded file executable:

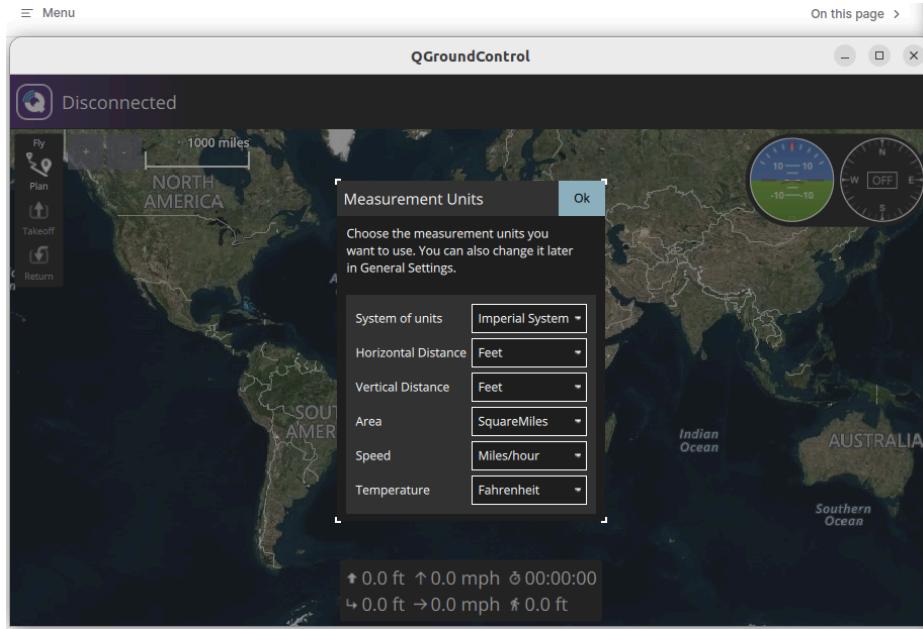
Unset

```
chmod +x ./QGroundControl.AppImage
```

## 2) Step 2 : Launch QGroundControl

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```
// Cambiar de directorio donde guardes QGroundControl.AppImage  
  
./QGroundControl.AppImage
```



Familiarize yourself with the interface:

- **Map view:** Displays the vehicle's position and waypoints.
- **Vehicle status bar:** Shows connection status, battery, and other telemetry data.
- **Plan view:** Used for creating and uploading missions.
- **Telemetry panel:** Monitors real-time data like altitude, speed, and mode.

### 3) Step 3: Connect SITL to QGroundControl

```
Unset
cd ardupilot
cd ArduCopter

sim_vehicle.py -v ArduCopter --map --console
--out=udp:127.0.0.1:14550

//SITL opens a connection on udp:127.0.0.1:14550 by default.
```

#### Verify connection settings in QGroundControl:

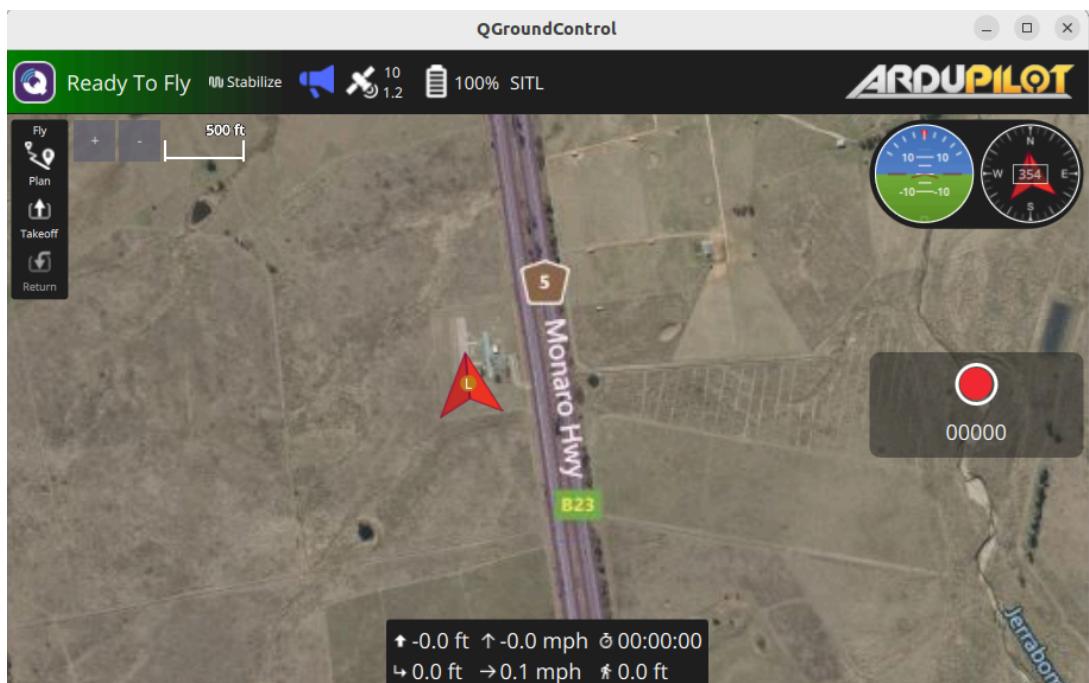
- Go to **Application Settings** (gear icon in the top toolbar).
- Navigate to the **Comm Links** section.
- Ensure the connection uses **UDP with the default SITL port 14550**.

## Connect QGroundControl to SITL:

Once the SITL simulation is running, QGroundControl should automatically detect the vehicle and display it on the map.

If not, manually configure the communication:

- Go to **Application Settings** → **Comm Links** → **Add**.
- Enter:
  - **Name:** "SITL"
  - **Type:** UDP
  - **Port:** 14550
- Save and click **Connect**.



## ACTIVITY 4 : NAVIGATING THE DRONE TO A WAYPOINT

- 1) Create a Waypoint Mission in QGroundControl:

Switch to the **Plan View** in QGroundControl.

- In QGroundControl, click the **Plan tab** in the toolbar at the top of the screen.
- The map interface will change to show planning options.

Add a **Takeoff waypoint with an altitude of 10 meters**.

- a) Click on the map near the desired takeoff location.
- b) From the context menu, select **Takeoff as the waypoint type**.

Add a **second waypoint at a specific location**.

- Click Upload to send the mission to SITL.

## 2) Waypoint and Parameters

**Click on other locations on the map to add subsequent waypoints.**

- Each click will add a waypoint sequentially.
- Waypoints can be moved by dragging them on the map.

**Edit Waypoint Parameters (optional):**

- Click on a waypoint in the mission list (on the right panel) to adjust:
  - i. **Altitude:** Specify the flight altitude for the waypoint.
  - ii. **Hold Time:** Set how long the drone will stay at the waypoint.
  - iii. **Actions:** Add specific commands like taking a photo or changing flight speed.

**Add a Landing Command**

- For a complete mission, add a landing command at the desired location:
  - o Click on the map near the intended landing point.
  - o From the context menu, select **Land**.

**Upload the Mission**

1. Click the **Upload** button at the top of the right-hand panel to send the mission to SITL.
  - o You'll see a confirmation message if the upload is successful.
2. Verify that the mission waypoints are displayed on the map.

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## Example Mission

- Takeoff Waypoint:
    - o Latitude/Longitude: Near the drone's starting position.
    - o Altitude: 10 meters.
  - Waypoint 1:
    - o Location: A specific position nearby.
    - o Altitude: 15 meters.
  - Waypoint 2:
    - o Location: Another position farther away.
    - o Altitude: 20 meters.
  - Landing:
    - o Location: Near the starting point.
-

## Review and Save the Mission

1. Check the mission timeline to ensure all waypoints and commands are correct.
2. Optionally, save the mission file to your computer:
  - o Click the **Save** button and specify a file name.

## Switch to Fly View

1. In **QGroundControl**, click on the **Fly** tab in the top menu.
2. The interface will show:
  - o The map with the vehicle's position.
  - o The mission waypoints overlaid on the map.
  - o Vehicle telemetry, including altitude, speed, battery, and mode.

