Soil Curve Numbers

This is code to generate soil curve numbers for each subcatchment in Wailupe.

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Code Setup

```
#load necessary packages
library(tidyverse)
```

Load soil hydrologic groups data

```
soil_union <- read_csv("soil_land_union_maunalua.csv") %>%
select(OBJECTID_1, hydgrpdcd, Class_Name, Shape_Length, Shape_Area) %>%
filter(hydgrpdcd != "NA")
unique(soil_union$Class_Name) # get all the class names
```

See methodology for further explanation as to how we found the curve number for each land class, but here is the table for ease of coding:

Land Cover Hydrologic group A Hydrologic group B Hydrologic group C Hydrologic group D Grassland: poor condition $68\ 79\ 86\ 89$ Unconsolidated shore $0\ 0\ 0\ 0$ Bare Land/Bare soil $77\ 86\ 91\ 94$ Open Space Developed- good $39\ 61\ 74\ 80$ Evergreen forest- fair $36\ 60\ 73\ 79$

Scrub Shrub 36 42 55 62

Open Water $0\ 0\ 0$

Impervious surface- like shrubland $36\ 42\ 55\ 62$

Palustrine Scrub Shrub wetland

(woody wetland) $86\ 86\ 86\ 86$

Palustrine Forested wetland

(woody wetland) 86 86 86 86

Palustrine Aquatic Bed NA NA NA NA

Estuarine Emergent wetland 80 80 80 80

Palustrine emergent wetland 80~80~80

 $Pasture/Hay\ 40\ 61\ 73\ 79$

Unclassified - here: open water 0 0 0 0

Cultivated Land 62 74 82 86

Assign curve numbers to each group

```
curve_numbers_maunalua <- soil_union %>%
  mutate(CN=
           case_when(Class_Name =="Grassland" & hydgrpdcd== "A" ~ 68,
                     Class Name == "Grassland" & hydgrpdcd== "B" ~ 79,
                     Class_Name == "Grassland" & hydgrpdcd== "C" ~ 86,
                     Class_Name == "Grassland" & hydgrpdcd== "D" ~ 89,
                     Class_Name == "Unconsolidated Shore" ~ 0,
                     Class Name == "Bare Land" & hydgrpdcd== "A" ~ 77,
                     Class Name == "Bare Land" & hydgrpdcd== "B" ~ 86,
                     Class_Name == "Bare Land" & hydgrpdcd== "C" ~ 91,
                     Class_Name == "Bare Land" & hydgrpdcd== "D" ~ 94,
                     Class_Name == "Open Space Developed" & hydgrpdcd== "A" ~ 39,
                     Class_Name == "Open Space Developed" & hydgrpdcd== "B" ~ 61,
                     Class_Name == "Open Space Developed" & hydgrpdcd== "C" ~ 74,
                     Class_Name == "Open Space Developed" & hydgrpdcd== "D" ~ 80,
                     Class_Name =="Evergreen" & hydgrpdcd== "A" ~ 36,
                     Class_Name == "Evergreen" & hydgrpdcd== "B" ~ 60,
                     Class_Name == "Evergreen" & hydgrpdcd== "C" ~ 73,
                     Class_Name == "Evergreen" & hydgrpdcd== "D" ~ 79,
                     Class_Name == "Scrub Shrub" & hydgrpdcd== "A" ~ 39,
                     Class_Name == "Scrub Shrub" & hydgrpdcd== "B" ~ 42,
                     Class_Name == "Scrub Shrub" & hydgrpdcd== "C" ~ 55,
                     Class_Name == "Scrub Shrub" & hydgrpdcd== "D" ~ 62,
                     Class_Name =="Open Water" ~ 0,
                     Class_Name =="Impervious Surface" & hydgrpdcd== "A" ~ 39,
                     Class_Name =="Impervious Surface" & hydgrpdcd== "B" ~ 42,
                     Class_Name =="Impervious Surface" & hydgrpdcd== "C" ~ 55,
                     Class_Name =="Impervious Surface" & hydgrpdcd== "D" ~ 62,
                     Class_Name == "Estuarine Emergent Wetland" ~ 80,
                     Class_Name == "Estuarine Scrub Shrub Wetland" ~ 86,
                     Class_Name == "Estuarine Forested Wetland" ~ 86,
                     Class_Name == "Cultivated Land" & hydgrpdcd== "A" ~ 62,
                     Class_Name == "Cultivated Land" & hydgrpdcd== "B" ~ 74,
                     Class_Name == "Cultivated Land" & hydgrpdcd== "C" ~ 82,
                     Class_Name == "Cultivated Land" & hydgrpdcd== "D" ~ 86
           ))
```

Then export this file to a csv and merge back the CN column to your attribute file for your union land uses/soil type. Double check that you are joining by the right column, here OBJECTID_1.