# IronKaggle

Sales prediction

#### Introduction

Sales prediction

#### Data set description:

- 640,840 rows
- 10 columns
  - Index, store\_ID
  - Date, day of week
  - # of customers on the day
  - Open, promotion, state\_holiday, school\_holiday
  - Sales
- No empty rows or NaNs

#### **Data Cleaning**

#### Dropped

- Index (unnamed)
- Date

#### One-hot encoded

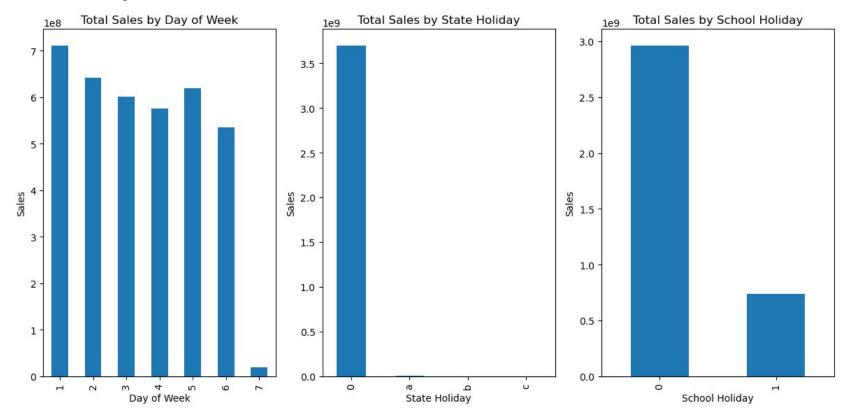
- State holiday
- Day of week

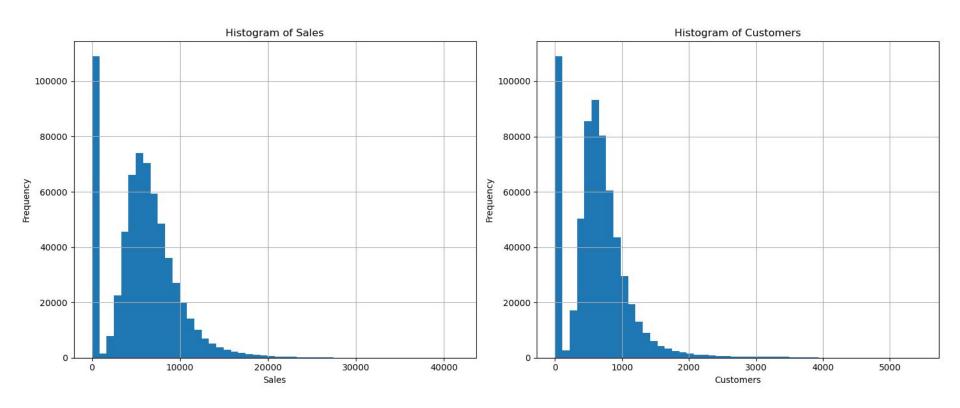
#### Engineered

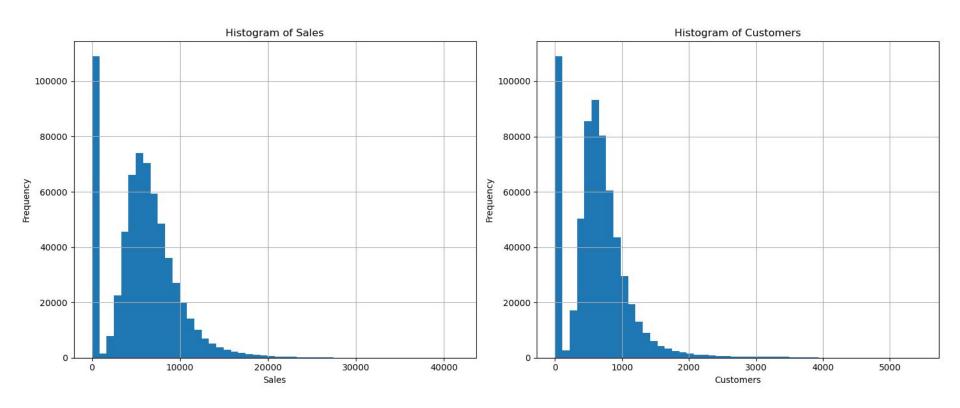
weighted\_factor

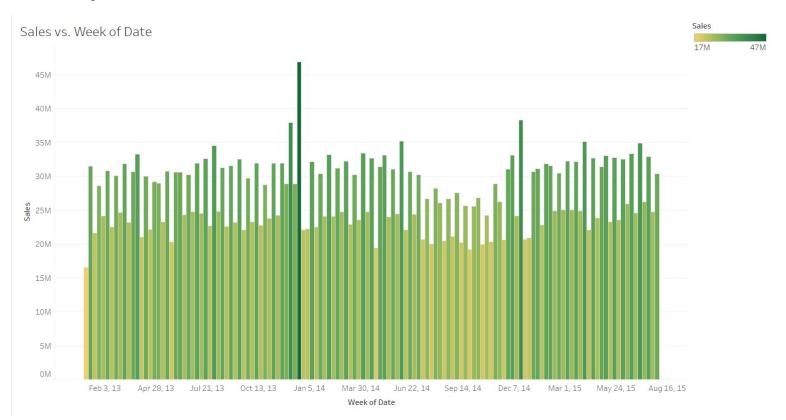
```
store_customers =

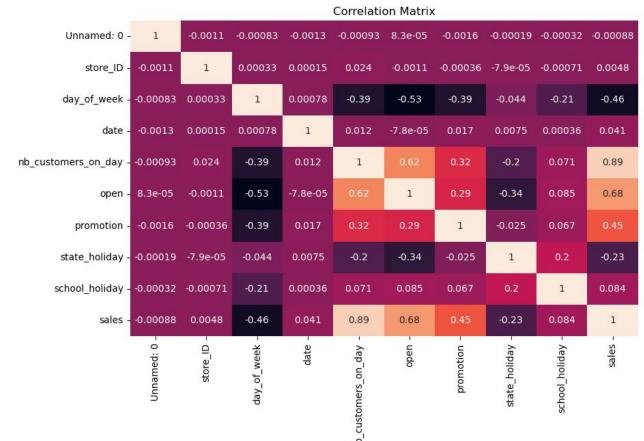
(X_train.groupby('store_ID')['nb_customers_on_day'].sum()/(X_train['nb_customers_on_day'].sum()))
store_occurrence = X_train['store_ID'].value_counts().sort_index()
weighted_factor = store_customers * store_occurrence
X_train['weighted_factor'] = X_train['store_ID'].map(weighted_factor)
```











- 1.0

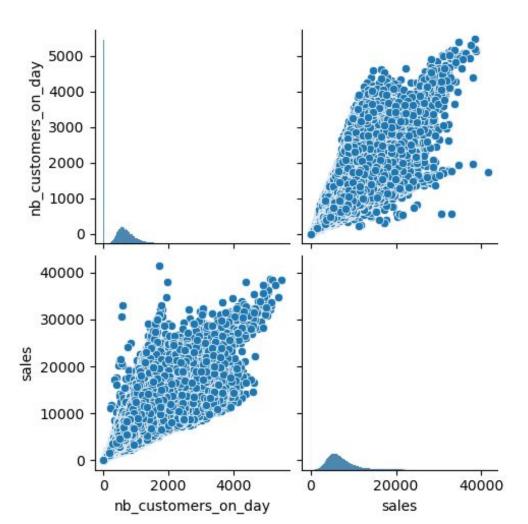
- 0.8

- 0.6

-0.4

- 0.2

- 0.0



# Models

## **Linear Regression**

```
# create linear regression model
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_train_pred = lr.predict(X_train)
y test pred = lr.predict(X test)
r2_train = r2_score(y_train, y_train_pred)
r2_test = r2_score(y_test, y_test_pred)
print(f"R2 score on training set: {r2 train:.2f}")
print(f"R2 score on testing set: {r2_test:.2f}")
```

R2 score on training set: 0.87 R2 score on testing set: 0.87

#### **Decision Tree**

```
# Desicion tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
dt = DecisionTreeRegressor(max_depth=9)
dt.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_train_pred = dt.predict(X train)
y test pred = dt.predict(X test)
r2_train = r2_score(y_train, y_train_pred)
r2_test = r2_score(y_test, y_test_pred)
print(f"R2 score on training set: {r2 train:.2f}")
print(f"R2 score on testing set: {r2_test:.2f}")
```

R2 score on training set: 0.90 R2 score on testing set: 0.90 (Grid search)

#### Random Forest

```
rf = RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=9, n_estimators=200)
rf.fit(X_train, y_train)

y_train_pred = rf.predict(X_train)
y_test_pred = rf.predict(X_test)

r2_train = r2_score(y_train, y_train_pred)
r2_test = r2_score(y_test, y_test_pred)

print(f"R2 score on training set: {r2_train:.2f}")
print(f"R2 score on testing set: {r2_test:.2f}")
```

R2 score on training set: 0.90
R2 score on testing set: 0.90
(Grid search)



```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
knn = KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors=9)
knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_train_pred = knn.predict(X train)
y test pred = knn.predict(X test)
r2_train = r2_score(y_train, y_train_pred)
r2_test = r2_score(y_test, y_test_pred)
print(f"R2 score on training set: {r2 train}")
print(f"R2 score on testing set: {r2_test}")
```

R2 score on training set: 0.923991977226772 R2 score on testing set: 0.903455527056366 (Grid Search)

#### **SVR**

```
svr = SVR()
svr.fit(X_sample, y_sample)
y_pred = svr.predict(X_sample)
r2 = r2_score(y_sample, y_pred)
print(f"R2 score is {r2}")

R2 score is 0.62
(Default rbf)
```

#### **Neural Networks**

```
y test pred = model.predict(X test)
# neural networks
model = Sequential()
                                                      r2 train = r2 score(y train, y train pred)
model.add(Input(shape=(X train.shape[1],)))
                                                      r2 test = r2 score(y test, y test pred)
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
# model.add(Dropout(0.2))
                                                      print(f"R2 score on training set: {r2 train:.2f}")
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
                                                      print(f"R2 score on testing set: {r2 test:.2f}")
# model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
                                                      R2 score on training set: 0.88
                                                      R2 score on testing set: 0.88
model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='linear'))
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=0.01), loss='mean squared error')
model.summary()
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, validation_data=(X_test, y_test), epochs=12, batch_size=128,
verbose=1)
```

y train pred = model.predict(X train)

# KNN

Highest R2 score on testing set (0.90)