InVEST TIP SHEETS:

Using InVEST to Assess the Feasibility of REDD+

Here are some tips for users who want to use the InVEST carbon model for forest carbon policies, programs or projects similar to REDD+

- Calculate current forest carbon storage using the most recent LULC map you have available.
- 2. Estimate the likely losses in forest carbon in the future by developing a 'business as usual' scenario that uses changes in past LULC maps to predict the location and rate of future deforestation. If possible, it is preferable to have at least a 10-year timeframe to analyze with multiple years of data. It can also be useful to establish a REDD+ scenario in which your REDD+ program, policy, or project is established and avoids deforestation.
- 3. *Create* a clear timeframe on your scenarios: over what period will carbon be lost or regrowing? Consider a longer timeframe for forest regeneration, reforestation or afforestation in order to better understand the full carbon potential. For a REDD+ project, consider a timeframe of at least 30 years the typical period for a voluntary contract to date.
- Input the average or expected price per ton CO₂e to replace the default valuation for the carbon model where forest carbon markets exist.

- 5. Incorporate climate change impacts in your future land use scenario if your timeframe is for 50 years or more--in particular, consider expected changes in precipitation, possible droughts, fire risk, changes in growth rate and climate envelope, as well as human responses.
- 6. **Subdivide LULCs** or review to ensure that LULCs reflect the loss or gain in carbon. This may mean establishing LULCs for different age and management classes of forests, such as 'young forest 5-7 years,' 'mature forest,' and 'selectively logged forest,' and seeking appropriate biomass data. Also make sure that you **set endpoint LULCs that reflect human interventions** envisioned in your scenario(s).
- 7. Know the limitations of the modeling tool to provide a complete picture of the REDD+ opportunities and risks. InVEST will require specialized, user-defined inputs to calculate leakage estimates. In its current version, the carbon model does not provide uncertainty estimates. In addition, the annualized value of forest carbon may be lower than expected because of the linear growth rates modeled by InVEST.

