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| Macintosh HD:Users:nate:Desktop:WIT-shield.png | **Wentworth Institute of Technology**  HTMAA – Unit 3  Summer 2016, Derbinsky |

# Arduino

The Arduino authenticates a 4-digit passcode supplied via USB/Serial.

## Build the Arduino + Breadboard Stand

1. See page 12 in the Arduino book
2. Label the Arduino!

## Test the Arduino (Blink! No Blink!)

1. If you do not have the Arduino IDE installed, download and install[[1]](#footnote-1)
2. Plug in the USB cable to the computer and Arduino board
3. Run the Arduino IDE
4. Load the Blink example: File -> Examples -> Basics -> Blink
5. Tell the computer to talk to the board using the right port: Tools -> Port -> choose the port that has the Arduino UNO on it
6. Click the right-arrow (⇒) button – this compiles the program and uploads it to the board
7. After a few seconds, there should be a blinking orange LED on your board :)
8. Now load the BareMinimum example (it does nothing): File -> Examples
9. Compile and upload – your blinking LED should no longer blink.

## Build the Lock Circuit

1. See the provided diagram, be cautious of…
   * Resistor values (one is unlike the other three); orientation doesn’t matter
   * Capacitor orientation (minus stripe/short wire = negative)
   * LED orientation (short wire = negative)
   * Button orientation (both legs should be on the same side of the divide)
   * Motor wires (black=negative, red=positive, white=control via Arduino)
   * Shorts (any time positive/negative meet without something in the middle)
2. Have your circuit inspected before supplying power/moving on

## Program the Arduino with Lock Software

1. Download Zip: <https://github.com/natederbinsky/htmaa>
2. Download Zip: <https://github.com/joshmarinacci/CmdArduino>
3. Unzip htmaa-master (a), open server\htmaa\htmaa.ino (in Arduino IDE)
4. Use the CmdArduino library: Sketch->Include Library->Add .ZIP Library
   * Choose CmdArduino-master
5. Compile & Upload

## Command the Arduino!

1. Invoke the Serial Monitor in the Arduino IDE
   * Either upper right corner, magnifying glass OR Tools->Serial Monitor
2. Make sure to choose “Carriage return” and “9600 baud” in the two dropdowns
3. Type “move 1234” (no quotes) – the motor should move and the green LED blinks
4. Type “move 4321” – the red LED should blink (bad passcode!)
5. Type “change 1234 4321” – the blue LED should blink (passcode changed!)
6. Type “move 4321” – green should blink and motor should engage
7. Click the button on the board – the blue LED should blink (passcode is now 1234)

# Raspberry Pi (RPi)

The RPi provides a client interface to the Arduino via a Python web-server site.

## Install RPi in Case

1. Bottom really matters, top not so much
2. Label the RPi!

## Install Raspbian (the RPi Operating System)

1. Insert the supplied MicroSD card
2. Plug in monitor, keyboard, mouse
3. Plug in power
4. Allow the RPi to boot, choose Raspbian, let it install (takes ~20 minutes)
5. Reboot

## Connect to WiFi

1. In the taskbar (at the top), click WiFi
   * Use the provided ssid/password

## Configure the RPi

1. From the taskbar, click the Terminal launcher (monitor with black screen)
2. sudo raspi-config
3. Change User Password (2)
4. Advanced (9) -> Hostname (A2) – use the label!
5. Advanced (9) -> SSH (A4)
6. Finish, Reboot

## Update RPi Software

1. Launch Terminal
2. sudo apt-get update
3. sudo apt-get upgrade (Y) – takes ~20 minutes
4. Reboot

## Install VNC for Remote Desktop

1. Launch Terminal
2. sudo apt-get install tightvncserver
3. vncserver (set password)
   * In the future, run vncserver via SSH to be free of monitor/keyboard/mouse :)

## Connect Remotely to the RPi

1. On another computer, use an SSH program
   * Windows: putty
   * Mac/Linux: Terminal, ssh pi@label.local
   * Host: label.local (e.g. boston.local)
   * User: pi
   * Port: 22
   * Password: from 2.4c above
2. vncserver
3. Use VNC client software
   * Windows: VNC Viewer
   * Mac: Chicken of the VNC

## Install Webserver on the RPi

1. Via Terminal in VNC, or SSH…
2. sudo pip install flask
   * Library for useful web stuffs :)
3. On the RPi: git clone <https://github.com/natederbinsky/htmaa.git>
   * Grabs my software

## Run Webserver on the RPi

1. Connect the RPi and the Arduino via USB
2. Via Terminal in VNC, or SSH…
3. cd htmaa/client
   * cd = “change directory”
4. python web.py
5. When done…
   * Ctrl+c to exit python
   * Choose shutdown from the top-left menu

## Remote Control

1. From a phone or computer connected to WiFi…
2. In a web browser, access <http://label.local:8080>
   * The RPi is “serving” a website on port 8080

1. <https://www.arduino.cc> [↑](#footnote-ref-1)