Proposed Minimum and Guidance Levels for Lake Starr in Polk County, Florida

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Executive Summary

This report describes the development of proposed Minimum and Guidance levels for Lake Starr in Polk County, Florida based on reevaluation of levels in Southwest Florida Water Management District rules that became effective August 2000. Minimum levels are the levels at which further water withdrawals would be significantly harmful to the water resources of the are (Section 373.042(1)(b), F.S.). Adopted minimum levels are used to support water resource planning and permitting activities. Adopted guidance levels are used as advisory guidelines for construction of lake shore development, water dependent structures, and operation of water management structures.

Section 373.0421(3), F.S., requires the periodic reevaluation and, as needed, the revision of established minimum flows and levels. Lake Starr was selected for reevaluation based on development of modeling tools for simulating lake level fluctuation that are not available when levels currently adopted for the lake were developed. The adopted lake levels were also reevaluated so support ongoing assessments of minimum flows and levels in the northern Tampa Bay Water Use Caution Area, a region of the District where recovery strategies are being implemented to support recovery to minimum flow and level thresholds. \$latexalpha

$$ft^3 ft_3$$

bquote('Assimilation (' $mu\sim$ 'mol' $_{CO[2]}$ $m^{-2\sim s}$ -1')')

The Lake Starr water budget was built over the period 1988-2012. Lake elevation data was available over this period at a daily continuous increment.

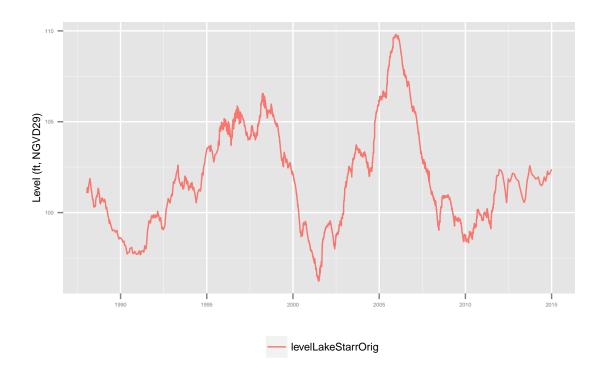


Figure 1: Lake Starr Water Balance Model results

Table 1: Summary table of water balance variables for calibration

	Mean	SD	Median	Min	Max	N
levelLakeStarrOrig	102.5	3.156	102.4	96.23	109.8	6048
${\bf level Lake Starr Filled}$	101.8	2.784	101.6	96.23	109.8	9862
${\bf level UFAH art}$	94.83	2.967	94.78	88.21	102.1	155
${\bf level UFAHartFilled}$	93.27	2.781	93.08	85.54	102.1	9862
${\bf level UFA Hart Filled 4 Feet}$	97.27	2.781	97.08	89.54	106.1	9862
${\bf level UFA Hart ECFT}$	103.7	2.549	103.7	95.19	110.8	9862
levelSASWTS10rig	106.1	3.132	105.7	101.8	113.1	101
${\bf level SASWTS1Filled}$	105	2.663	104.8	99.72	113.1	9862
${\bf level SASSTUSEOrig}$	103.2	2.921	102.1	99.35	109.1	68
${\bf level SASSTUSE Filled}$	100.6	2.829	100.3	94.88	109.1	9862
rainFinal_inday	0.1362	0.3969	0	0	6	9862
${ m rainMtnLk_inday}$	0.1388	0.4124	0	0	6.96	9862
$rainFinal_ftday$	0.01135	0.03308	0	0	0.5	9862
evapStarrUSGS_ftday	0.01326	0.004249	0.01399	0.004969	0.0204	5478

	Mean	SD	Median	Min	Max	N
evapETG_ftday	0.013	0.00424	0.01434	0.006322	0.01855	9862
${\bf lake Area_acres}$	129.9	10.38	129.7	111.2	149.6	9862
${\bf lake Area_ft 2}$	5658191	452291	5650603	4843872	6518318	9862
${\bf watershed Area_ft 2}$	14179033	452291	14186621	13318906	14993352	9862
${ m rain_ft3day}$	64146	188069	0	0	3247398	9861
${\rm evap_ft3day}$	73446	24493	78177	30624	119420	9861
$inflow SASWTS1_ft3 day$	7424	12084	7146	-20998	56195	9861
$inflow SASSTUSE_ft 3 day$	-816.6	236.8	-797.1	-1382	-120.4	9861
${\bf headDif_ft}$	0.7591	1.333	0.7747	-2.783	6.378	9861
${\bf leakage_ft3day}$	7774	13566	7528	-25984	58140	9861
${\bf runoffSCS_ft3day}$	5818	84507	0	0	4465268	9861
$\mathrm{DCIA}_{-}\mathrm{ft3day}$	6753	19685	0	0	297558	9861
date.1	37074	2847	37074	32143	42004	9862
$level Lake Starr Pred_ft$	104.4	2.478	104.1	100.4	110.5	9862
$level Lake Starr Resid_ft$	2.582	0.973	2.618	-0.0247	5.306	9862

The Upper Floridan aquifer well near Lake Starr was filled using Romp 57 to present a more complete dataset for the water budget model.

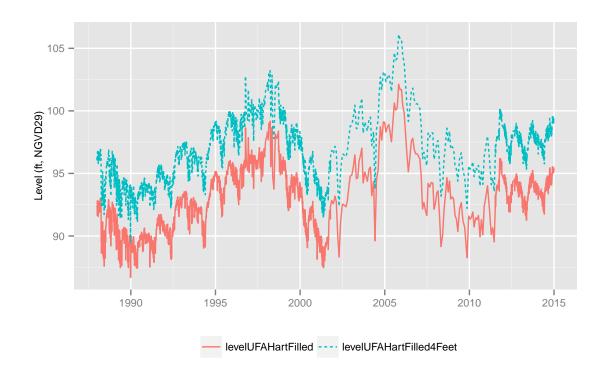
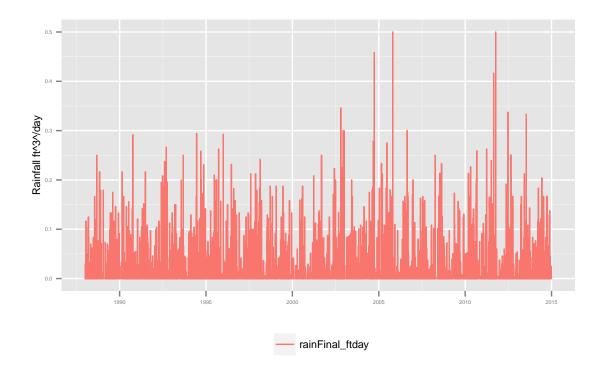


Figure 2: Hart UFA well near Lake Starr
Composite rainfall was coverted from in/day into ft3/day for the water budget model.



 $\label{eq:Figure 3: Rainfall ft^3/day} Evaporation data was collected at Lake Starr over the period 1998-2012. The GOES ET data was used in$

the water budget model since it was very comprable to the USGS data as well as was consistent over the period of record used by the water budget model.

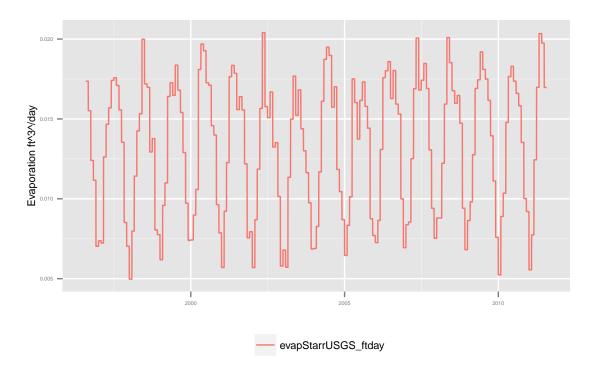


Figure 4: Evaporation ft^3/day

Leakage from the lake was captured by a coefficient to determine the interaction between the underlying aquifer and the lake.

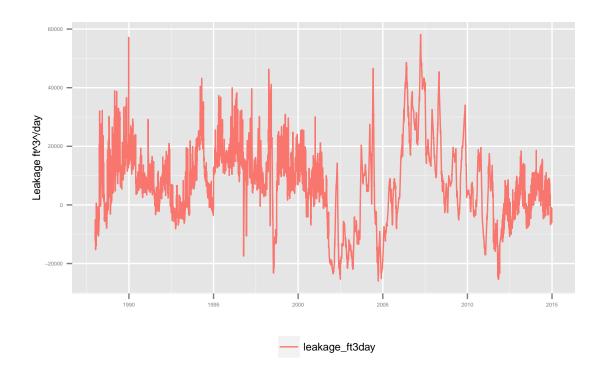


Figure 5: Leakage ft3/day

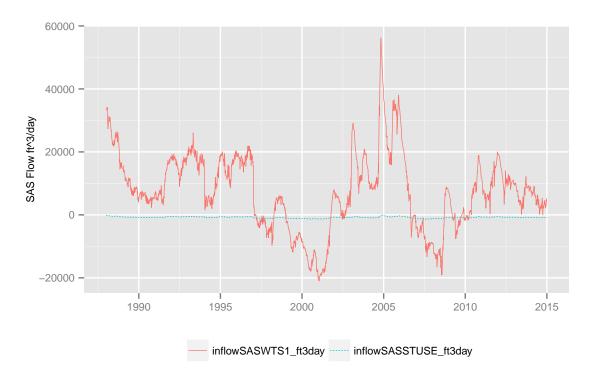


Figure 6: SAS flow ft3/day Groundwater flow from the surface was provided by the effective

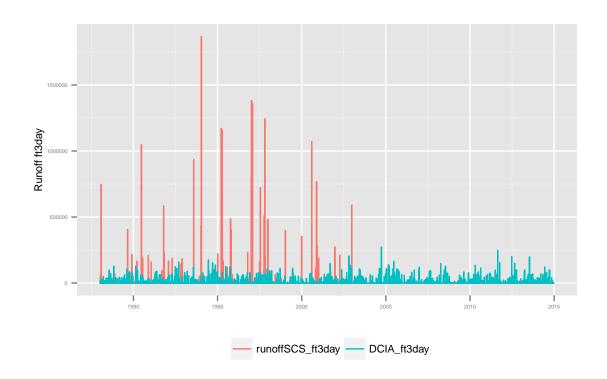


Figure 7: SCS and DCIA runoff ft3day