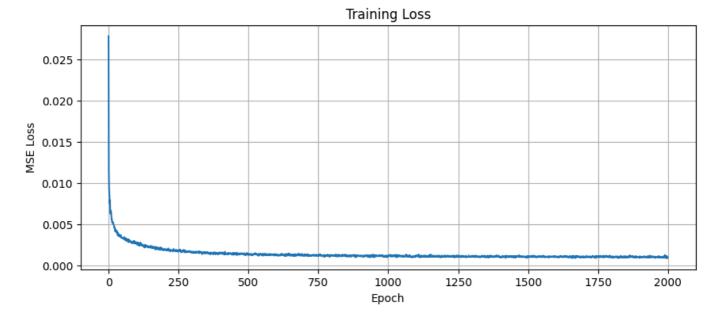
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In [ ]: # IMPORTANT - This notebook is setup using a minumim speed of 5 and not using previous
        import os
        import sys
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
        from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, PolynomialFeatures
        from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
        import torch
        import torch.nn as nn
        import torch.optim as optim
        from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, TensorDataset
        # vars
        w0 = 5
        pfe = 1
        split = 0.8
        use_previous_speed = False # True if use previous speed as feature
        min_speed = 5
        learning_rate = 0.0005
        decay = 1e-7
        num_epochs = 2000
        np.random.seed(420)
        paths = [
            'data/shell_1_strokes_2025-04-07.csv',
             'data/shell_2_strokes_2025-04-07.csv'
        ]
In [ ]: def process_df(path):
            # 3) Concatenate
            df = pd.read_csv(path)
            df = df.dropna()
            \# 4.5 \text{ m/s} = 1:51.1 \text{ per } 500 \text{ } --\text{paddling}
            # 4.75 = 1:45 -- "quality" steady rowing
            # 5 is 1:40 -- medium rowing
            # 5.25 is 1:35 -- hard rowing
            # 5.5 is 1:31 -- Around base pace
            df = df[df['speed_mps'] > min_speed]
            new_features = []
            for stroke_num, same_stroke in df.groupby('crew_stroke_number'):
                 # make sure we are getting data from more than half the boat
                 if len(same_stroke) < 5: # this condition and in speed reg filter out spinnin</pre>
                     continue
                 features = {
                     'crew_stroke_number':stroke_num,
                     'ave_power':same_stroke['power_w'].mean(),
                     'power_var':same_stroke['power_w'].var(),
                     'rate_spm':same_stroke['rating_spm'].mean(),
                     'ave_work':same_stroke['work_j'].mean(),
                     'work_var':same_stroke['work_j'].var(),
                     'catch_angle':same_stroke['catch_angle_deg'].mean(),
                     'catch_angle_var':same_stroke['catch_angle_deg'].var(),
                     'slip_angle':same_stroke['slip_deg'].mean(),
                     'slip_var':same_stroke['slip_deg'].var(),
                     'wash_angle':same_stroke['wash_deg'].mean(),
                     'wash_var':same_stroke['wash_deg'].var(),
                     'connected_angle':same_stroke['connected_length_deg'].mean(),
                     'connected_var':same_stroke['connected_length_deg'].var(),
                     'finish_angle':same_stroke['release_angle_deg'].mean(),
```

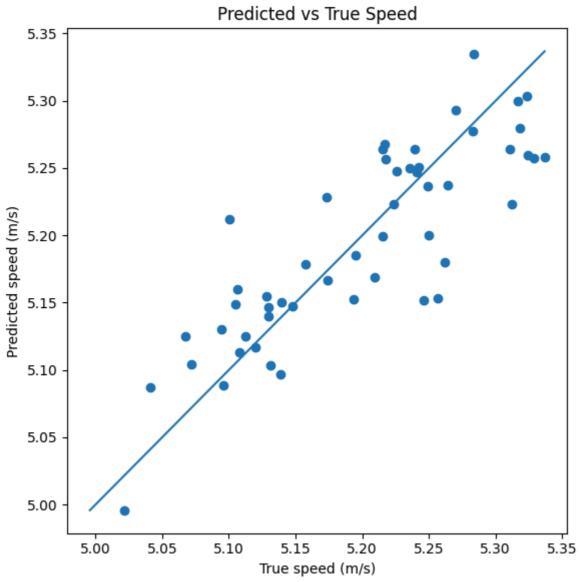
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'finish_angle_var':same_stroke['release_angle_deg'].var(),
                    'peak force angle':same stroke['peak force angle deg'].mean(),
                     'peak_force_angle_var':same_stroke['peak_force_angle_deg'].var(),
                     'catch_time':same_stroke['catch_timestamp_ms'].mean(),
                    'catch_time_var':same_stroke['catch_timestamp_ms'].var(),
                    'stroke_duration':same_stroke['stroke_duration_ms'].mean(),
                     'stroke duration var':same stroke['stroke duration ms'].var(),
                    'speed_mps':same_stroke['speed_mps'].mean(),
                new_features.append(features)
            cleaned_df = pd.DataFrame.from_records(new_features)
            cleaned df = cleaned df.drop duplicates(subset=['crew stroke number'])
            cleaned_df = cleaned_df.sort_values('crew_stroke_number').reset_index(drop=True)
            # use the speed from stroke n-1 to predict speed of stroke n
            if use_previous_speed:
                cleaned_df['speed_prev'] = cleaned_df['speed_mps'].shift(1)
                cleaned df = cleaned df.dropna(subset=['speed prev'])
            # cube root power metrics
            cleaned_df['ave_power'] = np.cbrt(cleaned_df['ave_power'])
            cleaned_df['power_var'] = np.cbrt(cleaned_df['power_var'])
            cleaned_df['ave_work'] = np.cbrt(cleaned_df['ave_work'])
            cleaned df['work var'] = np.cbrt(cleaned df['work var'])
            df = cleaned_df
            # number data points
            print (f'Number of data points: {len(df)}')
            return df
        df1 = process df(paths[0])
        df2 = process_df(paths[1])
        df = pd.concat([df1, df2])
        # sanity check on distance per stroke not being a feature b/c speed = distance/stroke
        feature_cols = [
            col for col in df.columns if col not in ['crew_stroke_number', 'speed_mps', 'dist
        target_col = 'speed_mps'
       Number of data points: 570
       Number of data points: 487
In [ ]: df_train = df.sample(frac=split)
        df_test = df.drop(df_train.index)
        X_train = df_train[feature_cols].values
        y_train = (df_train[target_col] - w0).values.reshape(-1, 1)
        X_test = df_test[feature_cols].values
        y_test = df_test[target_col].values.reshape(-1, 1)
        #standardize the data
        scaler = StandardScaler()
        X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
        X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
        X_train_tensor = torch.FloatTensor(X_train_scaled)
        y_train_tensor = torch.FloatTensor(y_train)
        X_test_tensor = torch.FloatTensor(X_test_scaled)
        y_test_tensor = torch.FloatTensor(y_test)
        train_dataset = TensorDataset(X_train_tensor, y_train_tensor)
        train_loader = DataLoader(dataset=train_dataset, batch_size=16, shuffle=True)
        class RegressionNN(nn.Module):
            def __init__(self, input_dim):
                super(RegressionNN, self).__init__()
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self.layer1 = nn.Linear(input_dim, 64)
        self.layer2 = nn.Linear(64, 32)
        self.layer3 = nn.Linear(32, 16)
        self.layer4 = nn.Linear(16, 1)
        self.relu = nn.ReLU()
        self.dropout = nn.Dropout(0.2)
    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.dropout(self.relu(self.layer1(x)))
        x = self.dropout(self.relu(self.layer2(x)))
        x = self.dropout(self.relu(self.layer3(x)))
        x = self.layer4(x)
        return x
input dim = X train scaled.shape[1]
model = RegressionNN(input_dim)
loss_func = nn.MSELoss()
optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate, weight_decay=decay)
loss history = []
model.train()
for epoch in range(num_epochs):
    epoch loss = 0.0
    for X_batch, y_batch in train_loader:
        # Forward pass
        outputs = model(X batch)
        loss = loss_func(outputs, y_batch)
        # Backward and optimize
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        epoch_loss += loss.item()
    avg_loss = epoch_loss / len(train_loader)
    loss_history.append(avg_loss)
    # Print progress every 50 epochs
    if (epoch+1) % 50 == 0:
        print(f'Epoch [{epoch+1}/{num_epochs}], Loss: {avg_loss:.4f}')
model.eval()
with torch.no_grad():
    y_pred_tensor = model(X_test_tensor)
    y_pred = y_pred_tensor.numpy() + w0
    y_true = y_test
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
plt.plot(loss_history)
plt.title('Training Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('MSE Loss')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
y_true_vals = y_true.flatten()
y_pred_vals = y_pred.flatten()
mse = mean_squared_error(y_true_vals, y_pred_vals)
r2 = r2_score(y_true_vals, y_pred_vals)
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
plt.scatter(y_true_vals, y_pred_vals)
min_val = min(y_true_vals.min(), y_pred_vals.min())
max_val = max(y_true_vals.max(), y_pred_vals.max())
plt.plot([min_val, max_val], [min_val, max_val])
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plt.xlabel('True speed (m/s)')
 plt.ylabel('Predicted speed (m/s)')
 plt.title('Predicted vs True Speed')
 plt.tight_layout()
 plt.show()
 print(f'Number of data points: {len(df)}')
 print(f'MSE: {mse:.4f}')
 print(f'R2 score: {r2:.4f}')
 # Calculate mean average percent error
 pct_errors = (y_pred_vals - y_true_vals) / y_true_vals * 100
 mape = np.mean(np.abs(pct errors))
 print(f"MAPE: {mape:.2f}%")
 # Calculate 500m split time error
 time_true = 500.0 / y_true_vals
 time_pred = 500.0 / y_pred_vals
 time_err = time_pred - time_true
 mean abs time = np.mean(np.abs(time err))
 print(f"Split error over 500 m: {mean abs time:.2f} s")
Epoch [50/2000], Loss: 0.0033
Epoch [100/2000], Loss: 0.0027
Epoch [150/2000], Loss: 0.0022
Epoch [200/2000], Loss: 0.0019
Epoch [250/2000], Loss: 0.0019
Epoch [300/2000], Loss: 0.0015
Epoch [350/2000], Loss: 0.0016
Epoch [400/2000], Loss: 0.0015
Epoch [450/2000], Loss: 0.0015
Epoch [500/2000], Loss: 0.0013
Epoch [550/2000], Loss: 0.0012
Epoch [600/2000], Loss: 0.0012
Epoch [650/2000], Loss: 0.0013
Epoch [700/2000], Loss: 0.0012
Epoch [750/2000], Loss: 0.0012
Epoch [800/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [850/2000], Loss: 0.0012
Epoch [900/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [950/2000], Loss: 0.0013
Epoch [1000/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1050/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1100/2000], Loss: 0.0012
Epoch [1150/2000], Loss: 0.0012
Epoch [1200/2000], Loss: 0.0010
Epoch [1250/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1300/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1350/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1400/2000], Loss: 0.0010
Epoch [1450/2000], Loss: 0.0010
Epoch [1500/2000], Loss: 0.0009
Epoch [1550/2000], Loss: 0.0010
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Epoch [1600/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1650/2000], Loss: 0.0010
Epoch [1700/2000], Loss: 0.0010
Epoch [1750/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1800/2000], Loss: 0.0001
Epoch [1850/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1900/2000], Loss: 0.0011
Epoch [1950/2000], Loss: 0.0010
Epoch [2000/2000], Loss: 0.0009





Number of data points: 1057

MSE: 0.0020 R2 score: 0.7077 MAPE: 0.68%

Split error over 500 m: 0.66 s