La richesse produite par les esclaves et les métèques

There are three main factors that contributed to the Athenian prosperity: the developments of their agricultural and hand-made productions, their flourishing commerce and their domination of an alliance of several other Greek city states against the Persians.

The Athenian society received a good part of its wealth from the goods produced by slaves and immigrants. Slaves were the foundation of the Athenian economy, as they were the workers for all other classes. Meanwhile, most immigrants were practicing trades. For an example, they made jewelry (bijoux), weapons (armes), tools, statues and ships (navires). The immigrants also often worked as traders. Sometimes, this would lead them to become richer than even the richest of Athenian citizens.

A quarter of all Athenians were working exclusively in the pottery industry. Any surplus of goods was exported. This was especially true for weapons.

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| Trois facteurs contribuent à la prospérité athénienne | Le développement de ses productions agricole et artisanale  Son commerce florissant  Sa domination d’une alliance de plusieurs cités grecques contre les Perses. |
| D’où vient un bon parti du richesse Athénien? | Les biens produits par les esclaves et métèques |
| La base de l’économie Athénien | Les esclaves |
| Les activités principales des métèques | Les métiers artisanaux et parfois la commerce |
| Productions des métèques | Bijoux, armes, outils, statues et navires |
| L’occupation d’un quartier des Athéniens | Potiers |
| Ce qu’ils faisaient avec un surplus des biens | Ils l’exportaient |