

Computer Science NEA 2025

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1 Analysis

1.1 Identification of Problem

Often times during research it is important and very helpful to be able to visualise the events that are being analysed. When working with models in two dimensions, it is easy enough to be able to draw out an accurate diagram, even if it may be tedious. However, 2D models are nowhere near as applicable or useful as considering events in three dimensions, stemming from the fact that the world we live in is three-dimensional. Something that would aid intuition and help in problem-solving would be a way to have events modelled quickly, accurately, and clearly, given a set of initial conditions.

1.2 Identification of why this problem is solvable by computational methods

The key requirements stated above (accuracy, haste, and clarity) lend themselves very well to using computational methods. Computers are able to make calculations orders of magnitude faster than by hand or by analogue machine, and to a virtually arbitrary degree of accuracy. Many modern central processing units (CPUs) are also able capable of making use of concurrent processing, further increasing the advantage that a computer would have over a human. Graphical processing units (GPUs) are specifically designed for parallel processing, making them especially useful for graphics, which would allow for high quality renders for the user to be able to see. Any data that you would need to consider can be displayed in a clear and user-friendly fashion, making it highly customisable to fit the individual persons needs and for many attributes to be studied at the same time.

1.3 Description of the Current System

1.4 Stakeholders

1.5 Identification of User Needs and Acceptable Limitations

1.6 Existing Solutions

1.7 Success Criteria of the Proposed System

1.8 Data Source(s)

1.9 Volumetrics - Data Volumes

1.10 Analysis Data Dictionary

1.11 Data Flow Diagrams for Existing and Proposed System

1.12 Justification of Chosen Solution

1.13 Hardware and Software

1.14 Entity-Relationship Models

1.15 Identification of Objects and Object Analysis Diagrams

2 Design

2.1 Overall System Design

2.2 Description of Modular Structure of System

2.3 Definition of Data Requirements

2.4 Identification of Appropriate Storage Media

2.5 Identification of Processes and Suitable Algorithms for Data Transformation and Completion of the Solution

2.6 Sample of Algorithms

2.7 User Interface Design Rationale and Usability Features

2.8 Security and Integrity of Data

2.9 System Security (Access Control)

2.10 Overall Test Strategy

3 Implementation

3.1 Annotated Listing of the Program(s)

3.2 Annotated "Design Views" showing details of application-generated forms, reports, queries, buttons, cross tabulations, etc.

3.3 Procedure and Variable List

3.4 Testing to inform development - Testing at each stage

3.5 Re-Testing

4 Testing

4.1 Test Plan

4.2 Test Data

4.3 Areas to Test