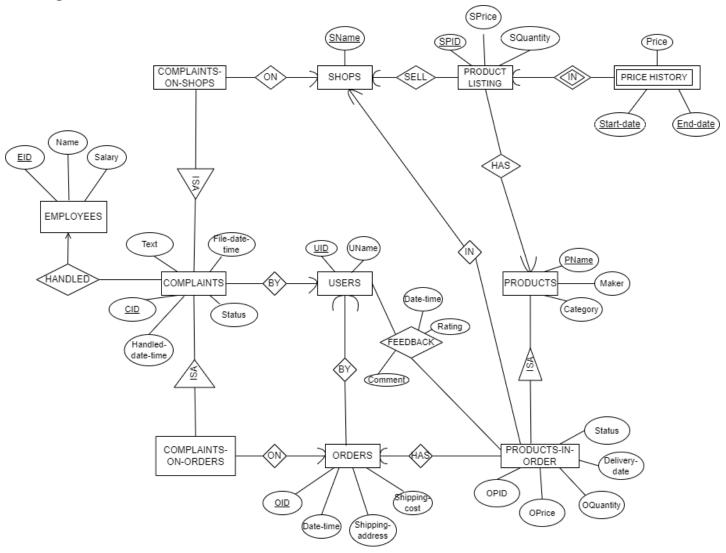
ER Diagram



Database Schema

Entity Set -> Relation

1) Employees (EID, Name, Salary)

Keys: EID

Primary Key: EID

Functional Dependencies:

- 1) EID -> Name
- 2) EID -> Salary

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

2) Shops (SName)

Keys: SName

Primary Key: SName

Functional Dependencies:

None

The relation is in 3NF as there is no non-trivial FDs

3) Orders (OID, Date-time, Shipping-address, Shipping-cost, UID)

Keys: OID

Primary Key: OID

Functional Dependencies:

- 1) OID -> Date-time
- 2) OID -> Shipping-address
- 3) OID -> UID
- 4) OID -> Total shipping Cost

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

4) Users (<u>UID</u>, Uname)

Keys: UID

Primary Key: UID

Functional Dependencies:

1) UID -> UName

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

Many-to-Many Relationship -> Relation

1) Feedback (<u>UID, PName</u>, Comment, Date-Time, Rating)

Keys: {UID, PName}

Primary Key: {UID, PName} Functional Dependencies:

- 1) UID, Pname, Date-Time-> Rating
- 2) UID, Pname, Date-Time-> Comment

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

Weak Entity Set -> Relation

1) Price History (SPID, Start-Date, End-Date, Price)

Keys: {SPID, Start-Date, End-Date}

Primary Key: {SPID, Start-Date, End-Date}

Functional Dependencies:

1) SPID, Start-Date, End-Date -> Price

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

Subclass / Superclass -> Relation (ER approach)

1) Products (<u>PName</u>, Maker, Category)

Keys: PName

Primary Key: PName

Functional Dependencies:

- 1) PName -> Maker
- 2) PName -> Category

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

2) Product Listing (SPID, SPrice, SQuantity, Pname, Sname)

Keys: SPID

Primary Key: SPID

Functional Dependencies:

- 1) SPID -> SPrice
- 2) SPID -> SQuantity
- 3) SPID -> SName
- 4) SPID -> PName

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

3) Products in orders (<u>Pname</u>, OPID, OPrice, OQuantity, Delivery-date, Status, SName, OID)

Keys: PName

Primary Key: PName

Functional Dependencies:

- 1) PName, OID, SName -> OPID
- 2) OPID -> OPrice
- 3) OPID -> OQuantity
- 4) OPID -> Delivery-date
- 5) OPID -> Status

The relation is not in 3NF as non-trivial 2),3),4),5) FDs do not contain a key in LHS. The keys also do not contain all attributes in RHS of 2),3),4),5) FDs.

Step 1a: Create minimal basis - All RHS has to have only one attribute

- 1) PName, OID, SName -> OPID
- 2) OPID -> OPrice
- 3) OPID -> OQuantity
- 4) OPID -> Delivery-date
- 5) OPID -> Status

Step 1b: Create minimal basis - Remove redundant FDs

- 1) PName, OID, SName -> OPID
- 2) OPID -> OPrice
- 3) OPID -> OQuantity
- 4) OPID -> Delivery-date
- 5) OPID -> Status

No FDs are redundant based on closure of {PName, OID, Sname}+ and {OPID}+.

Step 1c: Create minimal basis - Remove redundant attribute in LHS of each FDs

- 1) PName, OID, SName -> OPID
- 2) OPID -> OPrice
- 3) OPID -> OQuantity
- 4) OPID -> Delivery-date
- 5) OPID -> Status

Checking first FD: Pname, OID, and Sname are not redundant based on closure of {Pname}+, {OID}+, {Sname}+.

Step 2: Combine FDs that have the same LHS

- 1) PName, OID, SName -> OPID,
- 2) OPID -> OPrice, OQuantity, Delivery-date, Status

Step 3: Create tables for each remaining FDs

R1(PName, OID, SName,OPID)
R2(OPID, OPrice, OQuantity, Delivery-date, Status)

Step 4: If none of the tables contain a key of the original table R, create a table that contains a key of R

R1(PName, OID, SName,OPID)
R2(OPID, OPrice, OQuantity, Delivery-date, Status)

R1 contains a key of original table: Pname

Step 5: Remove redundant tables

R1(PName, OID, SName, OPID)
R2(OPID, OPrice, OQuantity, Delivery-date, Status)

The new decomposed table R1,R2 is now in 3NF.

4) Complaints (CID, Filed-date-time, Text, Status, Handled-date-time, EID, UID)

Keys: CID

Primary Key: CID

Functional Dependencies:

- 1) CID -> Filed-date-time
- 2) CID -> Text
- 3) CID -> Status
- 4) CID -> employeeID
- 5) CID -> Handled-date-time
- 6) CID -> UID

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

5) Complaints on shops (CID, Sname)

Keys: CID

Primary Key: CID

Functional Dependencies:

1) CID -> SName

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

6) Complaints on orders (CID, OID)

Keys: CID

Primary Key: CID

Functional Dependencies:

1) CID -> OID

The relation is in 3NF as all non-trivial FDs contain a key in LHS.

APPENDIX C: INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTION FORM

Name	Individual Contribution to Submission 1 (Lab 1)	Percentage of Contribution	Signature
Nathanael Axel Wibisono	ER Diagram & Written Discussion	16.67%	Axel
Wang Qianteng	ER Diagram & Written Discussion	16.67%	Qianteng
Shreya Ramasubramanian	ER Diagram & Written Discussion	16.67%	Shreya
Tan Ye Quan	ER Diagram & Written Discussion	16.67%	Ye Quan
Bansal Arushi	ER Diagram & Written Discussion	16.67%	Arushi
Wang Dian	ER Diagram & Written Discussion	16.67%	wd

Name	Individual Contribution to Submission 2 (Lab 3)	Percentage of Contribution	Signature
Nathanael Axel Wibisono	ER Diagram & Database Schema	16.67%	Axel
Wang Qianteng	ER Diagram & Database Schema	16.67%	Qianteng
Shreya Ramasubramanian	ER Diagram & Database Schema	16.67%	Shreya
Tan Ye Quan	ER Diagram & Database Schema	16.67%	Ye Quan
Bansal Arushi	ER Diagram & Database Schema	16.67%	Arushi
Wang Dian	ER Diagram & Database Schema	16.67%	wd

Name	Individual Contribution to Submission 3 (Lab 5)	Percentage of Contribution	Signature