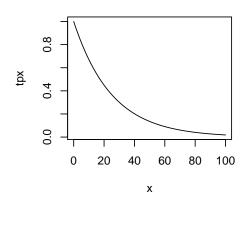
1 Survival Models

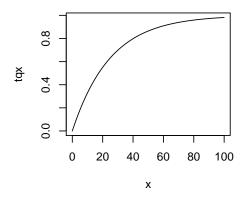
By overriding the force of mortality and global parameters, we can use makehams to implement a variety of survival models. For instance, it is possible to use a constant force of mortality, μ or a uniform pdf for T(x).

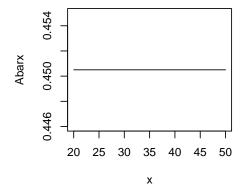
1.1 Constant force of mortality

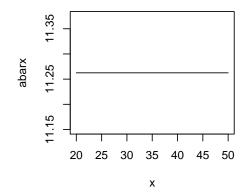
For CFM, use the cfm function

```
> library(makehams)
> cfm()
> tpx(5,20)
[1] 0.8187308
> Ax(20, c=1)
[1] 0.4505003
> annx(20, c=1)
[1] 11.26251
> Ax(x=21,c=1) - annx(x=21,c=1)*Ax(x=20,c=1)/annx(x=20,c=1)
[1] 1.110223e-16
> thV(t=0,h=1,s=0.05)
[1] 3.235954
> par(mfrow=c(2,2))
> plot(tpx, 0, 100)
> plot(tqx, 0, 100)
> plot(function(x)
    sapply(x, function(s) Ax(s,c=1)), 20, 50, ylab="Abarx", xlab="x")
> plot(function(x)
    sapply(x, function(s) annx(s,c=1)), 20, 50, ylab="abarx", xlab="x")
```









1.2 De Moivre's Law

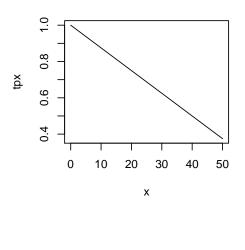
For De Moivre's Law, we can use the demoivres function

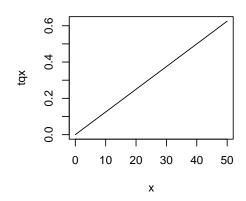
- > demoivres()
- > tpx(5,20)
- [1] 0.9375
- > Ax(x=20,c=1)
- [1] 0.2510299
- > annx(x=20,c=1)
- [1] 15.35084
- > Ax(x=21,c=1) annx(x=21,c=1)*Ax(x=20,c=1)/annx(x=20,c=1)
- [1] 0.003893153

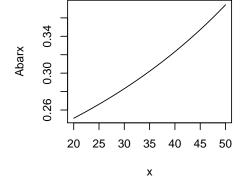
> thV(t=0,h=1,s=0.05)

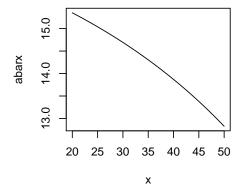
[1] 3.221968

- > par(mfrow=c(2,2))
- > plot(tpx, 0, 50)
- > plot(tqx, 0, 50)
- > plot(function(x)
- + sapply(x, function(s) Ax(s,c=1)), 20, 50, ylab="Abarx", xlab="x")
- > plot(function(x)
- + sapply(x, function(s) annx(s,c=1)), 20, 50, ylab="abarx", xlab="x")









1.3 Makeham's Law

For Makeham's Law, we can use the makehams function

- > makehams()
- > tpx(5,20)

```
[1] 0.9987601
> Ax(x=20,c=1)
[1] 0.05043333
> annx(x=20,c=1)
[1] 19.46226
> Ax(x=21,c=1) - annx(x=21,c=1)*Ax(x=20,c=1)/annx(x=20,c=1)
[1] 0.002400081
 > thV(t=0,h=1,s=0.05) 
[1] 3.215593
> par(mfrow=c(2,2))
> plot(tpx, 0, 50)
> plot(tqx, 0, 50)
> plot(function(x)
   sapply(x, function(s) Ax(s,c=1)), 20, 50, ylab="Abarx", xlab="x")
> plot(function(x)
+ sapply(x, function(s) annx(s,c=1)), 20, 50, ylab="abarx", xlab="x")
```

