## 1 Neural network language model

1. Equation

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{h1}(\mathbf{x}, \theta_1, \theta_2, b_1) = \sigma(\theta_1 x 1 + \theta_2 x 2 + b_1) \\ & h2(x, \theta_3, \theta_4, b_2) = \sigma(\theta_3 x 1 + \theta_4 x 2 + b_2) \\ & f(x, \theta, b, w_1, w_2, c) = \sigma(w_1 h1(x, \theta, b1) + w_2 h2(x, \theta, b2) + c) \end{aligned}$$

2. Dimensionality

	input	weight
Dimensionsality	n(n neurons)	$  \mathbf{n} \times   v   (vocabulary)$

## 2 Sanity Check

1. Hyper-parameters

	Epoch=1	Epoch=1000	Epoch=500	Epoch=400
Learning Rate $= 0.01$	Fail	Pass	Pass	Pass
Learning Rate = $0.001$	Fail	Pass	Pass	Fail
Learning Rate $= 0.0001$	Fail	Fail	Fail	Fail

2. Q: Why "Start the mathematician instead of "Start the physicist"?

A: Because the probability of mathematician is bigger

	mathematician	physicist
Probability	tensor(-0.5306)	tensor(-1.6375)

## 3 Test

1. Hyper-parameters : see sanity check above The Learning Rate was set to 0.001 and Epoch was set to 500

2. Q : Discuss whether this would be possible with the bigram ML model from lab 2.

A : I think it is possible to use bigram because we can still count the similarity between each other words. However, the correctness of the result might be lower than trigram.

3. Embeddings similarity with mathematician

	philosopher	physicist
Similarity	tensor([0.3577]	tensor([0.1659]