Sortant Note: i. On completing your answers, computering draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.	2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.
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USN

10MAT/PM/TL/MA31

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, December 2011 Engineering Mathematics – III

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

2. Missing data will be suitably assumed.

PART - A

1 a. Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi x &: 0 \le x \le 1 \\ \pi(2-x) &: 1 \le x \le 2 \end{cases}$ and deduce that

$$\frac{\pi^2}{8} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2}$$

(07 Marks)

b. Obtain the half range Fourier sine series for the function. (07 Marks)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1/4 - x ; & 0 < x < 1/2 \\ x - 3/4 ; & 1/2 < x < 1 \end{cases}$$

c. Compute the constant term and the first two harmonies in the Fourier series of f(x) given by the following table. (06 Marks)

2 a. Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) =\begin{cases} 1-x^2 & \text{for } |x| \le 1 \\ 0, & \text{for } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ and hence evaluate

$$\int_{0}^{x} \left(\frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^{3}} \right) \cos \frac{x}{2} dx.$$

(07 Marks)

- b. Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve the integral equation $\int_0^{\pi} f(\theta) \cos \alpha \theta d\theta = \begin{cases} 1-\alpha & ; & 0 \le \alpha \le 1 \\ 0 & ; & \alpha > 1 \end{cases}$. Hence evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 t}{t^2} dt$. (06 Marks)
- 3 a. Solve two dimensional Laplace equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$, by the method of separation of variables. (07 Marks)
 - b. Solve the one dimensional heat equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{c^2 \partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, $0 < x < \pi$ under the conditions:
 - i) $u(0,+) = 0, u(\pi, t) = 0$
- ii) $u(x, 0) = u_0 \sin x$ where $u_0 = \text{constant} \neq 0$. (07 Marks)
- c. Obtain the D' Alembert's solution of one dimensional wave equation. (06 Marks)
- 4 a. Fit a curve of the form y = aebx to the following data:

(07 Marks)

- x : 77 100 185 239 285 y : 2.4 3.4 7.0 11.1 19.6
- b. Using graphical method solve the L.P.P minimize $z = 20x_1 + 10x_2$ subject to the constraints $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 40$; $3x_1 + x_2 \ge 0$; $4x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 60$; $x_1 \ge 0$; $x_2 \ge 0$. (06 Marks)
- c. Solve the following L.P.P maximize $z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3$, subject to the constraints $x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3 \le 19$, $3x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 \le 25$, $x_1 \ge 0$, $x_2 \ge 0$, $x_3 \ge 0$ using simplex method. (07 Marks)

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PART - B

- Using the Regula falsi method, find the root of the equation xe^x = cosx that lies between 0.4 and 0.6. Carry out four iterations.
 (07 Marks)
 - b. Using relaxation method solve the equations:

10x - 2y - 3z = 205; -2x + 10y - 2z = 154; -2x - y + 10z = 120. (07 Marks)

c. Using the Rayleigh's power method, find the dominant eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector of the matrix. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ starting with the initial vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1,1,1 \end{bmatrix}^T$.

(06 Marks)

6 a. From the following table, estimate the number of students who have obtained the marks between 40 and 45:

(07 Marks)

Marks : 30 - 40 40 - 50 50 - 60 60 - 70 70 80 Number of students : 31 42 51 35 31

b. Using Lagrange's formula, find the interpolating polynomial that approximate the function described by the following table: (07 Marks)

x : 0 1 2 5 f(x): 2 3 12 147 Hence find f(3)

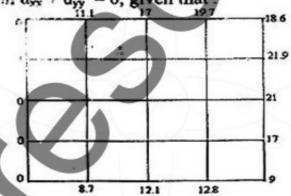
c. A curve is drawn to pass through the points given by the following table :

x: 1 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 4 y: 2 2.4 2.7 2.8 3 2.6 2.1

Using Weddle's rule, estimate the area bounded by the curve, the x - axis and the lines x = 1, x = 4. (06 Marks)

7 a. Solve the Laplace's equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$, given that:

(07 Marks)



- b. Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to u(0, t) = 0; u(4, t) = 0; u(x, 0) = x (4 x). Take h = 1, k = 0.5.
- c. Solve the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the conditions $u(x, 0) = \sin \pi x$, $0 \le x \le 1$; u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0 using Schmidt's method. Carry out computations for two levels, taking h 1/3, k = 1/36.
- 8 a. Find the Z transform of : i) $(2n-1)^2$ ii) $\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2} + \pi/4\right)$ (07 Marks)
 - b. Obtain the inverse Z transform of $\frac{4z^2-2z}{z^3-5z^2+8z-4}$. (07 Marks)
 - c. Solve the difference equation $y_{n+2} + 6y_{n+1} + 9y_n = 2n$ with $y_0 = y_1 = 0$ using Z transforms. (06 Marks)

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