

15MAT31

**Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018**

**Engineering Mathematics – III**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

**Note:** Answer FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

**Module-1**

- 1 a. Express  $f(x) = (\pi - x)^2$  as a Fourier series of period  $2\pi$  in the interval  $0 < x < 2\pi$ . Hence deduce the sum of the series  $1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots$  (08 Marks)
- b. The turning moment  $T$  units of the Crank shaft of a steam engine is a series of values of the crank angle  $\theta$  in degrees. Find the first four terms in a series of sines to represent  $T$ . Also calculate  $T$  when  $\theta = 75^\circ$ . (08 Marks)

$\theta$ :	$0^\circ$	$30^\circ$	$60^\circ$	$90^\circ$	$120^\circ$	$150^\circ$	$180^\circ$
$T$ :	0	5224	8097	7850	5499	2626	0

OR

- 2 a. Find the Fourier Series expansion of the periodic function,  

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} l + x, & -l \leq x \leq 0 \\ l - x, & 0 \leq x \leq l \end{cases}$$
 (06 Marks)
- b. Obtain a half-range cosine series for  $f(x) = x^2$  in  $(0, \pi)$ . (05 Marks)
- c. The following table gives the variations of periodic current over a period:

$t$ sec:	0	$\frac{T}{6}$	$\frac{T}{3}$	$\frac{T}{2}$	$\frac{2T}{3}$	$\frac{5T}{6}$
A amp:	1.98	1.30	1.05	1.30	-0.88	-0.25

Show that there is a direct current part 0.75 amp in the variable current and obtain the amplitude of the first harmonic. (05 Marks)

**Module-2**

- 3 a. Find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } |x| < 1 \\ 0 & \text{for } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$  and evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \left( \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) dx$  (06 Marks)
- b. Find the Fourier cosine transform of,  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{for } 0 < x < 1 \\ 2 - x & \text{for } 1 < x < 2 \\ 0 & \text{for } x > 2 \end{cases}$  (05 Marks)
- c. Obtain the inverse Z-transform of the following function,  $\frac{z}{(z-2)(z-3)}$ . (05 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Find the Z-transform of  $\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2} + \alpha\right)$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Solve  $u_{n+2} - 5u_{n+1} + 6u_n = 36$  with  $u_0 = u_1 = 0$ , using Z-transforms. (05 Marks)
- c. If Fourier sine transform of  $f(x)$  is  $\frac{e^{-\alpha x}}{\alpha}$ ,  $\alpha \neq 0$ . Find  $f(x)$  and hence obtain the inverse Fourier sine transform of  $\frac{1}{\alpha}$ . (05 Marks)

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**Module-3**

- 5 a. Calculate the Karl Pearson's co-efficient for the following ages of husbands and wives: (06 Marks)

Husband's age x:	23	27	28	28	29	30	31	33	35	36
Wife's age y:	18	20	22	27	21	29	27	29	28	29

- b. By the method of least square, find the parabola  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  that best fits the following data: (05 Marks)

x:	10	12	15	23	20
y:	14	17	23	25	21

- c. Using Newton-Raphson method, find the real root that lies near  $x = 4.5$  of the equation  $\tan x = x$  correct to four decimal places. (Here  $x$  is in radians). (05 Marks)

**OR**

- 6 a. In a partially destroyed laboratory record, only the lines of regression of  $y$  on  $x$  and  $x$  on  $y$  are available as  $4x - 5y + 33 = 0$  and  $20x - 9y - 107$  respectively. Calculate  $\bar{x}$ ,  $\bar{y}$  and the coefficient of correlation between  $x$  and  $y$ . (06 Marks)

- b. Find the curve of best fit of the type  $y = ae^{bx}$  to the following data by the method of least squares: (05 Marks)

x:	1	5	7	9	12
y:	10	15	12	15	21

- c. Find the real root of the equation  $xe^x - 3 = 0$  by Regula Falsi method, correct to three decimal places. (05 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. From the following table of half-yearly premium for policies maturing at different ages, estimate the premium for policies maturing at age of 46: (06 Marks)

Age:	45	50	55	60	65
Premium (in Rupees):	114.84	96.16	83.32	74.48	68.48

- b. Using Newton's divided difference interpolation, find the polynomial of the given data: (05 Marks)

x	3	7	9	10
f(x)	168	120	72	63

- c. Using Simpson's  $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$  rule to find  $\int_0^1 e^{x^2} dx$  by taking seven ordinates. (05 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. Find the number of men getting wages below ₹ 35 from the following data: (06 Marks)

Wages in ₹ :	0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40
Frequency :	9	30	35	42

- b. Find the polynomial  $f(x)$  by using Lagrange's formula from the following data: (05 Marks)

x:	0	1	2	5
f(x):	2	3	12	147

- c. Compute the value of  $\int_{0.2}^{1.4} (\sin x - \log_e x + e^x) dx$  using Simpson's  $\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)$  rule. (05 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. A vector field is given by  $\vec{F} = \sin y \hat{i} + x(1 + \cos y)\hat{j}$ . Evaluate the line integral over a circular path given by  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ ,  $z = 0$ . (06 Marks)
- b. If  $C$  is a simple closed curve in the  $xy$ -plane not enclosing the origin. Show that  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{R} = 0$ , where  $\vec{F} = \frac{y\hat{i} - x\hat{j}}{x^2 + y^2}$ . (05 Marks)
- c. Derive Euler's equation in the standard form viz.,  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} - \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y'} \right] = 0$ . (05 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{R}$  where  $\vec{F} = (2x - y)\hat{i} - yz^2\hat{j} - y^2z\hat{k}$  over the upper half surface of  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ , bounded by its projection on the  $xy$ -plane. (06 Marks)
- b. Show that the geodesics on a plane are straight lines. (05 Marks)
- c. Find the curves on which the functional  $\int_0^1 ((y')^2 + 12xy) dx$  with  $y(0) = 0$  and  $y(1) = 1$  can be extremized. (05 Marks)

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