Aggregation of Objects

In this program you will implement an Item class and a Shopping cart class and use them in a simple simulation.

- Put both classes in one file called A2.py
- You must name classes, files and methods exactly as described below for your code to be compatible with the simulation code and my test code.

PART 1 (25 points)

1. Item Class (20 pts)

Create a class Item to represent items that can be stored in a shopping cart.

- a) The attributes of the class (self) should be
 - name: stores the name of the item
 - price: stores the price for a single quantity of this item
 - quantity: stores the quantity of this item purchased
- b) (2 pts) Add a constructor that takes name, price and quantity as arguments and sets the attributes of self to the given values.
- c) Your class should have the following methods:
- i. (3 pts) updateQuantity (amt): increase this object's quantity by the given amt
- ii. (3 pts) gettotal(): return the total price of this item (price * quantity)
- iii. (3 pts)__str__(): return a string with the item's name, quantity, and price. For example: "apple quantity:4, price per item:1"
- iv. (2 pts) __eq_ (other): return true if this item has the same name as the other item given as argument and false otherwise
- v. (2 pts) __gt__ (other): returns true if this item has a price greater than the other item given as an argument and false otherwise
- 2. (5 points) Testing Item: Add a main method to A2.py with code for testing all methods of the Item class. Next to each test write your expected results as a comment. (Test cases without expected results receive 0 credit)
 - Be sure **not** to call magic methods directly by name. For example use print to test the
 __str__ method, use == to test __eq__ , etc.
- 3. (5 points) Comment each method you wrote in part 1c using the format:

#Purpose:

#Input:

#Output